THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WHOLE NO. 13,096. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 29, 1872.—WITH SUPPLEMENT. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

DIRECTORY FOR ADVERTISERS.

AMUSEMENTS—Second Page—Fifth and sixth columns.
BILLIARDS—Second Page—Sixth column.
BOARDERS WANTED—Second Page—First column.
BOARD AND LODGING WANTED—Second Page—First column.
BROOKLYN BOARD—Second Page—First column.
BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—Seventh Page—Fifth column.
BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES—Second Page—Fifth column.
BUSINESS NOTICES—Fifth Page—Sixth column.
CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—Seventh Page—Fifth column.
CLERKS AND SALESMEN—Seventh Page—Second column.
CLOTHING—Seventh Page—Sixth column.
COACHMEN AND GARDENERS—Seventh Page—Second and third columns.
COASTWISE STEAMSHIPS—First Page—Fifth and sixth columns.
COPARTNERSHIPS—Second Page—Fifth column.
COUNTRY BOARD—Second Page—First and second columns.
DENTISTRY—Second Page—Fourth column.
DRY GOODS—First Page—Sixth column.
DWELLING HOUSES TO LET, FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED—Second Page—Third column.
EUROPEAN STEAMSHIPS—First Page—Fifth column.
EUROPE—First Page—Fourth column.
EYES AND EARS—Seventh Page—Sixth column.
EXCURSIONS—First Page—Sixth column.
FINANCIAL—Ninth Page—Fifth and Sixth columns.
FIREWORKS—Second Page—Fifth column.
FOR SALE—First Page—Fourth column.
FURNISHED ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—Second Page—Third column.
FURNITURE—Seventh Page—Sixth column.
FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS—Seventh Page—Third column.
HELP WANTED—FEMALES—Seventh Page—First and second columns.
HELP WANTED—MALES—Seventh Page—Third column.
HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.—First Page—Second and third columns.
HOTELS—Second Page—First column.
HOUSES, ROOMS, &C., WANTED—Seventh Page—Third column.
INSTRUCTION—First Page—Third column.
JERSEY CITY, HOBOKEN, HUDSON CITY AND BERGEN REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—Seventh Page—Fifth column.
LOAN OFFICES—Seventh Page—Sixth column.
LOST AND FOUND—First Page—First column.
MACHINERY—First Page—Fourth column.
MARBLE MANTELS—Seventh Page—Third column.
MEDICAL—Seventh Page—Third column.
MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING—First Page—Sixth column.
MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS—Tenth Page—Sixth column.
MISCELLANEOUS—Second Page—Fourth column.
MUSICAL—Second Page—Sixth column.
PERSONAL—First Page—First column.
PIANOFORTES—Second Page—Fifth column.
POLITICAL—Second Page—Sixth column.
POST OFFICE NOTICE—First Page—Third column.
PROPOSALS—Second Page—Fourth column.
PROPERTY OUT OF THE CITY FOR SALE OR TO RENT—Seventh Page—Fifth and sixth columns.
REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE—Seventh Page—Sixth column.
REAL ESTATE WANTED—Seventh Page—Sixth column.
RELIGIOUS NOTICES—First Page—Fourth column.
REWARDS—First Page—First column.
SALES AT AUCTION—Seventh Page—Fourth and fifth columns.
SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES—Seventh Page—First column.
SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES—Seventh Page—Second column.
SPECIAL NOTICES—First Page—First and second columns.
SPORTING—DOGS, BIRDS, &C.—First Page—Second column.
STORAGE—Seventh Page—Sixth column.
SUMMER RESORTS—Second Page—Second and third columns.
THE TRADES—Seventh Page—Third column.
THE TURF—First Page—Second column.
TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES—Second Page—Third column.
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE—First Page—Sixth column.
UNFURNISHED ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—Second Page—Third and fourth columns.
WANTED TO PURCHASE—First Page—Third column.
WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTY FOR SALE OR TO LET—Seventh Page—Fifth column.
YACHTS, STEAMBOATS, &C.—First Page—Third column.

HERALD BRANCH OFFICE—UPTOWN

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE NEW YORK HERALD RECEIVED AT THE BRANCH OFFICE,

1,265 BROADWAY,

WEST SIDE, BETWEEN THIRTY-FIRST AND THIRTY-SECOND STREETS.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FROM 8 A. M. TILL 9 P. M. ON WEEK DAYS (SUNDAYS 2 TILL 9 P. M.), AT OFFICE RATES. NO EXTRA CHARGE OF ANY KIND.

PERSONAL.

COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT.—BLUE BAND ROUND hat and neck, front row; pardon me, could not help admiring you.

DON CARLOS—SINCERELY REGRET YOUR ACCIDENT; thought of you continually, but thought you had ceased to love; let me know daily how you are. AZILE.

INFORMATION WANTED—OF PATRICK BRETT, WHO emigrated from Rockdale, England, about 24 years ago. Any information concerning him will be thankfully received by his sister, MARY BRETT, 149 West Nineteenth street.

INFORMATION WANTED—OF THE ADDRESS OF Mary Ann Mangan, by her friend ANN DUGAN, 259 West Thirty-first street, near Eighth avenue.

MRS. C. ABECCO—SEND YOUR ADDRESS AT ONCE to your friend. BIRMINGHAM.

N.—HAVE LEFT THE CITY; PLEASE EXPLAIN BY letter. Address, without name, box 603 Post office. G.

WILL THE "FAIR ONE WITH THE GOLDEN locks," who came down from Albany Tuesday night, sleeping car, send her address to CHARLES L. LEWIS, Herald office?

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY.—IF THIS should meet the eye of any members of the Rock family, formerly residents of Drogheda, Ireland, they will please address Mr. ARTHUR ROCK, box 163 Post office, Valparaiso, Chile.

LOST AND FOUND.

HORSE STOLEN.—$25 REWARD FOR THE REcovery of a dark brown Horse, 8 or 9 years old. He had, when stolen, a white sock on one hind ankle; has an interfering bruise on left hind ankle; scar on left knee; has a large neck, full breast, small head; stumbles frequently when trotting slowly; carries his head down when standing; makes pawing motions frequently without striking the ground; is about 15¼ hands high. Address THEODORE A. HOPPING, 268 Washington street, New York.

LOST—ON THURSDAY, JUNE 27, GOING FROM Astoria to Twenty-seventh street and Ninth avenue, via boat, Harlem and Fourth avenue car, a Hair Bracelet, gold clasps, with three pearls. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at 33 South William st.

LOST—ON FRIDAY, IN SIXTH AVENUE CAR, OR going from Vesey to Wall street, through Broadway, a package of Savings Bank Books, in name of Esther Mendel; payment stopped. A liberal reward will be paid for their return to MARX & CO., 14 Wall street.

LOST—IN CENTRAL PARK, ON SUNDAY, JUNE 23, a Pocketbook, containing papers of no value to any one but the owner. The finder will be liberally rewarded and receive the thanks of the owner by returning them to Mr. JAMES BUTLER, Third avenue, between Seventieth and Seventy-first streets.

LOST—AN OILSILK WALLET, CONTAINING A SUM of money. Suitable reward if returned to the owner, 359 East Thirty-first street.

REWARDS.

$10 REWARD.—LOST, A MONOGRAM, A. F., IN small diamonds. Return to office of the Everett House.

$10 REWARD.—LOST, ON THURSDAY EVENING, 27th inst., a small white Spitz Dog; about five months old; is shedding the hair off his legs; answers to the name of "Chipp." Any person returning him to Mrs. JOHNS, 610 Sixth avenue, will receive the above reward and no questions asked.

$500 REWARD AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED—For the return or recovery of the Chinese Silks and Embroideries taken from 814 Broadway on the night of June 24, 1872. A. A. VANTINE & CO.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

AT A MEETING OF THE MARBLE MANUFACturers' Association of New York and vicinity the following resolution was unanimously adopted:—

Resolved, That on and after Monday next the respective establishments of the members of this association shall be conducted on the ten-hour system, and in other respects as prior to May 25 ult.:—

Coleman & York,	Alvo, Fox & Watson,
James G. Batterson,	Bernard Foley,
Schumm & Dolesky,	Moskell & Meighan,
M. Eagen,	John Henry,
R. Goldberry,	F. Foley,
Maxwell & Dougherty,	Burden & Co.,
Brahm & Loderose,	A. & G. Saffer,
Fanchere, Williamson & Co.,	Ferney & Davanney,
P. H. Slattery,	Fisher & Bird,
S. Klaber & Co.,	O'Donnell & Atkinson,
M. J. Keveny,	Eagleson & DeVean,
W. Dunphy,	A. Frankfield,
F. McCoy,	E. G. Dunnahant & Co.,
Charles O'Connor,	John Slattery,
George Buess,	Bailey & Clark,
Kathan & Co.,	George Matthews,
Philip Schand,	John McKeenan,
D. & J. Sheehan,	Kelly & Livingston,
Bailey & Clark,	Hamilton & Crew,
Kelly & O'Leary,	Murphy & Smith,
C. & H. See,	John C. Boyle,
Adolph Kiuter,	Wm. Pattison,
C. & J. O'Neil,	John Matthews,
Wm. Hart,	Jos. M. Johnson,
J. N. Smith,	Philip F. Carey & Co.,
E. J. Godfrey & Son,	Kelly & Rogers,
Crawford Maxwell,	Augustus Taber & Bro.,
Terence Donahue,	Henry Parry,
Miller & Dempsey,	Jas. F. Galligan,
Edw. Dunnahant,	John Reilly,
George Stewart,	E. Deming.
Antonio Ghetti,	

A.—A.—PERSONS WHO ARE INSURED IN GOOD life insurance companies and who do not desire to surrender their policies by an absolute sale, can borrow the surrender value of their policies by applying at 37 Liberty street.

A.—HERALD BRANCH OFFICE, BROOKLYN, corner of Fulton avenue and Boerum street. Open from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

A.—ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY, PRICES REDUCED. J. B. MARTINEZ & CO., Bankers, 10 Wall street, box 4,685 Post office, New York.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF BOOTS, SHOES, Trunks and Valises at the Great Family Shoe Emporium, 3?0 Bowery, corner of Bond street, selling at 20 per cent below Broadway prices. W. D. BIGELOW, ROBERT IRWIN.

A.—OFFICIAL DRAWINGS KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERIES.

KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS NO. 407—JUNE 28, 1872.
28, 55, 73, 25, 26, 14, 34, 74, 6, 23, 8, 38, 41, 5.
KENTUCKY—CLASS NO. 408—JUNE 28, 1872.
50, 7, 51, 67, 52, 14, 77, 5, 39, 57, 3, 31, 43, 36.
PADUCAH—EXTRA CLASS NO. 307—JUNE 28, 1872.
29, 28, 43, 49, 77, 51, 31, 67, 21, 66, 20, 60.
PADUCAH—CLASS NO. 308—JUNE 28, 1872.
38, 72, 15, 30, 32, 36, 47, 12, 77, 53.
SIMMONS & CO., Managers, Covington, Ky.

J. CLUTE, Broker, 206 Broadway; Post office box 4,969.

A.—OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF ROYAL HAVANA and Kentucky State Lotteries always on file. J. CLUTE, Broker, 206 Broadway, 153 Fulton street, No. 2 Park row. Post office box 4,969.

BOOK STORE.—NEW AND SECOND HAND BOOKS to be bought and sold. 571 Hudson street.

HAVANA LOTTERY.—PRICES REDUCED. INFORmation furnished. Orders filled. S. SERPA, Broker, 68 Broadway and 17 New street.

HAVANA LOTTERY.—PRIZES CASHED. INFORMAtion furnished. Orders filled. SERPA & CO., 547 Fulton avenue, Brooklyn.

HAVANA AND KENTUCKY LOTTERY DRAWINGS on file. BATES & CO., Agents, 447 Broome street, second door west of Broadway.

HAVANA LOTTERY.—FULL OFFICIAL DRAWINGS received for June 8 by JOSEPH BATES, 196 Broadway, room 4.

NOTICE.—THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY INFORMED that, in accordance with a resolution adopted by the United Boss Barbers of the city of New York, the hours in our shops will be as follows:—Will close on secular days at 8 o'clock P. M. (except on Saturday, at 11 o'clock P. M. and on Sunday at 1 o'clock P. M). Will take effect on July 1. By order of Bosses' Protective Union No. 1. F. TOURELLE, Secretary.

NOTICE.—WE BEG TO INFORM OUR FRIENDS AND the public in general that we have established in New York a branch of our house. A. ROCHEREAU & CO.

New Orleans, June 1, 1872.

NOTICE.—THE CEREMONY OF LAYING THE CORner stone of Father Sheeran's church at Morristown, N. J., will take place to-morrow (Sunday), June 30, at half-past three P. M. Bishop Bayley will give confirmation at the High Mass of half-past ten in the morning. A special train will leave foot of Barclay street and of Christopher street at 9 o'clock Sunday morning; and the same train will return at 6 o'clock in the evening.

OFFICE OF THE MANHATTAN MARKET COMPANY, 346 and 248 Broadway, New York, June 15, 1872.

Notice.—The constant applications for STANDS in the MANHATTAN MARKET, Thirty-fourth street, North River, have induced the Company to open their books before the completion of the building. Consequently on and after Monday, July 1, stands will be LEASED for the term of five years, the occupants to have privilege and preference on renewal of lease at the end of the term. Leases will date from August 1, when it is expected the building will be ready for occupation.

Plans of the BUILDING AND STANDS, with prices affixed, can be examined at the office of the Company. PAUL J. ARMOUR, President.

ROYAL HAVANA AND KENTUCKY LOTTERY BROkers. JOS BATES & CO., 71 Broadway; Post office box 4,264.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY OF CUBA.—DRAWING of June 26, class 855 (by telegraph and steamer). The following numbers drew the five capital prizes:—

21,151	$100,000
2,770	50,000
11,226	25,000
18,689	10,000
2,235	5,000

TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, 16 Wall street.

$578,558 IS DRAWN DAILY IN THE LEGALized Kentucky State Lottery: $100,000 gold was drawn in Royal Havana Lottery of Cuba, June 8. Address BALEY & CO. (office established 30 years), 174 Broadway.

SPORTING—DOGS, BIRDS, &C.

A.—FOR SALE, ALL KINDS OF FANCY DOGS, Birds, &c. Medicines for all diseases; Prepared Food for mocking birds, at B. G. DOVEY'S, No. 3 Greene street, near Canal.

A DOUBLE GUN FROM $6 UPWARD; HEAVY patent breech Duck Guns, $12; Revolvers from $7 up; secondhand Guns and Pistols bought, sold or exchanged. GEORGE SMITH, 54 Chatham street.

AN IMPORTED NEWFOUNDLAND DOG FOR SALE—Probably the finest specimen in the country. The owner, about to leave for Europe, will dispose of him at a low figure. Apply at OREGON WILSON'S studio, 1,272 Broadway.

THE TURF.

LONG BRANCH RACES.

Races commence Saturday, June 29, and continue Tuesday, July 2, and July 3, 4, and 5.

To consist of heats, dashes, steeple chases and hurdles. Races commence at half-past one P. M. each day.

Harry Bassett and Longfellow run for the Monmouth Cup July 2. JOHN HOEY, President.

Wm. E. Raynor, Secretary.

LONG BRANCH RACES.
Paris Mutuel Pools.
Open at 71 East Thirteenth street, adjoining Wallack's Theatre.

Tickets will be sold every day on the principal races at Monmouth Park, including the Monmouth Cup, Jersey Derby, &c. Office open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and from 8 P. M. to 11 P. M. Tickets, $5 each, can be obtained at the above address.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

A.—MINER & STEVENS,
Carriage Manufacturers.

115 to 121 East Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue, having removed from 656 Broadway, are now offering at their warerooms and factory Carriages and light Wagons of every description, manufactured on the premises under their own supervision, and guarantee them not to be surpassed by any, in quality, style, finish or design.

Purchasers are invited to call and examine.

A.—NOTICE. NOTICE. NOTICE. NOTICE. Purchasers and dealers are invited to examine the immense stock of Carriages, consisting of all styles and grades of workmanship, in Repository, 636 and 638 Broadway, extending through to 166, 168 and 170 Crosby street, being the Largest Carriage Warerooms in the United States, and having the most general assortment, and all at reasonable prices.

Single and double Harness in great variety.

Several second hand and slightly soiled Carriages, taken in trade and left by parties having no further use for them.

Old Carriages taken in exchange.

MANUFACTURERS' UNION, office 638 Broadway.

ACKNOWLEDGED FACT. 58 LIBERTY STREET is the cheapest and most reliable place in the country to buy a good Pony Phaeton, top Wagon, light Rockaway, or light Harness in great variety. Sheets, Robes, Nets, Whips, Children's Carriages, &c. It will pay buyers to call on us. JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL, 58 Liberty street.

AUCTION SALE OF FOUR FINE HORSES—ON MONday, July 1, at 10 A. M., at 100 West Thirty-third street, near Broadway and Sixth avenue, the property in part of Colonel McDaniel, owner of Harry Bassett, who sells for want of use during the present racing season. They consist of family, saddle and fine, fast road horses, choicely selected and warranted.

Bright bay Gelding, 15¾ high, 6 years old; Kentucky bred; has trotted in 2:55; has all known saddle gaits; fine pole horse; a perfect family horse.

Coal black Gelding, sired by Caledonia Chief, 15¾ high, 6 years old; has a coat as fine as silk, and has trotted fast, although never trained.

Extra stylish dappled gray Gelding, 15¾ high; can trot any day in 3 minutes; only 7 years old this June; has great style and beauty.

Dark brown Pony, 13 high, 6 years old; fine, fast driver; good under saddle; family pet.

Look for full particulars and pedigree in Sunday's Herald. JOHN D. HAMLIN, Auctioneer.

AT BARKER & CHASE'S CITY AUCTION MART AND N. Y. TATTERSALLS, Corner of Broadway and Thirty-ninth street. MAJOR C. W. BARKER, AUCTIONEER. Regular sales of Horses, Carriages, &c., EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY. Twenty-four hours allowed for trial on every Horse sold under warrantee. A LARGE DRIVING RING in the Mart for showing Horses on sale.

CATALOGUE OF SALE THIS DAY, AT 12 O'CLOCK.

Elegant and extra desirable pair of dark bay Geldings, half brothers; are 16 high, 6 and 7 years old; extra stylish, prompt and capey drivers, and can trot 12 miles an hour with ease; fear no locomotive; can be driven by any one; are unequalled for family or road use, and are warranted sound and kind.

Gentleman's Park Establishment, consisting of a handsome and superior dapple gray Gelding, 15 high, 8 years old; a very prompt, free and pleasant driver; can trot close to three minutes; is a great roadster; no vices, fears nothing and is warranted sound and kind. Also Dog Cart, built by Wood Bros., Harness, &c.

The celebrated thoroughbred chestnut trotting stallion Bayard, sired by imported Tom Crib, dam May by John Bell; is 15¾ high, 11 years old; is a very game and stylish driver; can trot in 2:45; is afraid of nothing; is a sure foal getter and the sire of the trotting mare Vixen (record of 2:30), and is warranted sound and kind.

Bay Gelding, 15¾ high, 8 years old; good, free driver; afraid of nothing, stands without tying and warranted sound and kind. Also light Truck, Harness, &c.

Gray Gelding, 15¾ high, 9 years old; a fine, prompt driver, sharp roadster, extra family or business horse, and warranted sound and kind.

Elegant, highbred and fast chestnut roan Mare, sired by Kentucky Hunter, dam a Star mare; is 15¾ high, 8 years old; an extra stylish, game and easy driver; can trot in 2:40, and was never handled for speed; is a great all-day roadster, fears nothing, safe and reliable for a lady to drive, no tricks or faults, and warranted sound and kind; cost the present owner $1,500, who sells only on account of going to Europe.

Seven top and no top Road Wagons.

New and second hand Harness, Horse Clothing, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Halters, &c.

One elegant Basket Phaeton.

One top and one no top Pony Phaeton.

The celebrated bay trotting gelding Ben Lane, sired by Volunteer, is 15¾ high, 10 years old; an extra stylish, game and easy driver; has a record of 2:32¾ at Mystic Park, Boston; is afraid of nothing; great pole horse, and warranted kind and reliable, and sound except slightly sore forward.

Also several other Horses.

Full description at sale.

Sales never postponed on account of weather.

A TOP WAGON (BY BREWSTER & CO.), $175; Sitvers Top Wagon, $250; Dog Cart (by Miner & Steven), $175; Road Wagon (by Corbett), $100; Depot Wagon, $90; other top and open Wagons, Rockaways and Phaetons at great bargains. 153 West Forty-first street.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FOUR SEAT PHAETONS, Depot Wagons (standing and falling tops), top and road Wagons, various styles. JOSEPH KEAL, 97 and 99 Charles street.

A GREAT BARGAIN IS NOW OFFERED IN A PAIR of fine Carriage Horses, 16¾ hands high, sound and kind; good travellers; would be sold separately or together; they are very stylish. Can be seen at private stable, 140 East Fifty-third street. For particulars call at 53 Walker street. W. M. HUMPHREY.

A SECOND HAND COUPE, $175; 1 ROCKAWAY, $65; 1 open Wagon, $100; 1 Top Wagon, Dusenbury & Van Duser, $160; 1 Philadelphia Rockaway, $100; 1 two-seat Phaeton, by Dusenbury, $175; 1 do. do., by Brewster, $350; 1 Pony Phaeton, $120; 1 leather top Phaeton, $100; 1 Brewster, Broome street, road Wagon, nearly new, 124 lbs., $250; 1 side bar top Wagon, Pole and Shafts; 1 six-seat Germantown, $250; also a variety of Coaches, Clarences, Cabriolets, Landaulets, Extension Top, Park, Pony and Basket Phaetons, single and double Harness, Sheets, Whips, Nets, &c. WM. H. GRAY, 20 and 22 Wooster st.

AT OUR FACTORY, IN TWENTY-FIFTH STREET, near Lexington avenue:—
One second hand Barouche.
One second hand six seat Rockaway.
One second hand four seat Rockaway.
One four wheel Dog Cart.
Open and top Buggies.
All in first rate order.
J. B. BREWSTER & CO.

AT WITTY'S CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY, NEVINS and Fulton streets, Brooklyn, large assortment Carriages, Pony Phaetons, Business Wagons; several fine Ponies for ladies' driving for sale cheap. H. B. WITTY & CO.

A FINE LOT OF INDIAN PONIES FROM CENTRAL America. Can be seen at the Narragansett stables, Sixty-third street and Lexington avenue.

A.—LANDAUS, LANDAULETS, CIRCULAR FRONT Rockaways for one or two horses, Pony Phaetons, basket or panel, with or without tops or rumbles, reduced. HAM'S, 10 East Fourth street.

BAY HORSE, TRUE, SOUND, KIND, 15½ HANDS, 9 years old; is a very good traveller, and of extra style and endurance. Apply at CORNELL'S stable, 226 State street, Brooklyn.

CARRIAGES, PONY PHAETONS AND BUSINESS Wagons, all styles, for sale, or to let by the day or season. WITTY'S manufactory and stables, Nevins and Fulton streets, Brooklyn.

CARRIAGES, SECOND HAND TOP BUGGIES, LIGHT Trotting Wagons, Phaetons, doctors' Wagons, a good Germantown Rockaway, just the thing for depot hacking; a stylish Derby Dog Cart, &c., &c., at R. M. STIVERS' Manufactory, 144 to 152 East Thirty-first street, between Third and Fourth avenues.

FOR SALE—AT A GREAT SACRIFICE, A BEAUTIFUL three-quarter Clarence, red satin lined, in perfect order. Can be seen at Witty's stables, Nevins street, near Flatbush avenue, Brooklyn. No reasonable offer refused.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT SADDLE MARE, 15.3, 6 years old; a very fine brown Horse, 15.2, 7 years old; also two very good family Horses; also good road Wagon by Dubois. Apply to JOSEPH TOWNLEY, Boulevard stables, 155 and 157 West Fiftieth street.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT PAIR OF FIRST CLASS well-bred, closely mated carriage Horses; very rich bay color; 16 hands high, 6 years old; long arched necks, splendid style, with high knee action; tails to the ground; very prompt drivers; drive like one horse; good steppers; fear nothing; warranted sound and kind, and for style and beauty cannot be excelled. Address GEO. D. LEHN, Easton, Pa.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME SIX SEAT WESTCHESter Rockaway, curtain quarters, squabs and shifting glass front; has been used but a few times and is in perfect order; will be sold cheap. Can be seen at 58 Hudson street.

FOR SALE—A GENTLEMAN'S SADDLE HORSE; ONE of the finest and most stylish in the country; is 16 hands high, golden sorrel, 10 years old; sound; was raised by Mr. Clay, in Kentucky; can run very fast; has been owned by a gentleman for the last five years, who is now going abroad; sold for no fault; price $300; or will exchange for a family Pony. Inquire of JOHN A. SIMONSON, Union Course, L. I., or by letter to Woodhaven, L. I.

FOR SALE—A STYLISH FOUR-SEAT PONY PHAEton. Apply to CHAMBERLIN & DODGE, 703 Broadway.

FOR SALE—ONE FINE YOUNG MARE; WARranted sound and kind in every way. 146 Baxter street, blacksmith's shop.

FOR SALE—A BAY MARE, FIVE YEARS OLD, about 15½ hands high; good, handy trotter. Can be seen at JAMES McMANN'S stable, at Hunter's Point, L. I., to-day, from 9 to 12 o'clock.

FOR SALE—A BREWSTER ROAD WAGON; ONE seat; weight 130 pounds; price $150, worth $200. Inquire at the corner of Fortieth street and Third avenue, in the liquor store.

FOR SALE—GOOD WORK HORSE, 16 HANDS, 9 years old; fit for any work; price $50. 37 Greenwich avenue, corner store.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT PAIR OF FIRST CLASS, well bred Carriage Horses; rich mahogany bay color; 16½ hands high; full 6 years old; long arched necks; splendid style and action; long, full tails; very prompt drivers and good steppers; warranted sound and kind in every respect, by a responsible party. For further particulars apply at Thompson's stables, 136 East Thirteenth street.

HARNESS, SADDLES, HORSE CLOTHING.—C. E. SMITH & CO., extensive manufacturers of every description of Saddlery Goods. A fine assortment of Riding Bridles, Lap Dusters, Carriage Robes, Fly Nets, &c. 40 Warren street.

HARNESS, HORSE MILLINERY AND HORSE Equipments of every description, suitable for parties going to Niagara, Saratoga, Long Branch, Mahopac, Chappaqua, Mount Kisco, Catskill, farm, park, or city. The place to get your outfit is at C. M. MOSEMAN & BRO.'S Harness Warerooms, 114 Chambers st.

HARNESS. HARNESS. HARNESS. Every style and all grades of Harness, at lowest manufacturers' prices, for cash. MANUFACTURERS' UNION, 638 Broadway.

HORSE AND PHAETON WANTED.—ANY ONE LEAVing town having such to dispose of for two months for their keeping can find a responsible party by addressing F. S. P., 673 Broad street, Newark, N. J.

ONE OR TWO PIECES OF JEWELRY, SUITABLE for lady and gentleman, will be given for a sound, kind Horse. Address, stating particulars, DIAMOND, Herald office.

PONY PHAETONS, IN GREAT VARIETY, AT VERY lowest popular prices.—Light Buggies, Depot Wagons, Park Phaetons, Coupe Rockaways, Victorias, large assortment; lot second hand Carriages. MANUFACTURERS' UNION, 638 Broadway.

SEASONABLE CARRIAGES—ALL THE MOST POPUlar styles, at FLANDRAU'S, No. 7 East Eighteenth st.

TOP BUGGIES—20 DIFFERENT STYLES, HALF springs and full springs, at lowest popular prices; also open Buggies and Family Carriages in great variety. MANUFACTURERS' UNION, 635 Broadway.

TO CABMEN.—$235 WILL BUY A CAB IN FIRST class condition. Apply to SCHWEIZER & MARTIN, carriage builders, 149 and 151 West Twenty-fifth street.

WAGONS FOR SALE CHEAP.—ONE SECOND-HAND Express, one Grocery, one Baker's, one Plumber's, one light Business, one Depot, one four-wheel Doctor's Wagon; one Truck, one top and one no top Buggy, at 226 Spring street, corner of Clarke.

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN'S TURNOUT IN EXchange for Real Estate. Horse must be fast, sound and kind. Address EXCHANGE, Daily Advertiser office, Newark, N. J.

$110.—BAY MARE, 7 YEARS, 15 HANDS; SOUND, kind and gentle. Team truck Horses, can be seen at work, $300; young, sound and kind. 418 Eighth avenue, corner Thirty-first street.

$1,000.—A BARGAIN, SOLD FOR NO FAULT. A gentleman offers his Carriage Horses, mahogany bays, 16 hands; very stylish; good travellers; sound and safe. Cost one year ago $1,900. Call at VAN RANST'S stable, Mercer, near Eighth street, for one week.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR EUROPE, during the week ending Saturday, June 29, 1872, will close at this office on Wednesday, at 7 A. M., on Thursday, at 11 A. M., and on Saturday, at 10 A. M. P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

YACHTS, STEAMBOATS, &C.

FOR SALE—COUNTER STERN OPEN SLOOP YACHT, 29 feet keel; splendid order, all complete and cheap. Can be seen at Frank Bates', foot of Thirty-seventh street, South Brooklyn. Apply at JAMES FRANKLIN MORGAN'S law offices, 130 Nassau street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—AN 18-FOOT CAT BOAT, IN complete order. Can be seen at FITZGERALD'S, corner Clay and Franklin streets, Greenpoint, L. I.

SAILING MASTER WANTED FOR A SCHOONER yacht of about 70 tons. Address box 2,129 New York Post office, stating references.

THE NEW AND ELEGANT STEAM YACHT GOVERNOR'S ISLAND leaves Custom House pier daily (Sundays included) every even hour for Governor's Island, returning to New York at half hours; last trip of the yacht immediately after parade.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A YACHT OR SMALL Sloop or Schooner, for Missouri Lands; will give a good bargain. Apply to LUCKY & SHUTE, 78 Cedar st.

100 BOATS ALL KINDS ON HAND—ALSO SINGLE, double and 4-oared Shells; 4 and 6-oared Outriggers, Spoon Oars; Metallic Lifeboats. 368 and 373 South street. STEPHEN ROBERTS.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

TO BUILDERS.—WANTED, A PAIR OF SECOND hand Vestibule Doors, with casings; size about 6.6x11.6. Address C. & W., 335 Broadway.

WANTED—AN IRON TANK, ABOUT 12 FEET BY 4 deep and 4 wide, also a Truck. Address B. K., Herald office.

WANTED—AN ALCOHOL STILL, WITH COLUMN, goose and worm complete. Address, with full particulars, ALCOHOL, box 4,611 Post office.

WANTED—A MEDIUM-SIZED SECOND HAND IRON Safe. Address IRON SAFE, Herald office.

INSTRUCTION.

A GERMAN GRADUATE WOULD LIKE TO FORM an evening class of adults; also private lessons; terms, three lessons per week, class, $2 25; private lessons $3. Address B. B., box 152 Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

A SITUATION WANTED—AS GOVERNESS, IN A private family, or teacher of music; also understands French and German. Inquire at 10 Clinton place. Can be seen for the remainder of this week.

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, established in New York in 1814, for young Ladies and Misses, 1,527 and 1,529 Spruce street, Philadelphia, Pa. French is the Language of the Family, and is constantly spoken in the Institute. MADAME D'HERVILLY, Principal.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

A DISCOURSE, "WHAT IS MAN?" TO-MORROW, 10½ A. M., in Canal street Presbyterian church, 17 Greene street, by Rev. David Mitchell; convenient to down town hotels.

APOLLO HALL, BROADWAY AND TWENTY-EIGHTH street.—Miss Jennie Leys, Inspirational Speaker, will lecture on Sunday, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Also this evening (Saturday), June 29, at 8 o'clock, a reception will be given by the Society. Dr. H. Slade, Miss Jennie Leys, Mrs. Desmonde and others are expected to take part in the exercises.

BISHOP SNOW WILL PREACH IN THE UNIVERSIty, Washington square, on Sunday, at 3 P. M. Seats free. Subject—"The Time and Manner of the General Judgment."

CHURCH OF THE RESURRECTION, FIFTY-SEVENTH street, near Lexington avenue.—Rev. Dr. Flagg will preach on Sunday, morning and evening. Sunday school at 3 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, CORNER OF PARK avenue and Thirty-fourth street.—Prof. Charles Carroll Everett, of Cambridge, will preach Sunday, June 30. Subject—Morning, "The Old Religion." Evening, "The Doctrine of Salvation."

GREAT NATIONAL CAMP MEETING AT SEA CLIFF Grove, L. I., 25 miles from city, commencing July 3 and continuing ten days. Steamboat Norwalk will commence running July 1 as follows:—Spring street, North River, 7 A. M.; Peck slip, 7:30 A. M. and 2 P. M.; East Thirty-third street, 7¾ A. M. and 2:15 P. M. Returning, will leave Grove at 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M. Fare forty cents each way. The Arrowsmith and Seawanhaka leave Peck slip 9:15 A. M., 4:05 P. M.; East Thirty-third street, 9:30 A. M., 4:20 P. M.

REV. R. S. MACLAY, D. D., WILL PREACH AT ST. Luke's M. E. Church, Forty-first street, near Sixth avenue, on Sunday, at 10½ A. M. Strangers cordially invited.

REV. DR. LORRIMER, OF BOSTON, WILL PREACH in the Fifth avenue Baptist church, Forty-sixth street, next to corner of Fifth avenue, on Sunday morning and evening at 10½ and 7½ o'clock.

REV. J. ANDREWS GRIFFIN WILL PREACH AT Plymouth Baptist church, Fifty-first street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, on Sunday, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

REV. FRED. EVANS, PASTOR, WILL PREACH IN Central Baptist church, West Forty-second street, near Seventh avenue, morning and evening. Baptism after the evening services. Strangers welcome.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST CHURCH, WEST Eleventh street and Waverley place.—The Rev. M. Keeney will preach in the morning and Rev. E. F. Remington in the evening. Services at 10½ and 7½ P. M.

FOR SALE.

A FINE CORNER LIQUOR SALOON AND RESTAUrant, on the west side, at least worth $3,000; will be sold for $1,500; sickness the reason for selling. H. GUNTHER, 14 Centre street.

A DOWNTOWN LIQUOR STORE FOR SALE—AT half its value; corner Liquor Stores, Ale Vaults, on avenues and business streets; a splendid Restaurant, first class Groceries, Tea Stores. MITCHELL'S Store Agency, 77 Cedar street.

A CONFECTIONERY, ICE CREAM SALOON AND Variety Store for sale cheap—A fine Stationery Store, Bakeries, downtown Sample Rooms, Lunch Rooms, Hotels, Meat Markets, Carriage Manufactory. MITCHELL'S Store Agency, 77 Cedar street.

A FIRST CLASS CORNER GROCERY STORE, HORSE and Wagon will be sold cheap for cash, as owner wishes to retire; location, Bleecker street. Address E., box 113 Herald office.

AN OLD ESTABLISHED MEAT MARKET FOR sale cheap—A sure investment. Inquire in tea store, 434 Second avenue.

A NEW AMERICAN FLAG, 16 BY 5 FEET WIDE—Cheap; also a lot of Sewing Machines. 1,257 Third avenue, basement.

A FIRST CLASS WELL FITTED LIQUOR STORE for sale; old established; lease three years; low rent; well located on one of the principal avenues; will bear the strictest investigation; good reasons for selling. BETTS & YORSTON, Business Agents, 56 West 32d st.

A MEAT MARKET FOR SALE—CHEAP, ON ACcount of other business; long established; in one of the best parts of Jersey City and doing a good cash business. For particulars address BUTCHER, Hudson City Post office, care of F. P. Bingham.

A.—DISTILLERY, COMPLETE AND IN RUNNING order, for making Bourbon and Rye Whiskey, Alcohol, French Spirit, &c., by continued distillation, for sale or exchange. Apply on the premises, 144th and 145th streets, North River, or address A. H., box 15 Post office, Mott Haven, Westchester county, N. Y.

A.—CORNER LIQUOR STORES FOR SALE, IN ALL parts of the city; also Restaurants, Cigar Stores, &c. Send for our register; see Auction column this day. BETTS & YORSTON, Business Agents, 56 West Thirty-second street.

A VEGETABLE, FRUIT AND POULTRY STAND FOR sale; doing a first class trade of over $1,200 a month; other business reason for selling. See this at once. BETTS & YORSTON, Business Agents, 56 West Thirty-second street.

A CORNER LIQUOR STORE, NO. 5 GREENWICH avenue—Fittings and Fixtures for sale by auction, this day, at 12 o'clock. BETTS & YORSTON, Auctioneers, 56 West Thirty-second street.

CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM ROOMS FOR sale cheap.—Doing good business; good reasons for selling. Call on or address A. C. SMITH, Englewood, N. J.

CROCKERY AND LAMP STORE FOR SALE—OR will take a partner; owner has other business which takes all his time; small capital required. 302 West Twenty-eighth street.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—THE most beautifully fitted and appointed store in the city; trade averages $50 per day, and steadily increasing; premises and dwelling located in the most delightful part of Brooklyn; 5 years' lease, and at moderate rent; owner has interests in another State. Apply at STRICKLAND'S DRUGGISTS' AGENCY, 75 Cedar street.

FOR SALE—THE LEASE, GOOD WILL AND FIXtures of a first class Confectionery; good reasons for selling out. Address GEORGE W. BRANDT, 1,242 Girard avenue, Philadelphia.

FOR SALE—STOCK, LEASE AND FIXTURES OF AN old established ice cream and oyster saloon, at 451 Atlantic avenue, near Nevins street, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—IN CONSEQUENCE OF A DEATH, AN old established Hardware and Housefurnishing Store, doing an excellent business; will exchange for Real Estate. Apply to F. J. WALL, 80 Cedar street, or G. STEVENS, 77 West 124th street.

FOR SALE—MILK DEPOT AND GROCERY STORE selling about 200 quarts of milk per day; daily cash receipts of store about $65. Apply on premises, 1,033 Second avenue.

FOR SALE—CANDY, STATIONERY AND CIGAR Store. Inquire at 171 Washington street, Hoboken, N. J.

FOR SALE—CONFECTIONERY, ICE CREAM, SODA and Beer Store; will trade for pair good Farm Horses, Buggy or Cigars. 118 Bleecker street.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST BARROOMS, RES-taurants and Summer Gardens, near the ferry, Broadway, Williamsburg; five years' Lease; rent low; the proprietor leaving for Germany, therefore will sell cheap. Apply at 54 and 56 Broadway, Williamsburg.

FOR SALE—THE LEASE, STOCK AND FIXTURES of a first class Stationery, Toy and Fancy Goods Store, now doing a good business; will be sold at a sacrifice; satisfactory reasons for selling. 441 Atlantic avenue, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS TEA AND FINE GROcery Establishment in the best business avenue in Brooklyn and doing a large cash trade. Apply at LLOYD'S, 29 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AN ICE CREAM SALOON, DOING A business of nearly $1,000 per week; can be doubled; fitted up for the oyster business during the winter; owner's ill health cause for selling. Apply at 322 Fulton street, Brooklyn, evenings.

GOOD MILK FOR SALE—OF 200 QUARTS PER DAY. Apply to MICHAEL McCABE, a speculator on the milk platform, Fourth avenue, on Forty-eighth street.

GENTS' FURNISHING STORE AND SHIRT MANUfactory for sale very cheap; established seven years. Inquire in the store, 54 East Broadway.

SAFES.—A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SECOND HAND Safes, of every style, size and make, for sale cheap. Call and examine. AMERICAN STEAM SAFE COMPANY, 300 Broadway.

STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A BARROOM FOR sale—Corner store; present proprietor did business for 24 years. Apply at 28 Washington street, New York.

THE OLD ESTABLISHED LIQUOR STORE, 730 NINTH avenue, will be sold cheap; no reasonable offer refused, as the owner has pressing business to attend.

$200—DINING AND OYSTER SALOON IN GOOD order. 280 Eighth avenue.

MACHINERY.

A.—A.—THREE TUBULAR BOILERS VERY LOW; in use in city; inspected and insured. Address BABCOCK & WILCOX, Boiler and Engine Builders, 30 Cortlandt street.

A.—A.—A LARGE LOT OF LATHES AND PLANERS, nearly new, at low prices; also Engines, Boilers, Shafting and Machinery, generally of our own manufacture. TODD & RAFFERTY MACHINE COMPANY, 10 Barclay street.

BRASS FOUNDRY, FIXTURES, FURNACES, FLASKS, Moulding Troughs, Sifting Pans, Tongs, &c., at any price, as they must be taken out to-day. Apply at 84 Centre street.

FOR SALE—ONE 8-HORSE PORTABLE ENGINE and Boiler; one power Punch, taking in 24 inches; one Punch and Shear combined. Address H. HAMILTON, box 494 Post office, Newburg, N. Y.

FOR SALE—A 20-HORSE POWER CORLISS ENGINE in good order. Apply at 152 Front street.

EUROPE.

GUERLAIN—15 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS.
Ambrosial Cream for shaving.
Fashionable Perfume for the handkerchief;
Eau Lustrale for the hair.
Eau de Cologne (préparation spéciale).

PARIS—HOTEL MIRABEAU, NO. 8 RUE DE LA PAIX. This magnificent Hotel, situated in the most fashionable quarter (Rue de la Paix), is patronized by the first families of both hemispheres. Its comfort, cleanliness and excellent cuisine, combined with the most careful attention, make it a favorite rendezvous of American families. Charges moderate. CASANOVAS, Proprietor.

THE QUEEN'S HOTEL, NEAR THE CRYSTAL PALace, Upper Norwood, London.—To tourists and families.—Its elevated, pleasant and most salubrious position, combined with the comfort afforded and its general management, have made the Queen's Hotel a favorite resort of the upper ranks of English society.

EUROPEAN STEAMSHIPS.

WHITE STAR LINE.
New York, Cork and Liverpool. New and full-powered steamships, the largest in the world.
OCEANIC, BALTIC, MAJESTIC, ADRIATIC,
REPUBLIC, CELTIC, ATLANTIC,
,000 tons burden, 3,000 horse power each.
Sailing from New York on Saturdays, from Liverpool on Thursdays, calling at Cork Harbor each way,
REPUBLIC, June 29, 12:30 P. M.
BALTIC, July 6, at 4 P. M.
ATLANTIC, July 13, at 10 A. M.
OCEANIC, July 27, at 11 A. M.
From the White Star Dock, Pavonia ferry, Jersey City.
Passenger accommodations for all classes unrivalled, combining safety, speed and comfort.
Saloons, staterooms, smoking room and bathrooms in midship section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.
Rates—Saloon, $80 in gold; steerage, $30 in currency.
Those wishing to send for friends from the Old Country can now obtain Steerage prepaid certificates, $33 currency.
Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.
Excursion tickets granted at lowest rates.
Drafts from £1 upward.
For information apply at the company's office, 19 Broadway, New York.
Bills of lading issued through to Continental ports.
J. H. SPARKS, Agent.
ISMAY, IMRIE & CO., 10 Water street, Liverpool, and No. 7 East India avenue, Leadenhall street, London.

O'DONOVAN ROSSA.—WHITE STAR LINE.—FINEST and fastest steamers afloat. REPUBLIC sails 12:30 Saturday. Cabin and steerage passage tickets and drafts. 263 Broadway, opposite City Hall.

CUNARD LINE.
The British and North American Royal Mail Steamships.
Between New York and Liverpool, calling at Cork Harbor.

From New York.	From New York.
CHINA, Wed., June 26.	CALABRIA, Sat., June 29.
RUSSIA, Wed., July 3.	ABYSSINIA, Sat., July 6.
CUBA, Wed., July 10.	BATAVIA, Sat., July 13.
SCOTIA, Wed., July 17.	ALGERIA, Sat., July 20.
JAVA, Wed., July 24.	PARTHIA, Sat., July 27.

And every following Wednesday and Saturday from New York.
Rates of Passage—Cabin, $80, $100 and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Tickets to Paris $15, gold, additional. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage, $30, currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates. Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent and for Mediterranean ports. For freight or cabin passage apply at the company's office, No. 4 Bowling Green; for steerage passage at 117 Broadway, Trinity Building.
CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.
The General Transatlantic Company's Mail Steamships between New York and Havre, calling at Brest.
The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from pier No. 50, North River, as follows:—
WASHINGTON, Roussau.........Saturday, June 29
VILLE DE PARIS, Surmont.........Saturday, July 13
SAINT LAURENT, Lemarie.........Saturday, July 27
Price of passage, in gold (including wine), to Brest or Havre.
First cabin, $125; second cabin, $75.
Excursion tickets at reduced rates.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
American travellers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe by taking the steamers of this line avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense. GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent, 58 Broadway.

STEAMER WASHINGTON, FOR BREST AND HAVRE, will leave pier 50 North River, foot of Morton street, on Saturday, June 29, at noon. Passengers are requested to be on board at 11 o'clock.
GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent.

NATIONAL LINE OF STEAMSHIPS.
WEEKLY TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL, FORTNIGHTLY TO AND FROM LONDON DIRECT.
To Queenstown and Liverpool.
from piers 44 and 47 North River.
EGYPT, Grogan, Saturday, June 29, at 12 M.
ITALY, Thompson, Saturday, July 6, at 4 P. M.
ENGLAND, Andrews, Saturday, July 13, at 10 A. M.
CANADA, Webster, Saturday, July 20, at 4 P. M.
SPAIN, Grace, Saturday, July 27, at 10:30 A. M.
TO LONDON DIRECT.
HELVETIA, Griggs, Wednesday, July 3, at 3 P. M.
ERIN, Lawson, Wednesday, July 17, at 1 P. M.
Cabin passage.........$65 and $75, currency.
Steerage.........$28, currency.
Prepaid Steerage Tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry, Glasgow or London, $32, currency.
For further information apply at the Company's office, 69 Broadway. F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

THE HAMBURG AMERICAN PACKET COMPANY'S iron mail steamship
CIMBRIA,
Captain W. Stahl, will sail on Thursday, July 4, 1872, at 2 P. M., for Hamburg,
taking passengers from New York to Plymouth, London, Cherbourg and Hamburg.
First Cabin, $120. Second Cabin, $72.
Steerage, $30, payable in United States gold.
KUNHARDT & CO., General Agents, 61 Broad street, N. Y. C. B. RICHARD & BOAS, General Passenger Agents, 61 Broadway, N. Y.
The SILESIA will sail July 11.

INMAN LINE.—FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERpool. Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:—
CITY OF PARIS.........Saturday, June 29, 1 P. M.
CITY OF LIMERICK.........Thursday, July 4, 2 P. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP.........Saturday, July 6, 2 P. M.
CITY OF LONDON.........Thursday, July 11, 9 A. M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN.........Saturday, July 13, 11 A. M.
CITY OF WASHINGTON.........Thursday, July 18, 2 P. M.
and each succeeding Saturday and Thursday, from pier 45 North River.
Rates of Passage.

Payable in gold.		Payable in currency.	
First cabin	$75	Steerage	$30
To London	80	To London	30
To Paris	90	To Paris	38

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway and Denmark at reduced rates.
Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.
Through bills of lading given on shipments of goods to Havre and Antwerp.
Drafts issued at lowest rates.
For further information apply at the Company's office, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD STEAMSHIP COMPANY, FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN.
The steamship DEUTSCHLAND, Captain H. A. F. Neynaber, will sail on Saturday, June 29, at 2 P. M., from Bremen pier, foot Third street, Hoboken, to be followed by steamship HANSA, Captain E. Brickenstein, on Tuesday, July 2.
RATES OF PASSAGE TO LONDON, HAVRE AND BREMEN.
Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.
First Cabin.........$120
Second Cabin.........72
Steerage.........30
For freight or passage apply to
OELRICHS & CO., Agents, No. 2 Bowling Green.

ANCHOR LINE—SPECIAL NOTICE.
The new steamer TRINACRIA sails Wednesday, July 3.
The new steamer CALIFORNIA sails Saturday, July 6.
Excursionists and passengers to Europe will study their own interests by inspecting these fine steamers before purchasing tickets elsewhere. Apply on board steamers at pier 20 North River, or at the Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling Green. HENDERSON BROS.

REDUCTION IN PASSAGE RATES.
ANCHOR LINE
Express Passenger Steamers
sail from New York every Wednesday and Saturday.
Passengers booked and forwarded to and from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Norway, Sweden or Denmark and America as safely, speedily, comfortably and cheaply as any other route or line.
THE NEW DEPARTURES.

SATURDAY'S STEAMERS.		WEDNESDAY'S STEAMERS.	
INDIA	June 29	TRINACRIA	July 3
CALIFORNIA	July 6	IOWA	July 10
AUSTRALIA	July 13	BRITANNIA	July 17
COLUMBIA	July 20	ASSYRIA	July 24
EUROPA	July 27	OLYMPIA	July 31
ANGLIA	August 3	CALEDONIA	August 7

At noon from pier 20 North River, New York. Currency rates of passage to London, Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, by Wednesday's steamers, $60; by Saturday's steamers, $65 and $75; excursion tickets, $120; intermediate, $33; steerage, $28. Certificates at lowest rates can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.
Apply at the company's offices, to
HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling Green.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.—STEAM TO QUEENStown and Liverpool.
Sailing every Wednesday.
MANHATTAN, Price, Jr.........July 3, at 3 P. M.
WISCONSIN, Freeman, Jr.........July 10, at 3 P. M.
From Pier 46 North River.
Cabin passage, $80, gold; steerage, $30, currency.
Prepaid tickets, $33, currency.
Passengers booked to and from Paris, Hamburg, Norway and Sweden, &c. Drafts on Ireland, England, France and Germany at lowest rates. Apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—OFFICIAL Passports of the Department of State issued by A. C. WILLMARTH, United States Court House, 41 Chambers street.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIPS.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S LINE TO CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA, VIA PANAMA.
CARRYING MAILS, PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT TO
KINGSTON, JAMAICA, SANTA MARTHA AND GREYTOWN AND PACIFIC COAST OF MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, PERU AND CHILE.
Steamers leave 15th and 30th each month, except when those dates fall on Sunday, then the day previous.
June 29—Steamer OCEAN QUEEN, Capt. Jeff Maury, will leave pier 42 North River, at 12 o'clock noon, for Aspinwall direct, connecting at Panama with steamer CONSTITUTION, Capt. ——, and also connecting for all Central American and South Pacific ports. Freight for last named ports received until 4 P. M. of June 27.
Steamer GREAT REPUBLIC will leave San Francisco July 1, 1872, for Japan and China. For rates of passage, freight and all further information apply at Company's office on the pier foot of Canal street.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

DIRECT LINE TO HAVANA.
HAVANA, PROGRESO AND VERA CRUZ.
New York and Mexican Mail Steamship Line, leaving pier 17 East River, at 3 P. M., direct to Havana.
CITY OF MERIDA, Timmerman.........Monday, July 1.
CLEOPATRA, Phillips (Havana only).........Tuesday, July 9.
CITY OF HAVANA, Deaken.........Saturday, July 20.
For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, 33 Broadway.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.
MERCHANTS' STEAMSHIP LINE,
from pier No. 3 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M.
GENERAL MEADE,
on Saturday, June 29.
Freight received daily. Through rates given for St. Louis, Vicksburg, Mobile, Galveston and Indianola.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to FREDERIC BAKER, 30 Broadway.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.—The Old Dominion Steamship Company will despatch, from pier 37 North River, their elegant sidewheel steamship OLD DOMINION, Bourne commander, for Norfolk, City Point and Richmond, Saturday, June 29, at 3 P. M., giving through bills of lading to all points South and Southwest. Through passenger tickets issued to all points. Accommodation unequalled. Apply at pier 37, or at the general office, 187 Greenwich street, corner Dey street.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.
Atlantic Mail Steamship Company, sailing regularly every Thursday, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from pier No. 4 North River.
COLUMBIA, Captain T. S. Curtis.........July 4
MORRO CASTLE, Captain T. H. Morton.........July 11
CRESCENT CITY, Captain J. B. Baker.........July 18
For freight or passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President, No. 5 Bowling Green.

TEXAS LINE OF GALVESTON STEAMERS—TOUCHing at Key West, carrying the United States mail.
The A1 steamship CITY OF AUSTIN, Captain Eldridge, at pier 20 East River, will leave on Saturday, June 29.
Through bills of lading given to Houston and to all points on the Galveston, Houston and Henderson and B. B. R. and C. Railroad.
For freight or passage apply to
C. H. MALLORY & CO., 153 Maiden lane.
W. P. CLYDE & CO., 119 Wall street.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.
The Cromwell Steamship Line.
The steamship CORTES, Captain F. Kemble, will leave pier No. 9 North river, on Saturday, June 29, at 3 o'clock P. M. Freight received daily.
Through rates given to Galveston, Indianola, Mobile and St. Louis. Cabin passage, $50; steerage, $25.
For freight or passage apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., 86 West street.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.
SOUTHERN LINE.
The steamship VICTOR, Captain Gates, will leave pier 23 East River, Wednesday, July 3, at 3 P. M.
The steamer CITY OF GALVESTON will follow.
Freight for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston taken.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to C. H. MALLORY & CO., 153 Maiden lane, New York.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

ALBANY AND TROY BY DAY LINE BOATS C. VIBBARD and DANIEL DREW, commencing May 27.—Leave Vestry street pier at 8:30 A. M. and Thirty-fourth street at 8:45, landing at Yonkers, Tarrytown and Nyack (by ferryboat), Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Tivoli, Catskill and Hudson.
Trip tickets to Cozzens', West Point, Cornwall and Newburg, returning same day, $1.
Connecting for all points West and North.
Special Trains to Saratoga and Sharon same evening.

AFTERNOON BOAT FOR NEWBURG, POUGHKEEPsie, Rondout, Kingston, Cozzens', West Point, Cornwall, New Hamburg, Milton and Hyde Park. The MARY POWELL, from Vestry st., pier 39, every afternoon at 3:30.

CITIZENS' EVENING LINE STEAMERS FOR ALbany and Troy; fare 50 cents. Steamers SUNNYSIDE and THOMAS POWELL leave pier 36 North River, foot North Moore street, daily, Saturdays excepted, at 6 P. M., making sure connections with all trains going North, East and West. Tickets sold and baggage checked to all points on Rensselaer and Saratoga and Troy and Boston Railroads.

CATSKILL LINE.—THE ELEGANT STEAMER NEW CHAMPION, Coles commander, leaves Franklin street Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 o'clock P. M., making the usual landings. Her consort, the ANDREW HARDEN, Knickerbacke commander, leaves opposite days at 5 o'clock.

FOR POUGHKEEPSIE AND NEWBURG.—THE steamer NEVERSINK leaves every afternoon at 1 o'clock, from pier 36, foot of North Moore street, for Poughkeepsie and intermediate landings. Fare 50 cents.

FOR STAMFORD AND GREENWICH.—THE STEAMER NELLY WHITE leaves daily from pier 37 East River and foot Thirty-third street 3:45 P. M.; leaves Stamford 7 A. M.

FOR NORWALK AND DANBURY.—THE NEW steamer AMERICUS leaves foot of Market street at 2:45 P. M. and Thirty-third street at 3 P. M., connecting with Danbury Railroad.

NEW JERSEY SOUTHERN RAILROAD LINE.
MONMOUTH PARK RACES.
Steamers will leave pier 28 as follows:—
Plymouth Rock at 6:45 and 11 A. M.
Jesse Hoyt and Josephine at 9:30.
Returning—Trains will leave immediately after the races are over. The Plymouth Rock will be held in readiness at Sandy Hook (except on Saturday, when the Jesse Hoyt or Josephine will be substituted) to carry passengers immediately to New York.
Tickets for the round trip, including admission to the course, $2 50, to be had at the offices of the New York Transfer Company, 944 Broadway; corner Third avenue and 124th street, Harlem; 10 Court street, Brooklyn, and at pier 28. G. W. BENTLEY, General Manager.

OLD ESTABLISHED ALBANY AND TROY LINE OF steamers, landing at Catskill, from pier 44 North River, foot of Spring street, daily, Saturdays excepted. Fare, 50 cents; half staterooms, 75 cents. Fare to Catskill, 10 cents. Steamers VANDERBILT and CONNECTICUT, connecting with railroads to all stations West and North, will leave as above at 6 P. M. Freight at reduced rates.

REGULAR SUNDAY MORNING BOAT FOR KEYPORT, Elizabethport, Union Landing, Rossville and Perth Amboy. The favorite steamboat NORWALK, Captain Wm. Hitchcock, leaves Barclay street at 9 A. M.

REGULAR SUNDAY MORNING BOAT FOR NEWburg, landing at Yonkers, Iona Island, West Point and Cold Spring.—The favorite steamboat SLEEPY HOLLOW, Captain James Sherman, leaves Fulton ferry, Brooklyn, at 8 o'clock; Christopher street, North River, 8:20; Thirty-fourth street, North River, 9, every Sunday morning. Fare for the excursion, $1.

SUNDAY MORNING BOAT FOR NEWBURG.—THE steamboat THOMAS COLLYER will leave the pier foot of Fulton street, Brooklyn, on Sunday morning, June 30, at 7:30 o'clock; Christopher street, New York, at 8 o'clock, and Thirty-fourth street at 8:30; landing at Grassy Point, Cozzens' (West Point), Cold Spring and Cornwall. Returning will leave Newburg at 2 o'clock P. M., arriving at New York at 6 o'clock P. M. Fare 50 cents each way.

STONINGTON LINE, FOR BOSTON, PROVIDENCE and all parts of New England.—The splendid steamers STONINGTON and NARRAGANSETT, from Pier 33, N. R., daily, at 5 P. M. Tickets sold and staterooms secured at 319 Broadway, and Westcott Express Co.'s offices, 785 Broadway, corner Tenth street, and 1,302 Broadway, corner Thirty-fifth street.
D. S. BABCOCK, President.

EXCURSIONS.

A.—FOR EXCURSIONS, SALOON STEAMER WYOMING, Barges SARAH SMITH, CALEDONIA, ANNA and REPUBLIC; Oriental Grove, Excelsior Park, Eaglewood and Wewapex Grove. 383 West street, near Christopher. H. B. CROSSETT.

AHOY FOR ROCKAWAY BEACH.—EVERY SUNDAY the steamer NELLY WHITE leaves Peck slip at 8:30 A. M. and 1:15 P. M.; Christopher street, North River, 9 A. M. and 1:40 P. M.; pier 4 North River, 9:15 A. M. and 2 P. M.; Fulton ferry, Brooklyn, 9:30 A. M. and 1 P. M.; returning leaves Rockaway Beach at 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

A.—A.—FORT LEE, PLEASANT VALLEY AND Shadyside.—New steamboats from Spring street every Sunday, at 9:30, 10, 11, 1, 2, 2:30, 5:30 and 7 P. M., landing at Thirty-fourth street ten minutes later; and daily at 10, 2, 5 and 7 P. M. Thirty cents for the round trip.

GRAND EXCURSION TO CONEY ISLAND.—STEAMER GENERAL SEDGWICK leaves New York for Coney Island every day as follows:—Christopher street, 9:15 A. M.; pier 4 North River, 9:30 A. M.; Christopher street, 12 M.; pier 4 North River, 12:15 P. M.; Christopher street, 3 P. M.; pier 4 North River, 3:15 P. M. Extra trip from pier 4 North River 5 P. M. after June 29.

GRAND EXCURSION TO SANDY HOOK, HIGHlands and Red Bank, N. J.—The strong and commodious steamboat SEA BIRD leaves pier No. 35, foot of Franklin street, North River, Sunday morning, 30th inst., at 11 o'clock. Returning leaves Red Bank at 4 P. M.

GRAND EXCURSION TO THE FISHING BANKS, Sunday, June 30, 1872.—The steamer WYOMING will leave as follows:—Eighth street, E. R., 7 A. M.; Peck slip, E. R., 7:30 A. M.; Christopher street, N. R., 8:30 A. M.; pier No. 4 N. R., 9 A. M. Music on board. Tickets $1; ladies 50 cents. Bait, lines and refreshments on board.
C. H. FORBES, Manager.

ROCKAWAY.—STEAMER METAMORA WILL RUN from New York to Rockaway daily, as follows:—Leaving South ferry, Brooklyn, 9 o'clock A. M.; Christopher street, 9:30 A. M.; pier No. 4 North River, 10 A. M.; on Sundays, Christopher street, 8:30 A. M.; pier No. 4, 8:45 A. M.; Fulton ferry, Brooklyn, 9 o'clock A. M. Leaves Rockaway, 4 P. M.

STEAMERS MORRISANIA AND HARLEM, FOR MORrisania, Harlem, Astoria and Yorkville (via Ninety-second street ferry), landing at Eighth, Thirty-third and 119th streets. Leave Fulton Market slip at 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:30 A. M., 1:15 P. M., landing at Eighth street; 3:15, 4:15 P. M., landing at Thirty-third street; 5:15, 6:20, landing at Eighth street; and 7:15 P. M., except on Saturdays. Leave Morrisania at 6:05, 7:10, 8:15 A. M., landing at Eighth street; 9:15, 10:15 A. M., 1:20 P. M., landing at Thirty-third street; 2:45, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15 P. M., landing at Eighth street. Sunday boats leave every hour from 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. These boats land within three minutes' walk of the United States Submarine Excavation under the East River at Hell Gate, Astoria. Each trip connects with our own steamer at Morrisania for High Bridge.

SUNDAY BOAT FOR GLEN COVE—LANDING AT College Point, Whitestone, Great Neck, City Island, Sands' Point, Glenwood and Roslyn. Steamer ARROWSMITH leaves pier 24, East River (Peck slip), Sunday, June 30, at 9 A. M.; Eighth street, 9:15; Thirty-third street, at 9:35 A. M.; returning to New York about 6:30 P. M.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.
The steamers SYLVAN DELL, SYLVAN STREAM and SYLVAN GROVE will leave Peck slip every Sunday morning, at 10 o'clock, during the season, and hourly and half-hourly during the day until 3 P. M., for Astoria and Harlem, landing at Eleventh street each way. Last boat leaves Harlem at 7 P. M. Passengers by these boats can visit the government works at Hell Gate, Schneider's and Schützer's Park, at Astoria; Christ's Park, Carl's Park and High Bridge.
N. B.—This is the only line that connects with the regular boats for High Bridge.
Freight received from 7 A. M. to 5 P. M.
Fare, 15 cents.
J. F. TALLMAN, Superintendent.

1776.—GRAND FOURTH OF JULY EXCUR—1872. sion up the Hudson, through the Highlands, to Newburg, stopping at Iona Island, one of the finest pleasure spots on the Hudson, and Cozzens' Dock, West Point; the beautiful palace-steamer, THOMAS POWELL, Captain Bench. This being a swift steamer, passengers will have sufficient time at Iona Island, West Point and Newburg for recreation, and return to the city in time to witness the fireworks. Schilling's Brass and Quadrille Band is engaged for the occasion. The boat will be well provided with refreshments.
LEAVES AS FOLLOWS:
Pier 36, foot North Moore street.........8:00 A. M.
Montague street, Brooklyn.........8:30 A. M.
Christopher street, North River.........9:00 A. M.
Thirty-fourth street, North River.........9:30 A. M.
Make the same landings on return trip.
Fare for entire excursion, $1.

DRY GOODS.

HAIR!—HAIR!—HAIR!—SHAW'S PATENT HAIR, equal to human hair; can be combed and brushed. Switches, $1, &c. Human Hair; cheapest in the market. Solid Switches, one yard long, $3; French Twist, $4; Curls, $1 and upwards. Ladies' own Hair made over, 25 cents. Latest styles always on hand. 352 Bowery, opposite Third street, near Great Jones, and 363 Sixth avenue, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third streets. Highest prices paid for Human Hair.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

MADAM WALTON, 962 BROADWAY, ABOVE UNION square, importer of Paris Bonnets and English round Hats from the leading houses. Also, the Victor, the Hat of the season.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

William S. Michaels, J. H. Morehead to Miss M. Louise Devoe, all of New York.
Murray—Hendrickson.—On Thursday, June 27, at the Lafayette avenue Presbyterian church, by the Rev. Dr. Buddington, E. Walton Murray to Annie E., daughter of Joseph Hendrickson, all of Brooklyn.
Read—Ostrander.—On Wednesday, June 19, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. William Irving, Henry Read, of New York, to Caroline D. Ostrander, of Troy. No cards.
Thompson—Pennoyer.—On Thursday, June 27, at the residence of the bride's parents, James E. Thompson to Julia F., daughter of R. S. Pennoyer, all of Brooklyn.
New Haven papers please copy.

Birth.

Griebel.—On Thursday, June 27, Mrs. Griebel, of a daughter. Mother and child are doing well.

Died.

Austin.—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Thursday, June 27, Samuel L. Austin, aged 40 years.
Funeral services at Christ church, Bedford avenue, on Friday June 28, at three o'clock P. M. The remains will be taken to Cairo, Greene county, for interment.
Barrett.—On Friday, June 28, of cholera infantum, Horace F., son of Charles F. and Anna E. Barrett, aged 5 months and 23 days.
The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his parents' residence, 86 Fifth street, Hoboken, on Sunday afternoon, at two o'clock.
Barrie.—The brethren of Columbian Lodge, No. 484, F. and A. M., are hereby summoned to meet at their lodge room, corner Fourth and Greene sts., on Sunday, June 30, punctually at twelve o'clock M., for the purpose of paying the last tribute of respect to our deceased brother, John Barrie. By order
CHARLES MARKS, M.
George Mellish, Secretary.
Union Chapter, No. 180, R. A. M.—Companions—You are hereby summoned to attend a special convocation at your rooms, 161 Eighth avenue, at twelve o'clock on Sunday, June 30, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late companion, John Barrie. Members of sister chapters are fraternally invited to attend. By order of
MARTIN CANTLON, H. P.
John Hoole, Secretary.
Beekman.—On Friday, June 28, Diana Beekman, aged 50 years.
Her friends are invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday, the 30th inst., at half-past twelve o'clock, from Shiloh Presbyterian church, corner Prince and Marion streets.
Bell.—At Washington Heights, on Friday, June 28, Jared Churchill, infant son of J. Weed and Harriet T. Bell.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, at the house, 152d street, on Sunday, June 30, at half past three o'clock P. M. Trains leave Hudson River depot, Thirtieth street, at 2:45 P. M.
Benson.—At New Utrecht, on Thursday, June 27, Robert Benson, in the 87th year of his age.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from the Reformed church at New Utrecht, this day, Saturday, June 29, at three o'clock P. M.
Bloom.—Suddenly, on Thursday, June 27, of congestion of the brain, Willie Clifford, infant son of James C. and Clara W. Bloom.
The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday, the 29th inst., at three o'clock P. M., from the residence of his grandmother, 162 Wilson street, Brooklyn, E D.
Brettell.—At Gravesend, on Friday, June 28, Kitty, youngest child of Alfred R. and Catharine L. Brettell, aged 11 months and 24 days.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of her parents, Gravesend, this (Saturday) afternoon, June 29, at three o'clock.
Brown.—At her residence, Amityville, L. I., on Wednesday morning, June 26, after a protracted illness, Elizabeth, wife of Aaron Brown, aged 60 years.
The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services, at her late residence, this (Saturday) morning, at ten o'clock. Cars leave the depot, South Eighth street, Williamsburg, at 8:40 A. M.
Campman.—On Thursday, June 27, Henry Dodge, son of Henry and Helen D. Campman, aged 9 months and 12 days.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, 93 St. Mark's place, this (Saturday) afternoon, at three o'clock.
Carey.—On Thursday, June 27, James J. Carey, aged 30 years.
His relatives and friends are requested to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 438 East Eleventh street, this (Saturday) morning, at half-past nine o'clock; thence to St. Bridget's church, avenue B and Eighth street, where a solemn high mass will be offered for the repose of his soul; after which his remains will be taken to Calvary Cemetery for interment at one o'clock P. M.
Carey.—Notice—The members of the Democratic Reform General Committee of the Fourteenth Assembly district are hereby notified to attend the funeral of their late associate, James J. Carey, this (Saturday) afternoon, at one o'clock, from St. Bridget's church, Eighth street and avenue B.
H. T. CARROLL, Chairman.
Richard G. Duffy, Secretary.
Connor.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, June 28, Mary Jane Connor, beloved wife of Thomas Connor, in the 34th year of her age.
The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday, June 30, at two o'clock, from the residence of her brother-in-law, Patrick Connor, 90 Carroll street.
Creamer.—On Wednesday, June 26, Mary Jane, wife of William C. Creamer.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 54 Greene street, Newark, N. J., on Sunday, June 30, at two o'clock P. M. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery.
Curran.—On Friday afternoon, June 28, after a short but severe illness, Michael Curran, aged 53 years.
The relatives and friends of the family, and also those of his brother, Patrick Curran, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 128 West street, on Sunday, June 30, at one o'clock.
Drogheda papers please copy.
Davis.—Fell asleep in Jesus on Friday, June 28, Henry C. Davis, in the 41st year of his age.
The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, at the First Baptist church of Greenpoint, L. I., on Sunday, June 30, at three o'clock precisely.
Dayton.—On Friday morning, June 28, Martha B., wife of David Dayton, in the 47th year of her age.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday, June 30, at four o'clock P. M., from her late residence, No. 220 East 112th street; also at the M. E. church at Armonck, Westchester county, on Monday, July 1, at half-past eleven o'clock A. M. Trains leave Central Depot, Forty-second street, at 8:25 A. M., for Kensico, where carriages will be in waiting.
Duryea.—At East Chester, N. Y., on Friday morning, June 28, 1872, Elizabeth Duryea, in the 75th year of her age.
The relatives and friends of her family and of her son-in-law, Lewis A. Rich, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from St. Paul's church, East Chester, on Sunday, June 30, at three o'clock P. M., without further notice.
Ellis.—Suddenly, on Thursday, June 27, Gregory C. Ellis, son of the late Charles B. Ellis, aged 27 years.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his mother, 60 Third street, Brooklyn, E. D., on Saturday, the 29th inst., at one o'clock.
Fowler.—At Newtown, L. I., on Friday, June 28, Jacob Day Fowler, aged 67 years.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral at the Reformed Dutch church, Newtown, on Sunday, June 30, at two o'clock P. M. Trains leave Hunter's Point at half past one o'clock P. M.
Fuchs.—On Thursday, June 27, Peter Fuchs, aged 45 years.
The relatives and friends, also the members of the Arion and Liederkranz societies of New York are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 254 Washington street, Hoboken, this (Saturday) afternoon, at one o'clock. The remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery for interment.
Gosman.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, June 28, at ten A. M., Edna Fowler, infant daughter of George H. and Maria T. Gosman, aged 10 months and 16 days.
Funeral from the residence of her parents, 516 Pacific street, Saturday, June 29, at three P. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend, without further notice.
Hahn.—On Friday morning, June 28, Samuel Hahn, youngest son of George R. and Maria Hahn, aged 1 year, 10 months and 2 days.
The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, 400 West Fifty-third street, corner Ninth avenue, on Sunday, June 30, at 2 P. M., and from thence to the German Methodist Episcopal church, in Fortieth street, near Ninth avenue. Interment in Trinity Cemetery.
Harvey.—William F. Harvey, who was drowned off Governor's Island on Sunday, June 23, will be buried from 12 Spring street, to-day (Saturday), at one o'clock.
Hulick.—At Easton, Pa., on Thursday, June 27, 1872, suddenly, Derrick Hulick (firm of Drake, Hulick & Co.), in the 59th year of his age.
Funeral Monday, July 1, at four P. M., from his late residence at Easton, Pa.
Hurst.—On Thursday, June 27, Lillian May, infant daughter of Alfred Thomas and Mamie E. Hurst, aged 5 weeks and 3 days.
Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, 64 Downing street, Brooklyn, on Saturday, the 29th inst., at half-past two o'clock.
Joyce.—On Thursday evening, June 27, Mary, wife of Alderman William Joyce, aged 40 years.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from No. 445 West Forty-fourth street, on Sunday afternoon, at half past one o'clock.
Leffingwell.—At Colchester, Conn., on Sunday, June 23, Frances Lucretia, daughter of the late Captain Elisha and Fanny Leffingwell.
Augusta (Georgia) papers please copy.
Lewis.—In Newark, on Wednesday, June 26, of congestion of the brain, Anna Meredith, wife of Alfred N. Lewis and daughter of John M. and Jane Dawson, in the 27th year of her age.
Relatives and friends are requested to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 195 Pennsylvania avenue, this day (Saturday), at half-past two P. M.
Manley.—On Wednesday, June 26, Eliza T. Manley, widow of Robert F. Manley, in the 85th year of her age.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 352 Bridge street, on Saturday, the 29th inst., at two o'clock P. M.
Mason.—In Greenpoint, Brooklyn, E. D., on Thursday, June 27, 1872, William W., youngest son of Henry and Elizabeth Mason, aged 2 months and 19 days.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, 600 Lorimer street, Greenpoint, on Saturday afternoon, June 29, at one o'clock.
Mingst.—In Williamsburg, on Thursday, June 27, of cholera infantum, Annie Edna, only child of Henry and Lyde Mingst, aged 5 months and 9 days.
Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday, June 29, from the residence of her parents, 307 South Fourth street.
McCardell.—On Thursday, June 27, Bernard, Patrick and Henry, infant children of Patrick and Mary Jane McCardell, aged 1 month and 24 days.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of their parents, 75 Sixteenth street, South Brooklyn, on Saturday, June 29, 1872, at two P. M.; thence to Cemetery of Holy Cross.
McGroarty.—Suddenly, on Thursday, June 27, Charles B. McGroarty, in the 27th year of his age.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday, the 29th inst., at nine o'clock A. M., from the residence of his parents, No. 700 Dean street, Brooklyn, to St. Joseph's church, Pacific street, near Vanderbilt avenue, where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul, and from thence to the Cemetery of the Holy Cross, Flatbush, for interment.
Post.—At Yonkers, on Friday, June 28, Nepsey, widow of Isaac Post, in the 85th year of her age.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of Isaac Hibbard, on Monday, July 1, at eleven o'clock A. M. Carriages will be in waiting at the Yonkers depot on the arrival of the 9.15 train from Thirtieth street and the 9:10 train from Forty-second street, New York.
Pye.—On Friday, June 28, Harry Clay Pye, first-born son of the late Colonel Edward and Catharine A. Pye, aged 22 years.
Funeral from his late residence, 323 Van Buren street, Brooklyn, on Sunday, at four o'clock P. M.
Rooney.—Suddenly, on Thursday, June 27, Catharine, wife of James Rooney, a native of county Wexford, Ireland, in the 49th year of her age.
Relatives and friends of the family; also those of her sister, Mrs. McDonald, are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 118 Wyckoff street, Brooklyn, on Sunday, June 30, at two o'clock P. M.
Sackett.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, June 27, George Wells, son of George W. and Josephine Sackett, aged 7 months and 4 days.
Services at the house of the parents, 108½ Madison street, on Sunday, June 30, at half past four o'clock, P. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited. The remains will be taken to Woodlawn on Monday morning.
Sloan.—On Wednesday, June 26, James S. Sloan, Secretary of the Sixpenny Savings Bank, in the 73d year of his age.
The funeral will take place on Saturday at half-past one o'clock P. M., from 347 Fourth avenue. The friends of the deceased, and also of his nephews, William D. and Thomas J. Sloan, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral.
Smith.—On Thursday, June 27, after a lingering illness, Thomas A., only son of Samuel and Rebecca Smith, aged 41 years and 12 days.
The relatives, friends and the employés of the Morgan Iron Works are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Sunday, June 30, at two P. M., from the residence of his father, 180 Ainslie street, Williamsburg, L. I.
Souder.—On Wednesday, June 26, Joseph Souder, in the 52d year of his age.
The relatives and friends, also Pacific Lodge, 233, F. and A. M., and New York, No. 3, A. P. A. and O. A. U., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 803 Washington street, on Sunday, June 30, at half-past one o'clock P. M.
Steengrafe.—On Friday, June 28, Johann, infant daughter of Adolph and Johanna Steengrafe, aged 6 months.
Funeral service at 419 Marcy avenue, Brooklyn, June 29, at 4 P. M.
Stewart.—On Thursday, June 27, after a short illness, Dorenda Comber, wife of John Stewart, in the 42d year of her age.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 474 West Forty-third street, this (Saturday) afternoon, at one o'clock.
Topping.—On Thursday, June 27, at Greenpoint, of consumption, Sarah C. Topping, aged 21 years.
Notice of funeral to-morrow.
Totten.—On Thursday, June 27, Eliza Jane, wife of Horace H. Totten, aged 52 years.
The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday, June 30, at half-past ten o'clock A. M., at the Perry street Methodist Episcopal church.
West.—On Wednesday, June 26, Frances Brooks West, after a short illness, aged 35 years and 1 month. Residence, Brooklyn, W. D.
Whiting.—At Newark, N. J., on Friday, June 28, 1872, Winslow L. Whiting, in the 60th year of his age.
Notice of funeral hereafter.
Winslow.—On Thursday, June 27, suddenly, of scarlet fever, Thomas Lathrop Winslow, youngest son of George B. and Margaret E. Winslow, aged 2 years and 3 months.
The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday, June 29, at three o'clock P. M., from St. Peter's church, State street, near Bond, Brooklyn.
Young.—On Thursday, June 27, George N. Young.
The relatives and friends of the family, and the members of the Charles street United Presbyterian church and Sabbath school are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 8 Grove street, on Saturday, June 29, at one o'clock.

BROOKLYN AFFAIRS.

Music at the Park.

The fifth of the weekly series of concerts by the Twenty-third regiment band will take place at the Brooklyn Park this afternoon, in the woods near the Nethermead Pedestrian Concourse. The nearest entrance from the Flatbush avenue cars to this section of the park is the Willink.

The Latest Homicide.

William James Tomlins, who stabbed his daughter Elizabeth twice about the face with a carving knife, at their residence, No. 577 Henry street, on Thursday night, was arraigned before Justice Delmar yesterday to answer for the assault. He pleaded not guilty, and was committed to await the result of the injuries inflicted. The girl is recovering slowly.

The Brooklyn Nursery.

This institution, having for its object the shelter and care of destitute and friendless children, situated at No. 160 Flatbush avenue, held its first anniversary meeting on Thursday evening. During the year 130 little ones have been cared for at this shelter. Of this number twenty-six have died. The receipts from all sources amounted to $4,046, which sum was entirely expended in the maintenance of the institution. The directresses are Mrs. E. B. Rollins, Mrs. M. E. Graham, Mrs. G. W. Alexander, Mrs. H. F. Aten, Miss M. Sweitzer.

Accident to a Reporter.

A reporter of the New York *Standard*, Edward Ballentine, twenty-six years of age, while in the act of stepping off car No. 12 of the Fulton avenue line, at the corner of Navy street and the avenue named, had his right leg, just below the knee, caught between the stringpiece of the car and a passing express wagon. The member was so frightfully lacerated that two pieces of bone were extracted by the surgeons in attendance, and it is feared that amputation may become necessary. Mr. Ballentine, who is a married man, was taken to his home, 584 Fulton avenue.

The Brooklyn Schutzen Delegation.

The delegation of Brooklyn Schützenfest men to depart for Europe to-day is composed as follows:—Captain P. Aisgood, Dr. Hermann Grahlfs, Sergeant John C. Torney, Eibe H. Kugler, P. H. Reppenhagen, A. H. Mohrmann, John F. Helmboeckel, Henry Mensing, John Kloppenberg, William Greve, Frederick Greve, John Schutte, Frederick Wilkens, H. Ulrich, William Blossfeld, Ch. Quabach, August Geiser, Dietrich Keiners, Harmann Posbergh, Henry von Glahn, Dietrich Lahrs, Franz H. Kayser, Frederich Schmidt, Captain John H. Diercks, Lieutenant Becher, Fritz Ochs, Christoph Fitter, Martin Meyer, William Ernst, H. Schnitbess, Charles Peters, George Hernbockel, Henry Kloppenberg.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Championship Game Between the Athletics, of Philadelphia, and the Baltimore Nine—Maryland Victorious.

Baltimore, Md., June 28, 1872.

The fourth game of the championship series between the Athletics, of Philadelphia, and the Baltimore Club was played here this afternoon in the presence of 2,500 spectators. The score is as follows:—

Clubs.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.	
Athletics	5	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	1	—10
Baltimore	4	1	0	4	4	1	2	1	0	—17

IMPORTANT RAILROAD SETTLEMENT.

It is authoritatively stated that the Perth Amboy and Long Branch Railroad difficulties have been satisfactorily adjusted, and that Tom Scott and John Taylor Johnston have buried the hatchet for the present. The settlement is made on the basis of a union bridge across the Raritan River, with sufficient draw for the commerce of the Delaware and Raritan Canal, and a union track from the river to the junction of the Perth Amboy and Woodbridge branch of the Pennsylvania Railroad. By this arrangement Mr. Johnston gets control of the line to Long Branch, connecting with the New Jersey Central at Elizabeth; and Tom Scott for the Pennsylvania Central maintains the monopoly of another all-rail line to Philadelphia, via Perth Amboy and Camden. The bridge and incomplete lines and connections are to be vigorously prosecuted to completion, and it is promised that the through road to Philadelphia will be running by January 1; to Long Branch by July 1, 1873. The Pennsylvania Company are surveying a route from Perth Amboy to Elizabeth, by which the through line will be shortened four miles.

DEAD BY THE LAW.

Execution of John W. Avery at Hackensack.

THE LITTLE VILLAGE IN COMMOTION.

Last Hours of the Doomed Man.

AN EXCITING SCENE.

John W. Avery was hanged at Hackensack, N. J., yesterday, for the murder of Jacob Erbe, at Cresskill, on the 8th of February last. It is a remarkable instance of

THE SWIFTNESS OF JERSEY JUSTICE

that, although the murder was a mysterious one, and it required careful and ingenious tracing to detect the assassin, the murderer was hanged just four months and three weeks from the date of the murder. It is also

A REMARKABLE COINCIDENCE

that the last execution in Bergen county took place in the same jail on June 28, 1853, just nineteen years ago, to the day and to within a few minutes of the hour of the execution yesterday. Ex-Sheriff Terhune, who officiated then, was present at Avery's hanging.

HISTORY OF THE CRIME.

The particulars of Avery's crime can be briefly narrated. He and his victim, Jacob Erbe, were together working on the farm of Mr. Elijah F. Clark, at Cresskill, N. J. They

FAILED TO GET ALONG AMICABLY

together, and on the day Avery was discharged by his employer for not faithfully or satisfactorily performing his duties the trouble that was long brewing between the two men culminated in an open rupture, and a most bitter quarrel followed. Avery left and repaired to his home, at 143 Thompson street, New York. He remained there some two or three days, and on

THE MORNING OF THE 7TH

of February last absented himself from the house. He did not return that night. It is now known that he lingered about the city until night, and then made his way to Cresskill, where he lurked till about half past six or seven Tuesday morning. His victim was found in the stable at that hour by a girl sent after him, per direction of Mr. Clark,

LYING BLEEDING,

from a ghastly wound on the side of the head, unconscious. Mr. Clark did all he could to relieve him, and then hastened to Englewood for physicians and an officer. Upon their return it was ascertained that life was extinct. Erbe expired without being able to articulate. Hence the manner in which he met his death was at that time somewhat mysterious, though it was certain he was the victim of some

BLOODTHIRSTY ASSAILANT.

His watch was missing. The officer, W. N. Huls, Marshal of Englewood, investigated the affair as best he could, and, learning of the unfriendliness of the discharged Avery, at once suspected him. Clue after clue was followed up vigorously until the missing watch was found pledged in Mr. Levy's, in Grand street. This circumstance led to the arrest of Avery at his house. Of course,

HE DENIED ALL GUILTY KNOWLEDGE

of the tragedy; but he was caught in the act of trying to throw away the pawn ticket for the watch, which action at once fastened the guilt upon him.

He was indicted and duly tried before Judge Bedle, at the Bergen County Court, sitting in Hackensack. After a fair trial he was convicted of murder in the first degree, and on April 13 he was

SENTENCED TO BE HANGED

on June 28. His case was carried to the Court of Pardons, but that tribunal refused to commute his sentence. As an instance of the rare discrimination which the people of New Jersey evince in all questions affecting

THE [illegible] OF THE LAW

in their snug little household it is to be noted that while Libbie Garrabrant obtained over five thousand names to a petition for her pardon only eleven people of Hackensack could be found to sign a similar petition for Avery.

SINCE HIS CONDEMNATION

Avery had occupied a cell in the male corridor of the Hackensack jail. He had been cheerful and hopeful that the Court of Pardons would interfere to save him until a few days ago. The evidence against him was all circumstantial, but at that time he was induced to confess his crime to one of the local reporters of a Hackensack paper. The account was published before Avery consented to its publication, and it may have affected the action of the Court of Pardons. That was Avery's belief in his last moments. However that may be the Court rendered an adverse decision on his case on Tuesday last, and Avery commenced at once to prepare for

THE DOOM THAT AWAITED HIM.

He was removed from the male corridor on Wednesday to the female corridor, to be out of sight of the workmen engaged in erecting the gallows.

THE VILLAGE OF HACKENSACK

wore throughout Thursday afternoon and night the pleasant and peaceful aspect of a suburban village in its summer bloom. The Court House fronts upon the main street, and in its rear is the jail, the only point of separation between the two being the barred door which opens into the Sheriff's office. Opposite is the Dutch Reformed church and churchyard. On an opposite corner, across a country lane, is the principal tavern. Diagonally opposite is a broad square, partly used as a croquet ground. On this croquet ground on Thursday afternoon, and even far into the evening, merry girls were playing croquet, shouting and laughing in their glee: in the barroom of the tavern men were drinking and discussing loudly the coming spectacle; on the piazzas handsome girls were flirting and lovemaking; on the drive fast horses were dashing, and on the steps of the Court House and jail itself little girls were playing "jacks."

THE BARRED WINDOW OF AVERY'S CELL

looked out upon all these scenes of merriment, the sound of which could reach his ears, and every now and then his pale, stricken face could be seen by the few lifted to the heavy bars as if craving for one breath of that free air, one instant of that unobstructed sunshine. As night came down upon the little village the flicker of the lamp that lighted him through his last night upon earth could be discerned by the knots of people outside, and from their careless glee they relapsed into the silence of sober thought.

THE FAMILY OF AVERY,

consisting of his mother, his elder brother, stepfather and stepbrother, passed Thursday with him. As they came away late on Thursday evening to take the train home to New York the mother, clad in deep black, with her face heavily veiled, threw herself into a seat in the Sheriff's room and swayed her body to and fro in deep grief.

"OH, MY DARLING SON!"

she cried, "what am I to do for my poor boy? My poor, poor boy!" The brothers and the stepfather wept silently; good Mrs. Pell, the Sheriff's wife, wept too, and tears even came into the eyes of Sheriff Pell himself. Mrs. Pell had prepared tea for the unhappy family, but they were too much distressed to eat. Avery had a

DIVERSITY OF RELIGIOUS DENOMINATIONS

to comfort him. Dr. DeBaun, of the Seceders; Dr. Theodore B. Romayne, of the First Dutch Reformed church; Dr. McCaulay, of the Asbury Methodist church, and Dr. Craig, of the Warren street Methodist church, have all visited him and ministered to his religious comfort. He received them all cordially, but expressed a leaning toward the Methodist faith.

THE LADIES OF THE VILLAGE,

ever since his condemnation, have been ministering in their ministrations. They have carried him strawberries and fruits and books, and have learned to sympathize with him so deeply, just from the mournful association, that they protest so very gentlemanly and cultivated a young man could not be a murderer. Since the Governor refused to commute his sentence two strong men have been constantly present with him in his cell, to prevent any attempt either at escape or suicide.

HIS LAST NIGHT.

Up to the very last moment Avery maintained a cheerful countenance. There was nothing about him, except his dismal surroundings, to indicate that the shadow of the valley had fallen upon his young life—that the darkness of death had encompassed him. At about ten o'clock on Thursday night he received the Herald reporter in the corridor upon which his cell opens, the freedom of which he has been allowed ever since his condemnation. He was sitting, without coat or hat, in a stiff-back chair, talking very seriously and soberly with one of the guards.

HIS COUNTENANCE

was one in which intelligence and culture were more strongly delineated than the brutality we always associate with the look of a murderer. His hair and eyes were black, but his complexion, although dark, had been bleached into an unhealthy pallor by his confinement and the anxiety and distress he must have undergone. His forehead was high and prominent; his nose and mouth shapely, and his head well formed. He was twenty-two years of age, but his form was so fragile and boyish that he looked even younger.

He greeted the Herald reporter very cordially, but complained of weariness. He had undergone a severe strain in taking leave of his mother, and did not feel inclined to talk. He said

HIS CONFESSION,

as published in the Herald, was essentially true, there being only a few errors as to dates, that were of no importance. He acknowledged his guilt and felt confident that his great sin had been forgiven him. He still doubted that the execution would come off—he thought something might yet "turn up" to change the sentence. During his imprisonment Avery has exhibited a remarkable inventive genius. His cell is filled with pictures and odd little contrivances, and he recently presented Mrs. Pell with a miniature ship, half a foot long, made out of the top of a pasteboard box, with the spars and ropes intact, and even manned with pasteboard men.

DURING THE NIGHT

he slept well, the guards remaining in the lighted corridor outside. At six o'clock in the morning he lay so silent and motionless that the guards feared he had committed suicide. They aroused him, and he looked upon the morning light, just stealing into the corridor through the grated windows, with unfeigned joy. He was shaved at an early hour, after which he put on his best suit—one of gray tweed pants, vest and coat, and, surveying himself in the glass, said, "I'm looking pretty well."

THE SCENES OUTSIDE.

Hackensack, in the meantime, began to turn out to see the sight. It was true that only about one hundred tickets of admission were granted by the Sheriff, and it was well known that he had received strict injunctions from the Governor to make the execution as private as possible; but nevertheless there was some charm about the neighborhood of the coming spectacle that called all the people forth. It seemed to be an intense satisfaction for the rustics even to gaze upon the walls of the prison, and it was a sensation for innumerable groups to see and interview some casual comer forth from the prison who had seen and interviewed the prisoner. The people of the neighborhood came in by rail or in carriages early in the morning, and assembled about the tavern and the Court House. The Bergen county Chosen Freeholders, grandly consequential with the dignity of the law that rested upon their shoulders, "spread" themselves about the vicinity, and

A COMPANY OF MILITIA

from Leonia, numbering fifty men, marched up to the public square at about nine o'clock and "ordered" arms, with all the amazing irregularity of militiamen, in front of the sacred temple of justice. On one side of the jail three windows opened from the corridor where the execution was to take place, and directly behind the middle one the platform had been erected. From the open yard of the prison the rope was visible through the grated bars, and many disappointed visitors posted themselves here for the satisfaction of seeing the rope suddenly tightened at the fatal moment, and, perhaps, even to get a glimpse of the quivering body of the doomed man as he shot into the air. The soldiers were distributed through the Court House, guarding each door with fixed bayonets, and a squad of them, in the course of their duties, cleaned out the

ANXIOUS EXPECTANTS IN THE OPEN YARD.

But when the hush just previous to the hanging fell upon the crowd the soldiers forgot their duty and the citizens crowded again into the yard, and from that standpoint soldiers and citizens saw the sight they had hoped to see—the tightened rope, the body shot up by the window and the dangling and writhing of the dying man.

At eleven o'clock Avery's brother, William, and his stepfather, W. L. Livingston, both of New York, visited him for the last time. The interview between

THE TWO BROTHERS

was most affecting. John asked that the Sheriff allow William to be present at the execution.

"No, no," said the Sheriff, "you would not want him." Both John and William persisted, however.

As the Sheriff commenced reading the death warrant to the condemned in his cell the brother was so overcome that he shrieked and raved and finally went into a fainting fit, in which he was carried outside.

"Be sure and let him come in," said the prisoner; "that is only a fainting fit, and he'll soon be over it." But the Sheriff would not admit him; and while the terrible scene was in progress he remained in the outer room of the Sheriff's office, moaning and crouching like an angry wild beast.

THE LAST HOURS.

The Rev. Dr. Romayne, Dr. Craig, and all the preachers visited the condemned man in turn during his last morning, and instilled all the comforts of their various creeds into his hungry soul. Mr. J. W. Stagg, President of the Board of Chosen Freeholders of Bergen county, most of whom were present in all their dignity, and lawyers Ackerson and Demorest, counsel of the prisoner, also visited him during the morning.

At about a quarter of twelve, Sheriff Pell, accompanied by the prosecuting attorney, Judge Post, ex-Sheriff Terhune, who hanged Keating, the last murderer hanged in Bergen county, previous to Avery, Deputy Sheriff Cisco and the reverends entered the cell and read

THE DEATH WARRANT

It is a long document, full of legal verbiage; and it occupied the Sheriff at least ten minutes reading it. His voice was tremulous and shaken with emotion. The prisoner listened stupidly, swaying himself back and forth during the reading, in seeming assent to its provisions. His arms were then pinioned to his side, and at six minutes past twelve the procession, led by Sheriff Pell and ex-Sheriff Terhune, and consisting of the prisoner, between Revs. Romayne and Craig, and Garrett C. Ackerson and Lawyer Demorest, his counsel, entered the Sheriff's room, and appeared at the heavily grated door [illegible] the gallows room from the Sheriff's parlor. Through this narrow door the procession passed: but as the prisoner and his two reverend guards came to pass through it abreast, it was found too narrow. Both the preachers persisted in holding the helpless prisoner's arm, and in the struggle to get through the narrow doorway without decreasing front, it looked to the reporters, in the first corridor, as if they were dragging the prisoner in by force. It was not so, of course, but the bungling management of the preacher, the downcast head and slightly dishevelled hair of the prisoner, the presence of the rude ropes about his body and the noose about his neck, and the armed soldiers in the rear struggling to secure entrance to the fatal corridor, suggested some of the terrible features of an ancient inquisition, or a human slaughter house.

Avery, raising his eyes when past the door, saw, for the first time,

THE SCAFFOLD

upon which he was to die. A convulsive shudder ran through his frame, and then he clenched his hands as if bracing himself to bear the coming blow. Behind this procession came a straggling squad of the Jersey militiamen, who filled the doorway, and throughout the rest of the affair were struggling among themselves to get a view of the hanging through the crowded passageway.

THE INSTRUMENT OF DEATH

was a Jersey improvement on the regular patent. The rope with the noose attached hung pendant from a hole in the ceiling of the corridor, passed over pulleys concealed above the ceiling, and came down through another hole into the bath room and through the floor, ending in the kitchen basement beneath, where a 250 pound iron weight was attached. In the bathroom, on the same floor as the platform, was the rope and pulley which holds the weight, and here the executioner, whose name is a secret to Hackensack, stood concealed from the people outside, with sharpened axe to cut the rope at the given signal. The corridor itself is a narrow one, probably fifty feet long by eighteen feet wide. The galleries of the upper stories trench upon it and the doors of a dozen cells look into it, so close to Avery that no prisoner in these cells could have helped seeing him or hearing the dreadful thud, and any of them could have spoken to him in a whisper if they wished. They were all removed to another part of the building, however, before the execution took place. This narrow corridor was crowded by about one hundred persons, the Chosen Freeholders, who were present in solemn conclave to witness the vindication of the law, and the reporters, being accorded seats in the gallery.

THE PRISONER

wore the gray tweed suit which he had donned in the morning, a plain-bosomed shirt, with collar and black necktie. The black cap which was to cover his features was crushed upon his head, and about his neck hung the fatal noose.

ON THE SCAFFOLD

Sheriff Pell attached the noose to the heavy ship's cable, which served the purpose of the hangman's rope, the prisoner coolly placed himself within the narrow square marked out for him. Counsellor Ackerson leaned against the wall and wept, ex-Sheriff Terhune leaned meditatively upon the steps beneath, and Rev. Mr. Romayne offered

A PRAYER.

It was five minutes in duration, and must have seemed an age to the unhappy criminal and the agitated Sheriff. During the first few words of its delivery Avery allowed his eyes to wander around the thronged corridor, but soon he dropped them and gave way to bitter sobbing. As the "For Christ's sake, amen," of the preacher fell sadly from his lips the doomed youth cast his tearful eyes to heaven, attempted to clasp his pinioned hands, and cried feelingly, "Amen. For Christ's sake, Lord, have mercy on me."

THE CLERGYMEN

then blessed him and shook hands with him. "In God be your trust, poor boy," said Mr. Craig. "God help me!" responded Avery. At last came Sheriff Pell, who asked if he wished to say anything. He grasped eagerly at the chance. "Yes, I want to," said he. Then tearfully, but in a perfectly audible voice, he said:—

HIS DYING SPEECH.

Gentlemen—You are here to-day to see my execution. I am placed upon the scaffold to undergo the ignominious death of a murderer. I acknowledge my guilt, but I never intended to kill him. I had hard feelings against him, but I didn't intend to do him harm. I have hope and trust that my sins are forgiven and that I will receive mercy from that Judge who must judge us all. I never intended to kill that man any more than I do this instant.

THE FALL OF THE WEIGHT.

The Sheriff then shook hands with him, bade him "Goodby," pulled the black cap over his face, pronounced the word "Ready," and on the instant the heavy fall of the weight was heard on the floor below and the body of John W. Avery glided into the air. It was evident at once that the neck was unbroken, and that slow strangulation was to do the deadly work. The slip knot had not been tightened to the neck, through an oversight of the nervous Sheriff, and the noose consequently encircled the jaws and extended well up the left side of the head. The thick rope to which the noose was attached was so bulky that it moved slowly over the pulleys, and the weight, heavy as it was, was not enough to give to the body that sudden vibratory jerk that breaks the neck.

FOR TWELVE MINUTES

the body exhibited those nervous contortions that indicate life and pain—the hands opening and closing, the legs drawing themselves up, the breast even making an attempt to heave and the shoulders working up and down. At twenty-six minutes past twelve Drs Burdett and Hopper felt the pulse and pronounced

THE CRIMINAL DEAD

At twenty minutes to one o'clock the body was cut down and placed in a wagon provided by his step father and started for New York. In the meantime the distracted brother had been walking the floor of the Sheriff's office like a caged beast, his horror and grief giving expression to themselves in moanings and mutterings against the guard, who refused him admission to the scene, but when the body was transferred to the wagon and placed in the rude box, he ran through the main street after it, jumped in the wagon and threw himself upon the coffin crying, "My brother, my brother!" The corpse was brought to this city and will be buried in the Lutheran Cemetery.

At one o'clock the dignity of Bergen county, represented by the Chosen Freeholders, having seen the justice of the Jersey law sternly vindicated adjourned to Van Riper's tavern and cogitated on the blessings of a firm and honest judiciary and the great benefit to the Jersey community of a strict interpretation of the law over boiled salmon and lobster salad and amid a desultory popping of corks.

THE CONVICTS' EMEUTE.

Details of the Insurrection in Auburn State Prison.

How a New York Burglar Opened the Ball While the Chaplain Was Saying Grace at the Mess Table—The Progress of the Rebellion—The Alleged Cause—The Convicts Want Better Fare.

Auburn, N. Y., June 28, 1872.

I arrived here late this evening, to find that the telegrams concerning the revolt in the State Prison have been somewhat exaggerated. That there was a determined plot conceived to rebel against the prison discipline or effect the escape of some of the convicts is true. But there is no evidence showing that any serious violence was resorted to by the ringleaders in the *émeute* or those who followed their lead. The townsfolk, however, as well as the officers of the prison, were greatly excited, and it has not yet died out. The warden, Mr. Ross, permitted me to converse with the men who were participants in the revolt, and from their reports I glean

THE FOLLOWING FACTS.

They report that the plot was conceived by a number of New York roughs, headed by Thomas De Kay, sentenced by Recorder Hackett on the 14th of last July for burglary to Sing Sing, and transferred here. It appears that the convicts first made a demonstration on Tuesday at dinner. The keeper, Mr. Bacon, reports that before the chaplain had concluded grace some men in the mess room groaned, when De Kay burst out into a loud laugh. Bacon asked what he meant, when De Kay said he was laughing at the stinking meat placed before him, which was not fit for a hog to eat. Bacon took the meat from him and repaired to the kitchen, where he and other keepers examined it and found it to be sweet Texas beef cured with saltpetre that gave it a peculiar smell.

THE RINGLEADERS ORDERED OUT.

Bacon then returned to the mess room and ordered De Kay out to the aisle, when he replied that he would be damned before he would go out. Bacon reported to Captain Parsons, a deputy of the principal keeper, and he ordered De Kay out. The ringleader still refused, when Warden Ross appeared on the scene and renewed the order. De Kay then squared off to strike the warden, gave him much impudence and retreated to the other end of the table, which he mounted, and called upon the men of his shop, shoe shop No. 1, to stand by him. One of the keepers charges that he threw forks at the keepers, and struck a waiter in the face with one. He was finally

SECURED AND LOCKED UP,

after appealing to the men to know whether he should go with the warden and receiving an answer in the affirmative. The men returned to their work, and the day passed without incident, except that at night, after the convicts were locked up, they made considerable noise and complained of the stinking meat given them to eat. On Wednesday morning, when ordered to work, many refused unless De Kay and one or two others were released and they were given better fare.

THE MUTINEERS.

The shops in which the men refused to work are as follows:—Tool shop No. 1, about fifty; shoe shop No. 1, about one hundred; shoe shop No. 2, about fifty; tool shop No. 2, twenty; shoe shop No. 3, thirty; axletree shop all, about one hundred; horse collar shop, forty. Some few others also refused to work, while many of the above, the keepers say, were forced to quit work by the ringleaders, who threatened to kill them if they did not join them. The mutineers were taken out to the bucket yard, and then marched to their wards, where Warden Ross permitted representatives of each gang to make their complaint, which was that

THEY WANTED BETTER FARE.

He assured them that he had no intention to give them any but the best, and advised them to return to work. All, it is said, complied, except about six, who were locked up in their cells. During the day they worked quietly, and it was believed that the rebellion was at an end, but yesterday morning a large number of shoe shops refused to work or fall into line to be locked up. About half wanted to work, but were intimidated by their leaders. The warden, with a squad, went down, and after giving an invitation to them to go to work, some complied. About fifty or sixty were locked up. On proceeding to the shop Keeper Featherly found the men idle and determined not to work. Four New Yorkers were at once seized and locked up. They are Thomas Wilson, Thomas Steward, John Jones and James Smith, alias Roderick. Among the other New York convicts in shoe shop No. 2 locked up are Joseph Adler, a burglar—who threw a cup of coffee at Captain Parsons; William J. Sweeney, burglar; George Carson, robber; John F. Goss, a stabber; John Danver, a burglar; Alexander English, a thief; George Byron, burglar; John Smith, burglar; Richard McGovern, burglar; Thomas DeKay, the ringleader; William Lockhard, burglar; Michael Boyle, burglar, and Joe Early, thief.

ANOTHER BATCH LOCKED UP.

An hour or so after these had been secured about twenty-nine in the sash and blind shop struck, as well as some in the tool shop, all of whom were locked up in their cells. This morning the keepers report that ninety of them were released from the cells and returned to work, leaving only a few ringleaders still in the cells. But from other sources I learn there are 160 still confined on bread and water once per day, and rumor says

RECEIVING APPLICATION OF THE "PADDLE."

a flat board on the bare skin, to teach them submission. During the excitement the Willard Guard, a military organization, was called out, but their services were not required. There are various rumors afloat as to the cause of the outbreak; among others that the food is really unfit for them, and that the demonstration was to frighten the Warden into providing better fare. Another is that it was incited by the labor agitators of New York, but this is too absurd for serious notice. It is very certain that escape was not the incentive to the revolt, as none made attempts to gain their liberty, and it is more likely that the convicts made the demonstration for no other purpose than to improve the fare. The keepers regret that there is no law justifying the whipping of prisoners, but they make mysterious references to the beneficial effects of the "paddle" upon the bare hips of refractory convicts. At this writing they are all quiet and well conducted, but the *émeute* may break out anew in the morning.

"ADMIRAL O'KEEFE."

The result of the examination for the Colonel Roberts naval cadetship, held on Thursday, the facts of which have already appeared in the Herald, has caused a widespread sensation, and a feeling of general satisfaction is felt at the success of O'Keefe. From every indication the future of the talented young First-warder will not be embarrassed for want of funds, as the Board of Brokers start a subscription in his behalf to-day. In the First ward, also, a list has been opened, and the indications are that it will be a large one before it is closed. Thus genius and merit will have their reward. The first $5 has reached the Herald in the following letter:—

New York, June 28, 1872.

To the Editor of the Herald:—

Understanding from your celebrated journal that "Admiral O'Keefe" is in want of funds to enable him to reach Annapolis, I enclose $5 as a starter for him. "More power to his elbow!" Respectfully,

FRANK D. HEARD, Bristol House.

SAD SUICIDE OF A MERCHANT.

At an early hour yesterday morning Mr. Peter Fuchs, of the firm of Fuchs & Helmore, jumped from the bedroom window at his residence, in Washington street, Hoboken, and striking his skull against the flags was killed instantly. Deceased was well known in mercantile circles. He was laboring under temporary insanity, which was probably superinduced by drink. Coroner Parslow holds an inquest.

AQUATIC.

The Amateur Championship of Harlem River for Four-Oar Shells.

NASSAU VS. GRAMERCY

The Nassau Crew Win by Twenty Lengths—Time, 18 Minutes and 31 Seconds.

The championship of the Harlem River is an honor much coveted by the members of the different clubs whose boat houses line the southern bank of the river between Harlem Bridge and the railroad bridge. The rivalry has been mainly between the Nassau, the Gramercy and the Athletic clubs, and for some time past there appears to have been a desire on the part of the two former to test the respective merits of their four-oar crews and decide to which properly belonged the master flag. Yesterday was a charming day for a boat race, as towards afternoon there was hardly a breath of wind to ruffle the surface of the water, and the clear blue sky above gave promise that no rain would mar the business of the occasion. The gathering crowds of aquatic gentlemen that filled the barrooms adjacent to the waters betokened that there was something lively afoot, and conversation generally was devoted to feats of skill and endurance on the water. Marvellous tales were told of the wonderful time that had been made on the Harlem River by the Biglins, Blue, Kyle and other aquatic celebrities. One individual, of a decidedly seedy appearance, attired in a pair of brown pants, patched in the seat with blue flannel, and a gray Jersey that was minus an arm, was descanting loudly on the great race at Saratoga last year, when he saw "the Ward boys wid Hank Ward, who was sixty-eight last year, bate thim Canada's crews." How many more aquatic truths this gentleman might have produced it is hard to say; but while in the height of his glory, and with his audience aghast at his aquatic knowledge, a bystander reminded him that he was on the Island when the Saratoga race came off. All hands went to take a drink and the individual with the blue patch sloped. There did not appear to be much betting on the event, as offers of 2 to 1 and 5 to 2 on the Nassau crew went begging.

Shortly before four P. M. the tug Tittamer came up the East River with the members of the Nassau Club and their guests. After stopping to take a few more of their friends on board the Tittamer passed through the bridge and took up a position on the High Bridge side of the railroad bridge. The Rattler, a small steam tug that had been chartered by the Gramercy Club, came up the East River shortly afterwards

HEAVILY LADEN

with passengers, and made a landing before arriving at Harlem Bridge to take on some more. A steamboat inspector with an eye to business, happened to be close at hand, and seeing the crowd came on board and said that as the Rattler was only licensed to carry seventy-five passengers about two hundred would have to get off before she could leave the dock. This mandate created a slight confusion, and finally ended in the Rattler not going any further.

In the meanwhile the Nassau crew were getting impatient, as the tide was about to turn and they wanted to get off. They were looking well and fit as they sat in front of their boathouse clad in rowing attire, consisting of a pale pink Jersey and blue drawers, cut short below the knees. Babcock was there as substitute for Jones, who had gone amiss in his training. It would have been hard to pick four finer specimens of the

MUSCULAR CHRISTIANITY

of Young America than were there represented. The Gramercy boys were up at their boathouse, a little nearer the railroad bridge, anxiously awaiting the arrival of their tug; but presently learning of its detention, they brought out their shell, and taking their seats, paddled out in the stream at about 4:15. The spectators on the bridge and the surrounding docks gave them a hearty cheer as they settled down to their stroke and took a breather to open their piping valves. The Gramercy crew were attired in blue shirts and red drawers. As soon as

THE NASSAU CREW

saw their antagonists they got their shell in the water and paddled down easily to the starting point. The course was three miles straight away, starting from two stakeboats moored on the northern shore of the river, about four hundred yards above the railroad bridge, under Macomb's Dam Bridge and High Bridge to Morris dock. The referee, Mr. Frederick J. Engelhardt, was on board the Tittamer, and at about half-past four the crews were ordered to their positions. When they both arrived at the starting point it was noticed that the Nassau stake boat had drifted some five or six yards astern, and Mr. Engelhardt ordered the latter crew to pull up, and finally getting them in a line gave the word

"GO"

at thirty-six minutes past four. The Nassau boys caught the water first, and, as they take a good hold when they dip, they shot ahead at the start, and before a dozen strokes had been pulled the Gramercy crew were nearly a length astern. The Nassau crew were evidently determined to have no foul, and Bacon, pulling bow, gave the Gramercies a wide birth by selecting the southern shore for their water.

THE GRAMERCY

crew were pulling a fast stroke of about forty-four to the minute, and dipped very lightly. Their recovery was good, but they had not the graceful, easy and finished style of the Nassau crew, who, although they did not pull over forty-one to the minute, made every stroke tell by a longer sweep and holding better water.

The river was covered with single shells, four oars, six and eight-oar gigs, and rowboats of every description; but, with praiseworthy intelligence, they kept out of the course. A number of the barges of the different clubs were also out, including those of the Nautilus, Gramercy and Athletic Clubs. The Nassaus were steadily forging ahead, and they shot under

M'COOMB'S DAM BRIDGE,

with a clear lead of about four lengths, pulling forty to the minute. The Gramercies were still working away at forty-four, but it was evident they were beaten, and although they hung to their work like tough men they must alter their style of rowing before they can expect to beat the crew that was giving them the lead. The crews passed M'Coomb's Dam Bridge as follows:—

	H.	M.	S.
The Nassau crew	4	41	26
The Gramercy crew	4	41	44

As the crews came into the bend leading to High Bridge the river presented a very charming picture, with its southern banks densely wooded and throwing a shadow over the water that formed a pleasant resting place for some twenty or thirty boats and their occupants, who had taken this position to witness the race. The ladies on board the Tittamer were intensely delighted with the success of their friends and the prospect of half dozen of Jouvin's best that they had wagered on the result.

THE NASSAU

crew were evidently having the race all their own way, and had dropped into a steady thirty-eight, which, however, was quite sufficient to keep increasing their lead. The Gramercy crew were still hanging to about forty-three to the minute, and kept inside the stakes on the northern shore.

High Bridge was lined with spectators, and they gave the Nassau crew a hearty cheer, and fluttered their handkerchiefs in the evening breeze as they shot beneath the first arch from the southern shore and sped on towards the goal of victory. The Gramercies followed some ten lengths behind through the second arch. The crews passed under High Bridge as follows:

	H.	M.	S.
Nassau Crew	4	48	10
Gramercy Crew	4	48	50

The boats had now entered the last mile, and the Gramercy crew made a last struggle to close the gap, spurting about forty-five to the minute, and at one moment it looked as if they might have a chance, as the Nassau boat fouled a pair-oar shell which had capsized in their track. The delay was, however, only momentary, as they quickly resumed their stroke and shot by Morris Dock, winning by twenty lengths. Time, 18m. 31s. The Gramercy crew went by at 19m. 15s., being beaten by forty-four seconds. The names and weights of the crews are as follows:—

NASSAU.

	Lbs.
G. Willis, stroke	152
J. C. Babcock, No. 3	152
F. G. Brown, No. 2	140
F. W. Bacon, bow	151½
Total	595½

GRAMERCY.

	Lbs.
H. M. Howell, stroke	154
Ch. Zachman, No. 3	150
R. Welsmen, No. 2	144
Ch. Earwicker, bow	146
Total	594

The Nassau crew pulled in a shell built for them by Jewell, of Dunstan-on-Tyne, England. She measured 40 feet by 13 inches beam. The Gramercy boat was built by McKay and was of the same dimensions. The prize was a set of champion colors and a gold medal to each of the winning crew. The judges were Mr. H. Blood for the Nassau crew and Mr. R. Losee for the Gramercy crew. Mr. James Watson officiated as timekeeper.

The Tittamer was the only steamer that followed the race, and she was well handled, giving those on board a good view and not interfering with the racing boats.

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

NEW YORK HERALD

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
PROPRIETOR.

Volume XXXVII.....No. 181

AMUSEMENTS THIS AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

BOWERY THEATRE, Bowery.—CARPENTER OF ROUEN—NICK OF THE WOODS. Matinee at 2.

WOOD'S MUSEUM, Broadway, corner Thirtieth st.—ESCAPED FROM SING SING. Matinee at 2

BOOTH'S THEATRE, Twenty-third street, corner Sixth avenue.—ENOCH ARDEN. Matinee at 1½.

THEATRE COMIQUE, 514 Broadway.—CHICAGO BEFORE THE FIRE, DURING THE FIRE AND AFTER THE FIRE. Matinee.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE, 14th st. and Broadway.—THE FAIR ONE WITH THE BLONDE WIG. Matinee at 2½.

OLYMPIC THEATRE, Broadway.—SCHNEIDER: OR, THE OLD HOUSE ON THE RHINE. Matinee at 2

WALLACK'S THEATRE, Broadway and Thirteenth street.—OF THE JURY.

LINA EDWIN'S THEATRE, 720 Broadway.—GEORGIA MINSTRELS. Matinee

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE, No 201 Bowery.—NEGRO ECCENTRICITIES, BURLESQUE, &c.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.—GARDEN INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT.

TERRACE GARDEN, 58th st., between 3d and Lexington avs.—SUMMER EVENING CONCERTS.

PAVILION, No. 638 Broadway, near Fourth street.—LADY ORCHESTRA.

NEW YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, 618 Broadway.—SCIENCE AND ART.

DR. KAHN'S MUSEUM, No. 745 Broadway.—ART AND SCIENCE.

WITH SUPPLEMENT.

New York, Saturday, June 29, 1872.

CONTENTS OF TO-DAY'S HERALD.

PAGE.

1—Advertisements.
2—Advertisements—Marriages.
3—Marriages and Deaths (Continued from Second Page)—Dead by the Law: Execution of John W. Avery at Hackensack—The Convicts' Emeute: Details of the Insurrection in Auburn State Prison—Aquatic: The Amateur Championship of Harlem River for Four-Oar Shells — Brooklyn Affairs — The National Game—Important Railroad Settlement—"Admiral O'Keefe"—Sad Suicide of a Merchant.
4—Editorials: Leading Article, "The Gladstone Ministry on the Ballot in England and the Prospect for the Reformers"—Amusement Announcements.
5—The Alabama Claims: History of the Proceedings of the Arbitration Court During Thursday and Friday, June 27 and 28; The British Cabinet Statement: The Question in Washington—Preparing for the Fourth of July in Paris—The War in Mexico—Cuba: Reported Surrender of Insurgents—The Edgar Stewart—Bloody Riot in Peru—News from Washington—Business Notices.
6—Stokes: Examination of Witnesses Continued; Further History of the Shooting: Fisk's Coachman on the Stand: Counsel for the Prisoner Developing Their Line of Defence—Interesting Proceedings in the New York and Brooklyn Courts—At the Tombs—Sunday School Children's Picnic.
7—Advertisements.
8—College Commencements:—Another Batch of Candidates for "Holy Orders;" Our Future Female Teachers: The Archbishop at Manhattanville—The Labor Crisis: Another Day of the Eight-Hour Movement—The Impeached Judges—The Weather in the City—The Electoral College Under the New Apportionment—Ben Wade on the Situation—The Richmond Horticultural Exhibition—Art Honored in Newark—Railroad Accident at Point Pleasant—Cuba: The Failure of the Spaniards to Suppress the Insurrection; A Spanish Official in League with the Insurgents.
9—Cuba (Continued from Eighth Page)—Financial and Commercial: Rapid Rise in Government Bonds; Money Firmer; Resumption of Specie Shipments: A New Conundrum in Erie—The Red Men: Adjournment of the General Council—The New Board of Pharmacy—Appointment of Judge Quinn as School Trustee—The Death of James Dougherty—Delirium Tremens and Death—Advertisements.
10—The Jubilee: A Day of Disappointment to the New England Politicians; Greeley Not Present—Yale College—Long Branch Races—Mystic Park Races—Wonderful Escape from Death—Army and Navy Orders—Shipping Intelligence—Advertisements.

THE WAR IN MEXICO still presents a gloomy and almost incomprehensible picture. The ground gained to-day by the government forces is occupied by the revolutionary party to-morrow; and more miserable arrangements were never beheld in the *most barbarous of guerilla* warfare. According to our special despatch published elsewhere the capture of Saltillo by the rebels under Treviño, has been confirmed by a despatch from the retreating chief of the government garrison to General Cevallos, at Camargo. Thus the rebels are in possession of a most desirable position. Probably owing to this confirmation rumors were afloat in the latter city that Quiroga's forces were marching thither to attack Cevallos' command. Of this, however, nothing definite had been ascertained. The great sensation in the garrison at Camargo appears to be the prospect of a genuine cavalry hunt after the revolutionary robber and blackmailer, Gomez Portugal, who has been scarring the merchants around Matamoros and levying on their produce until the villages have become like a plain after locusts have departed.

THE TRIAL OF STOKES.—The ninth day of the trial of Edward S. Stokes for the murder of James Fisk, Jr., although it added very little to the facts immediately relating to the act, developed some of the surrounding evidence on which the prosecution hope, with the aid of the direct testimony, to secure a verdict of guilty against the prisoner. There was also developed something of the theory of the defence. A great amount of curiosity has naturally obtained as to what this would be. It would now seem, from the cross-examination of Houseman, Fisk's coachman, that one of the main points on the trial will be the question whether Fisk was armed or not at the time of the shooting. From queries directed to this witness it seems not improbable that evidence, direct or indirect, will be brought of Fisk having been armed at the time. As with Chamberlain's evidence for the prosecution, this line of defence will depend on other points not yet developed being introduced, in order to have any real effect on the main issue. That counsel for the defence showed temper and heat at times must be set down as something allowable by the traditions of the bar in such cases, but it is not always wise to keep abusing "the plaintiff's attorney." On this the Court passed an opinion.

The composition of the well-dressed lounger crowd that hangs about the entrances of Broadway hotels may find some uncomfortable illustration in the person of Wandle, the "sporting man," who appears in the trial to say he saw Stokes hurrying along towards the hotel and going in at the ladies' entrance, and that Fisk followed close after. After the somewhat *ex officio* evidence of Coroner Young and Captain Byrne, and that of Mr. Crockitt, the hotel clerk, the Court adjourned to Monday, giving the twelve blanks on the jury leave to separate in the meantime. Both sides must have been perfectly correct in trusting these charming jurors not to retain a fixed impression from anything that might happen in the meantime.

The Gladstone Ministry on the Ballot in England and the Prospect for the Reformers.

The conclusion come to at Geneva regarding the so-called indirect claims has made an end of much useless speculation on both sides of the Atlantic. The result is a gain to civilization. It is a gain also to two great political parties. It is a gain to the republican party in America. It is a gain to the liberal party in England. What may be the gain to President Grant we do not yet choose to say; but we have no hesitation in saying that the salvation of the Washington Treaty is the salvation of the Gladstone Ministry. Mr. Gladstone today is more powerful than when some years ago he was called upon to take the place vacated by Lord Palmerston. Mr. Gladstone has already made a record which justifies his friends to say that Great Britain has had no such statesman at the helm of affairs since the days of William Pitt. The name of Peel will never be forgotten and Palmerston will be lastingly remembered; but, much as those statesmen did for the prosperity and honor of England, neither of them could make the boast which the friends of Mr. Gladstone can justly make in his name. The present Premier of England, in addition to the services he rendered his country as a great financial reformer, has accomplished great and memorable reforms in the Church and in the army. The disestablishment of the Irish Church and the important modification of the system of Irish land tenure were political triumphs sufficient to reward the labors and to satisfy the ambition of any statesman. These reforms redound to the honor and praise of Mr. Gladstone, and of Mr. Gladstone alone. For those great political triumphs Mr. Gladstone is now entitled to claim all the glory which comes from the salvation of the Treaty of Washington. If this treaty affair had fallen through Mr. Gladstone would have been pronounced a failure. It has not fallen through, and Mr. Gladstone is the powerful Prime Minister of England, more powerful to-day than ever, and Mr. Disraeli is nowhere.

Mr. Gladstone is now in reality master of the situation in England. His reform tendencies are not only not checked, they are encouraged. The British people, feeling convinced that he has carried them through a great crisis with honor and dignity, will stand by him in any future measure which may call for national sympathy and support. The demand for reform is as strong in England to-day as it was when Mr. Gladstone came into power. The disestablishment of the Irish Church and the important improvement made in the system of Irish land tenure, if they have pleased certain sections of the Irish people, cannot be said to have satisfied the reformers of England. These were but steps in the pathway of progress. The law of entail, the Established Church in England and in Scotland, and the House of Lords—as the House of Lords is at present constituted—all these are bugbears to the reformers; and one by one, if the reformers are true to themselves, these must pass away. The settlement of the questions which threatened trouble between Great Britain and America leaves Mr. Gladstone free to prosecute the work of domestic reform. Mr. Gladstone must go on in the path he has chosen or retire from public life. The Ballot bill, which has passed through both houses of Parliament, leaves Mr. Gladstone no choice but to prosecute the work of reform. His hand has been laid on the plough and he dare not look back. All that is wanted to make the Ballot bill law throughout the three kingdoms is the signature of the Queen; and it is but little likely that the Royal signature will be withheld. A George the Third is no longer possible in England; at all events, Queen Victoria has never been obstructive, and the power of Parliament has been so little held in check during the present reign that it is reasonable to conclude that royal authority will not interfere with the Ballot bill.

Now that secret voting is likely to become law in Great Britain, the question is raised whether secret voting will not destroy the monarchy and make smooth the way for the triumph of the republic. There are those who say that the introduction of the ballot marks the beginning of the end of the monarchy. There are others who hold that the ballot is as safe as the open polling booth. It is notorious that, while these things are said on both sides of the Atlantic, the passage of the Ballot bill, first through the House of Commons and afterwards through the House of Lords, has scarcely rippled the surface of English thought. The debates in both houses have been uninteresting, and the mass of the people have been absolutely indifferent as to the fate of a measure which, so far as they could judge, was to make them neither richer nor poorer, better nor worse. This state of feeling marks a revolution in itself. Time was, and men still young remember it, when the ballot box was demanded by one class as their one hope of salvation and denounced by another class as the certain ruin of the empire. The ballot is now certain to become law, and the tory gentry are not mad, neither are the people jubilant. All classes accept the situation, and all seem equally willing to make the experiment.

With regard to the possible effect of the ballot on the fate of the monarchy and the prospects of the republic, it is not unimportant to note the opinion given by one of the most prominent English republican writers of the day. In his recent article in the *Fortnightly Review*, an article which has commanded a large amount of attention in literary and political circles in England, Mr. Frederick Harrison says, "There is no necessary connection between republic and ballot boxes, stump oratory and the rule of the masses. Nothing is more mindless than the common assumption that there is no republic possible but that of our American brethren. Every sinister feature of their public life is due to the fact of their national origin, not to the fact of their having a republic. We, however, here repudiate that as the type of the republic, of which it is in many respects a very inferior example." "The present writer," Mr. Harrison says again, "has never confounded republic with democracy. It is not he or his friends who would teach the people the gospel of equality or the revelation of universal suffrage. It is not they who have held up the United States as the eternal model of a republic, for in many things we hold it to be one of the worst." It is clear from this that Mr. Harrison is not a republican of the American type, but it is not so clear what kind of a republic Mr. Harrison wants. Throughout his elaborate and able essay there is manifest a lingering liking for the present occupant of the throne and for the august accompaniments of royalty. In another part of his essay Mr. Harrison tells us that England, "in the truest sense of the word, is and has long been a republic, though a most imperfect republic it must be allowed. The republican form, the object of such hopes and such fears, is important enough; but it is, after all, a matter of administrative adjustment." When the merits and demerits of the republican form of government are being so freely discussed in England—when the Ballot bill is allowed to pass both houses with so little resistance, and when the republic is so successfully working its way to favor on the other side of the British Channel, the young Giant of the West meanwhile alarming the nations of the Old World by his rapid increase of bulk and power, it is not unreasonable to conclude that Great Britain is on the verge of another great political crisis. For some years past the work of reform has been going on with unwonted rapidity. The ballot box cannot fail to give the masses more confidence in themselves, and so to add strength to the reform movement. If the republic is to go on towards perfection the next point of attack must be the law of entail, the Established Church or the House of Lords. All are bound to suffer; and it will be difficult for any amount of foresight and precaution to avert what seems impending doom. The ballot in England must be regarded as a fresh popular gain.

Presidential Guns at the Boston Barn.

The Yankee showmen at the pine board barn in Boston Back Bay, after expending all their powder, using up all the firemen and old iron they could procure, demoralizing the big drum and getting the final yell out of the twenty thousand throats on the stage, have been compelled to look beyond the heterogeneous crowd they have already secured, and to seek outside for something in the way of a sensation to keep the remnant of life in the fast collapsing balloon. Their first cast was a lucky one, landing on Back Bay no less a prize than a live President. This new feature in the show served to expand it a little, and the unwieldy monster once more showed signs of life. All at once hope dawned in the breast of the "Hub;" her faithful children, who daily perch, like a flock of crows, on the fence surrounding the barn, listening gratuitously to the "shindig" within, nodded to each other significantly, and several side shows and peanut stands were rescued from impending bankruptcy. The introduction of a Presidential element in the panjandrum proving such a success, the managers went fishing again, and this time netted the Sage of Chappaqua, hat, white coat, cowskin boots and all. Thus the bucolic minds from Cape Cod, Hull and Swampscott, drawn from their rural retreats by the first tap of Gilmore's big drum, may be edified between the eruptions of "God Save the Queen" and "The Star-Spangled Banner," with hints as to the culture of early onions, the grafting of cauliflowers on pear trees or the effect of tobacco on Penobscot strawberries. Nay, the quick-witted Strauss might work up a waltz in agricultural measures and call it the "What I Know About Farming Waltz." It would be sure to rival "The Blue Danube." Or the Hero of Appomattox might recite "Sheridan's Ride," tell what he knows about flank movements and put the Boston Lancers through a lightning drill on the big drum. But this cannot last forever, and the gulf in the managerial exchequer is hard to fill. The east wind brings with it a wail from the myriad committees and the doleful ones on the fence. Grant must get back to his cottage by the sea and his favorite cigar. Greeley is terribly bothered about his cherished onion patch at Chappaqua. But a committee of Bostonians is after him. They wish to capture the old man to fill up the show any how. Let him go and drink a keg of lager bier on top of the big drum. By helping Gilmore in this way, he will capture the German as well as the Irish vote.

There are lots of other Presidential candidates. There is William S. Groesbeck, who might do a great deal of good in the way of revenue reforms among the Back Bay Athenians, by inducing them to sell the barn to some lumber yard and banish the modern Themistocles of music. Then Chief Justice Davis, in the matter of labor reform, could do a great deal of good by making the egotistical committees do some of the work of the unhappy chorus and demented policemen and by limiting the performances to eight hours. Mr. James Black, the temperance candidate, should give his views concerning the lager beer saloon under the stage and the vile beverages dispensed to the people on the fence outside.

But when the managers come to the Dolly Varden ticket, Woodhull and Douglass, what a glorious opportunity there will be for the Liberal Club, Faneuil Hall and the denizens of the Neck to display their knowledge of isms, and for the twenty thousand singers to immortalize themselves in the strains of "My Mary Anne" or "Doodah!" Then the colored singers, who were the characteristic representatives of the Russian day last week, might indulge in a general walk around or a plantation breakdown. We should also mention the dyspeptic Train, whose feelings could find a proper vent in the five-acre lot on Back Bay. What a touching feature of the Peace Jubilee it would be to see the Fenian candidate escorted down to the big barn, with the British Grenadier Guards' band in advance, playing "The Rocky Road to Dublin," or "St. Patrick was a Gentleman!" A trapeze performance, or some new acts on the horizontal bars, would in this instance have a wonderful effect. Then, we must not forget our peripatetic friend, Daniel Pratt, whose views on Presidential pedestrianism might excite a little interest, and if a circus in the barn can be arranged, why let them engage Dan Rice. After the list of Presidential candidates is exhausted the best thing the Boston showmen can do is to shut up the barn and announce it for sale. The days of Joyce Heths and woolly horses are gone, and not even a bran new Fiji mermaid would draw in this hot weather. But let them do their utmost, their financial account will come out with the balance on the wrong side. Then they must bequeath to their children an obnoxious jubilee tax, worse than that which induced their ancestors to throw the tea chests into the harbor nearly a century ago. If they treat the barn, calliope, organ, piano, anvils and committees in the same manner the verdict of the world will be, "Served them right." Now, with all the ingratitude that Boston has shown the metropolis of America, we heap coals of fire upon the heads of the Back Bay Athenians by offering them magnanimously the above valuable suggestions.

The Treaty and Its Salvation—Prospects for Direct Damages—The Glory of the Affair.

It may be expected in certain official quarters that the American people will throw up their caps and shout hallelujah because the Treaty of Washington has been saved, yet we have seen very little sign of the national jubilation yet. Everything is satisfactory to both sides, say our despatches from Geneva; everything lovely, say the authorities at the State Department, while hip, hip, hurrah! comes from the English Parliament. Indirect claims have been kicked out or ruled out of court, as you please, and the arbitrators will meet on the 15th of next month to give us a hint whether we are ever likely to receive one cent on our direct claims. The plaintiff who goes into court with a demand for heavy damages and finds, to begin with, that the best he or the Court can do will barely secure him his costs, will stand very well for America at present, while the bungling lawyer who begged and bullied and was fined for contempt preparatory to losing his preposterous case, will stand very well for the malign genius who conducted our case at Geneva. The Secretary of State is willing to absorb all the credit. President Grant is anxious to share it with him. Bancroft Davis will demand his portion, and arbitrator Adams will not shirk his duty in admitting that his claim to future fame is based on giving way to Sir Alexander Cockburn's argument at the right time. The popular enthusiasm which may be expected to figure in the canvass before November has not yet shown its head, and is never likely to. The proceedings in the matter may be summarized as follows:—In May, 1871, a treaty was signed. In December the United States went into court with a bulky, inflated case, which certainly succeeded in making the Eagle scream on this side of the Atlantic and the *old* Lion roar on the other. So long as the Eagle screamed all went happily, and Americans looked with some complacency on the flag which England would have rent in tatters ten years ago if she could. But the roaring of the Lion put another face on the matter, and the authorities in Washington gave it to be understood that the Eagle's scream was only in jest after all. Then followed the submarine growlings and shriekings to explain this, and the old Lion insisted in the end that if it was a joke America should say so in black and white. This brought about the supplemental. The old Lion, when he came to examine our explanation of the State Department's joke, insisted that there was a skulking earnestness about it which caused him strange misgivings. How the arbitrators came to help us out of the slough of muddy diplomacy is already told, and with England presenting its final argument and Count Sclopis innocently talking of international amity, the curtain drops for the present.

There have been two great audiences to this variety performance, whose utterances have been at times singularly alike, although from different causes. The English people found their bitter denunciation of the American "case" reflected in the peremptory action of their statesmen. The resentment which found deep utterance in America arose from the fact that our statesmen, like the King of France marching up hill, only did so to come down again. From the moment it was known that our national honor had been used with as little regard to our dignity as a professional swearer at the police courts a sentiment of morose indifference came upon the people, which is the feeling that has prevented any of the begged-for enthusiasm to-day. They know that the careful gravity which should characterize the representatives of a great nation in a matter of this kind has been wanting, and when shame has printed its blush upon the face of the people, let the administration remember that cheers do not rise readily from the throat.

The great question of direct damages, it is felt, must materially suffer, so far as a verdict for America is concerned, by the outrageous failure in the matter of the indirect claims. Although the well known legal aphorism, "*Falsus in uno falsus in omnibus*," may not be pressed in the matter, who will be so bold as to say that it will not have a merited application when the arbitrators come down to adjudication upon the claims for actual piracies committed by the Alabama and her fellows?

When the history of this whole treaty comes to be written there will be a curious query raised—namely, why America should have written down claims and supported them at fiery length and parallel expense, while at the same time declaring the undesirability of a verdict in her favor? It will be remembered that these indirect claims were fired in the popular mind by a speech of Charles Sumner in the United States Senate when the Johnson-Clarendon Treaty was rejected. It will be shown, we are sure, that a weak Secretary of State, rather than face the unpopularity of combating Sumner's sledge-hammer rhetoric, put the indirect claims in the case in order that England might stamp them out for him. This may have been "cute," but it was the thing which of all others patriotism would condemn—namely, putting the axe into a foreign hand to strike off the head of a fellow citizen. As American honor rolled in the basket along with the heads of Sumner's arguments, the American nation must not be blamed for listening without sympathy to the cheers as headsman Gladstone holds up the severed members to show that life is extinct.

Summer excursions along the Swiss lakes and mutual good will among judges and lawyers may do a good deal in their way to bring about international amity and all that, but when the glory of the treaty's salvation comes to be divided in America it will be found to be as small as the damages ever likely to accrue, when the miserable affair is well ended and laid aside for good and all.

JUDGE DAVID DAVIS has gracefully retired from the Presidential arena. "Having accomplished the object of our expedition," as the old army despatches used to read, "we retired in good order."

The Partisan Press on the Political Situation.

The Providence *Journal* (Grant) is not at all discouraged by the prevailing general enthusiasm in favor of Greeley. "Brag is a good dog," it quotes, "but Holdfast is a better." "The opposition to Grant," argues the *Journal*, "is not greater than was that to Lincoln. It will, doubtless, be more united, but that will give it no greater power." If the old adage be true that "in union there is strength," will it not apply as well to the Greeley uprising as to any other political event?

The Boston *Advertiser* (Grant) asks, "Can anybody imagine Mr. Adams, in order to compass any office within the gift of any people, pursuing such a course as Mr. Greeley has descended to? The selfish revenge of Gratz Brown has an appropriate counterpart in the selfish folly of Mr. Greeley." It is plain that the administration papers are at present fighting an up-hill battle. But how long will it last? How long before the Grant batteries will open in earnest?

The Baltimore *American*, (Grant), like the Boston *Traveller*, (also Grant), "has yet to hear the name of a single republican in the State who has announced his intention to vote for Greeley." As Maryland is essentially an anti-republican and an anti-administration State by some forty-thousand majority, it does not matter much, it would seem, which way the administration republicans may go in the coming Presidential election.

The Baltimore *Gazette* (straight democrat, but inclining to Greeley), warns its friends that "the contest in which they are about to enter will be waged with a bitterness and intensity surpassing any yet known in our political annals." "All the power of an unscrupulous Executive," adds the *Gazette*, "will be brought to bear against the endeavors of the opposition." It would be very strange indeed if the administration did not exercise all its energies to retain a further lease of power. According to the old axiom:—

They should take who have the power,
And they should keep who can.

The Oswego (N. Y.) *Gazette* (democratic), after a careful review of the position of parties, earnestly advocates the acceptance of Mr. Greeley by the Democratic Convention. "By doing so," it adds, "we shall gain the co-operation of a million of liberal republican voters, and achieve an easy victory for the principles we hold dear."

The editor of the Chicago *Times* (anti-Greeley democrat) has coined a new word in derision of Mr. Greeley's supporters. He calls them "Chappaquacks." Shortly after perpetrating this joke he unfortunately met with a serious accident, which, we sincerely regret to learn, will prevent our genial contemporary from indulging in the humorous for some time to come.

Says the Boston *Traveller* (Grant):—"Now that the nomination of Mr. Greeley at Baltimore is conceded, the republicans everywhere congratulate themselves on the certainty of General Grant's re-election in November." Adds the *Traveller*:—

We have yet to see the first republican that expresses anything but satisfaction with the prospective nomination, or to find the first republican voter who does not believe that will be the best thing possible for the republican party. On the other hand, there are many democrats sulky and dissatisfied, who, if they are brought to vote for Greeley, will do so with the feeling that they have been betrayed.

It would be interesting to see the statistics of the number of republicans the worthy editor of the *Traveller* sees in the course of his travels. Yet there are a good many republicans, he must confess, who like the idea of Greeley's election—but they are liberal ones.

The Montgomery (Ala.) *Advertiser* (democratic) says it is the "height of madness to think now of checking the Greeley tide." Why not try, then, Mrs. Partington's method, and endeavor to "mop it up?"

The Omaha (Nebraska) *Herald* (Greeley) thinks the two-thirds rule will be unanimously adopted at Baltimore. That is because it believes Greeley will be unanimously nominated.

The Milwaukee (Wis.) *Sentinel* (Grant) asks "if it is not about time the hypocritical opposition journals ceased shedding mock tears over the low associations of President Grant." Another Western paper says Grant has "outgrown the barroom loafers." But have the barroom loafers outgrown him?

The Memphis *Appeal* (democratic) says the nomination of Greeley and Brown at Baltimore "is a fixed and inevitable fact," and rather likes the idea.

The Abbeville (Ala.) *Register* (democratic) admits that "Mr. Greeley has said many harsh things against the institutions and the people of the South; yet, even though these expressions were inexcusable, it thinks it is the part of wisdom for the people of the South to yield Mr. Greeley their hearty, united support, in case the Baltimore Convention should resolve upon co-operation."

A Southern paper relates as a significant fact that an enthusiastic Greeley publican in Dalton, Ga., recently changed the name of his hotel from the "Georgia House" to the "Greeley House," and shortly afterwards it was struck by lightning. The hotel was immediately repaired, on the principle that lightning seldom strikes twice in the same place.

The Richmond *Whig* (Greeley) has a pleasant way of allaying the fears of the Southern negroes, who apprehend that they will relapse into a state of slavery in case Greeley is elected. It says:—

Greeley's election will have the effect of setting them free again, and this time really so, for he will deliver them from the rascally swarm of the carpet-baggers. All these obscene birds will have to disappear from the Southern sky when Greeley enters on the stage. This is a matter well understood, and whites and blacks will have a common cause for rejoicing.

But who will take the places of these unclean birds? Won't poor Sambo be the football after all?

Light in the East—Japan and the Future of Asia.

The remarkable revolution that has taken place within a few years and is still going on in Japan will be one of the most interesting epochs in the history of the world. Occurring in our own days, and when the mind is crowded with the astonishing events of modern progress and of this fast age, we are apt to lose sight of what is transpiring in Asia. At least, people generally are not likely to realize at once the importance of the movements in that part of the world. The future historian, however, will comprehend the importance of the revolution which commenced only a few years ago and which has made such wonderful strides. There is nothing in history comparable to it. One of the oldest nations of Asia, isolated for thousands of years from Western civilization and almost from contact with the outside world, bound up with strong prejudices, and, like China, despising the people of other parts of the world as inferior, this nation has all at once thrown off its exclusiveness, pride and prejudice, and has opened its arms to Western civilization and progress. Light has burst through the long ages of darkness and proud isolation and the Japanese now are eager to copy whatever they find good or suitable in other nations. The treaty recently negotiated between Japan and the United States will soon be signed, for we learn from Washington that important despatches in favor of completing the treaty have just arrived from Japan for the Embassy in this county. It is thought the work on the treaty will be concluded in the middle of July, and then the Embassy will leave for London. This treaty will tend to the progress of the Japanese empire in civilization, and will improve our relations with it vastly. Indeed, the surprising strides that have been made within the last few years are due chiefly to the intercourse of Japan with the United States. China will follow Japan in the way of progress before long. The whole of the Mongolian empires of the East are destined to be revolutionized and to assimilate more and more to our superior civilization. In this revolution the American republic must exercise great influence, and we should steadily keep in view the vast commercial advantages which will open to us as these populous nations of Asia become more friendly and adopt our ideas and habits.

Rumored European Conference on the International.

Last year about this time the idea was seriously entertained that the meeting between the Austrian and German Emperors, at Gastein, related in some way to the International. The work of the Paris Commune, and the part which a portion of the members of the International played in the struggles of the second siege spread alarm throughout Europe. It was very natural, then, when Kaiser William and Emperor Francis Joseph, with their right-hand men, Bismarck and Beust, met at the little Austrian watering place of Gastein, according to agreement, that the Workingmen's International Society should occupy some portion of their attention. If anything was done in this direction the secret has been well kept. Once more we hear of some contemplated action by the governments of Europe regarding the International. A Berlin semi-official journal has recently brought the question on the tapis. It says that there is a proposal issued by the Berlin Cabinet to the various Powers of Europe calling for a Congress to consider the social question. This is not the first time that this rumor has gained circulation. It was circulated once before, possibly by way of a feeler—Bismarck works that way at times, it is said—and then denied. Recently it appeared again, and in a more authoritative way, and no contradiction has followed. Berlin is spoken of as the place where the Convention will be held. If it is really contemplated, and at Germany's solicitation, it is more than probable that there will be vacant chairs in that Convention. England, we feel sure, will not join in what may prove a crusade against the International. France will hesitate ere she embarks upon such a sea of troubles. Austria will heartily go in, and so will poor, weak Spain, which country has already issued a circular calling for the very action now contemplated, but which scarcely any government gave heed to. Russia will possibly participate, unless governed by the conviction that she is able to manage her own affairs in her own way; and Italy, whose unity is not yet complete, will join in at the bidding of her new ally. The unsettled state of the labor market, the discontent among the working classes on account of time and pay, and the heavy flow of emigration, especially from Germany, are fast exercising influences requiring attention. Should the conference, if it ever assembles, inquire seriously and thoughtfully into the great question now agitating the working classes it may be the means of much good, but should it resolve to have recourse to the "stamping out" process, to crush the International, it may kindle a flame which it will find it difficult to extinguish.

Little Johnny O'Keefe, the Newsboy Admiral.

It often happens that great expectations end in small realizations; but that, in effect, proves only that we must not always build our nests in the top of the highest trees. There are certain measures, however, which, when they enter into calculations, always give a good showing for a balance on the right side of our hopes, and such are those which must be considered in the case of the black-headed, gray-eyed newsboy, O'Keefe, who won in competitive examination on Thursday a right to the nomination for the naval cadetship from the Fifth Congressional district of New York. It was a bold and brave democratic idea of Congressman W. R. Roberts to throw this nomination open to the boy from the public schools in his district who might win it. Civil service reform has been attempted in a great many ways, and although no reform of this kind has been suggested for the navy the service will be none the worse for some such hardy blood as John O'Keefe may bring into it. This is not exactly the occasion to run into ecstasies over what the newsboy may achieve for himself and his country in the future, nor to call over the names of those mighty movers of men whose early days were those of struggle, obscurity and want. Johnny O'Keefe may be thrown out, though we doubt it, in the examinations, and he may return to work in his uncle's tobacco factory, perhaps, and his song through life be the story of what might have been. Yet eminently within the range of possibilities is the future that rises like the pages in a fairy tale or an old sea ballad. He may pass through his cadetship at Annapolis with all the honors, having demonstrated his prowess among his quarrelsome messmates with the muscles of his arm, as well as the readiness of his mind among the the mysteries of mathematics and navigation. Then he may be assigned to a ship-of-war and carry himself in modesty and manliness until he gains the wardroom. A war may arise (though God forbid) and the O'Keefes and the Porters and Rowans have lots of grim work in hand. The O'Keefe may find himself the saviour of the country some fine morning, and just the man for a strong political party to rally round

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

and make the President of the Union as the link with some glorious epoch in the country's annals. This is high-flown; but what is the use of stopping one's imagination half way? If he has tenacity and good sense he may even be nominated for a second term. We shall not go into the chances of his re-election, for he is yet selling papers for a living, while his schoolmaster is making a collection for his outfit, which it would altogether spoil the romance not to give him.

At Annapolis, he will find "quills," or nobby young gentlemen, as he did at the school in the First ward, who may look down on him until he shows by his obedience to superiors, earnestness in study and the bearing of an inborn gentleman, that he is fit to rank with any. Cadets for Annapolis are not usually selected as Colonel Roberts chose his. They are generally the gently reared sons of well-to-do supporters of the ticket, but after they enter the Academy party lines are wisely obliterated and the moulding of the embryonic admirals left to Providence and themselves. Good luck, then, to Johnny O'Keefe!

LATEST REPORTS FROM THE FIELD OF ACTION.—"Greeley will be unanimously nominated at Baltimore." "Grant will carry thirty States or there will be a revolution." "Greeley will be elected by a two-thirds majority of the Electoral College." "Grant will be the worst whipped candidate for the Presidency that ever ran." "Buckalew will carry Pennsylvania in October by thirty thousand majority, and Greeley in November by double that number." Meantime, all eyes are turned to Baltimore, where the Democratic National Convention will meet a week from next Monday.

NOVEL POLITICAL LUSUS NATURÆ—The Siamese twins exhibition at Springfield, Ill., on the 26th inst.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, June 28, 1872.

Greeley, Sumner and the Colored Folk.

The friends of Mr. Greeley are endeavoring to secure the attendance at the Baltimore Convention of large delegations of colored voters from Richmond and this city. The colored people here are nearly unanimously in favor of Grant, but Mr. Sumner has been diligently engaged since the adjournment of Congress in endeavoring to prejudice them against the Philadelphia nominees. Not a day has passed that he has not had some of them at his house, and appealed to them in the strongest terms not to support Grant.

Groesbeck and the "Beat" Conference.

In a letter to a friend in this city, Mr. Groesbeck says that he will not take any notice of his nomination by the bolters at New York, but that should the National Democratic Convention at Baltimore select him as one of its standard bearers he shall not feel at liberty to decline.

Cabinet Movement.

Belknap leaves here to-morrow evening for the West.

Consul General Butler.

General F. A. Starring, our diplomatic agent, has arrived here with a voluminous report of his investigation of the accounts of George H. Butler, Consul General in Egypt, which has been submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury. It is understood that it exonerates him from the charges preferred against his administration of affairs at the Consulate.

Personals from Japan.

Among the arrivals here to-day were F. O. Adams, First Secretary of the British Legation at Japan, who has been appointed to a similar position at Berlin; German Consul General Von Brandt at Jeddo, *en route* for Berlin to meet the Japanese Embassy on their arrival in that city, and Dr. U. Pisa, of the Italian Legation at Jeddo, *en route* for home on the same errand.

Internal Revenue Receipts.

The internal revenue receipts for the fiscal year ending the 30th will be $131,000,000—$6,000,000 in excess of the estimate.

Inland Navigation—Ship Manifests.

The Treasury Department decides that vessels which leave the inland waters of the northern, northeastern and northwestern frontiers for the seaboard, should surrender their frontier papers and take out coasting papers.

The Secretary of the Treasury decides that under the act of March 2, 1823, in connection with the requirements of the act of 1866, the master of any vessel entering the waters of the United States on the same frontier is required to deliver a manifest of all merchandise brought from foreign territory to any collector or deputy to whom he should first make report after his last departure from such foreign territory. The manifest may be made out at or before arrival at a port of the United States, but it must be "a full, just and true one." If such manifest be not delivered a penalty of four times the value of the merchandise imported and not manifested is incurred.

Dissolution of the Freedmen's Bureau.

The Secretary of War to-day issued an order directing that, pursuant to the act of Congress of June 10, 1872, the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands will be discontinued from and after June 30, 1872, and after that date all business relating in any way to said Bureau, exclusive of the Freedmen's Hospital and Asylum at Washington, with all the accounts and claims connected therewith, of whatever character or date, or whenever incurred, will be conducted through the Adjutant General of the army, to whom all records, checks and Treasury certificates, or amounts received therefrom, and all other funds, papers and property, will be delivered from the 1st of July proximo, at such place as the Adjutant General may designate. After June 30 all business relating in any way to the Freedmen's Hospital and Asylum at Washington, D. C., with all the accounts connected therewith, of whatever character or date, will be conducted through the Surgeon General of the Army, to whom all the records, papers, funds and property will be turned over by the 1st of July. The Adjutant General and Surgeon General will arrange promptly for the execution of this order, and, after the transfer, submit for the action of the Secretary of War such regulations as may be necessary for the future transaction of the business.

Agents, clerks and other employés whose services may not be required by the Adjutant General and Surgeon General in effecting the transfer will be discharged June 30, and all others as soon as the transfer shall have been completed.

THE PRESIDENT AT LONG BRANCH.

LONG BRANCH, June 28, 1872.

President Grant and wife and General Porter arrived this evening and proceeded to their cottage. The President remains here until next week, when he will leave for Washington.

THE KINGS COUNTY BOARD OF ESTIMATE.

The Kings County Board of Estimate met again last night in the rooms of the Board of Supervisors, and resumed their labors, that of revising the estimates of the expenses of the different departments of the city and county governments for 1873. The chair was occupied by Mayor Powell. The Mayor stated that he had a communication from the examining committee of the Reform Committee of Fifty. The communication sets forth that the Commissioners of Charities have not accounted for all the money received by them from persons who are confined in the Lunatic Asylum. As is well known, a number of these inmates pay their board. During 1871 the number of inmates in the institution was 550, none of whom claimed gratuitous board or medical attendance except about one hundred who were taxpayers in the county; 454 were, therefore, supported by their friends. They estimate the total amount received from this source at $93,000. The total amount reported by the Commissioners of Charities was $12,000. From this the Reform Committee figure the expenses of the asylum at $105,000. They estimate the loss to the taxpayers of the county at $40,000 per annum. The communication closed with a recommendation that a committee be appointed to examine into the matter.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

Herald Special Report from Geneva.

History of the Proceedings of the Arbitration Court During Thursday and Friday, June 27 and 28.

The Judicial Ruling Against the American Claim for Indirect Damages.

Formal Pleading of the British Crown.

Highly Important Judgment by President Sclopis.

Arbitrators, Agents and Counsel Made Happy and Hopeful.

The Question of Drafting the Record—Nice Points of Law for the Present or of Difficulty in the Future.

SHADES AND SHADOWS OF THE MINUTE.

Speech of the Representative of the King of Italy to His Colleagues.

George Washington's Maxim as a Creed for Civilization and the Cabinets.

ADJOURNMENT TO JULY 15.

Could Lord Westbury's "Ten-Year-Old Boys" Have Accomplished as Much?

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

The following special despatch to the HERALD has been received from our correspondent in Geneva:—

GENEVA, June 28, 1872.

During the session of the Court commissioned for the settlement of the Alabama claims between the United States and Great Britain, on Thursday, the 27th inst., after the English agent had agreed to proceed with the arbitration, Mr. Bancroft Davis, acting in the name and on behalf of the American government, consented to the British counsel withdrawing the application of her Majesty Victoria for a prolonged adjournment of the proceedings.

RULING AGAINST INDIRECT DAMAGES.

This fact having been duly recorded, the President of the Court, Count Sclopis, speaking in the name of all the arbitrators, delivered a formal declaration, in which he said it had been ruled "that the several claims put forward in the American case for indirect damages were, and shall be, wholly excluded from the consideration of the arbitrating tribunal."

THE BRITISH ARGUMENT IN COURT.

Count Sclopis also, and at the same moment, gave to the Right Honorable Lord Tenterden permission to present the Queen's argument on Friday, the 28th inst.

JUDICIAL COMPLAISANCE AND UNIVERSAL PHILANTHROPY.

The arbitrators, agents and national counsel on both sides remain all and each of them decorously quiet and placid, as usual, in their every day personal demeanor. They are all most undeniably satisfied at the present result of their successful endeavor for the accomplishment of a reconciliation of the two countries—America and England—by judicial negotiation, and also by the first effect of their striving against difficulties of such great importance in saving the Treaty of Washington—an event which is fully acknowledged to be the greatest experiment for the keeping of the peace of the world which has ever been made, so far as is known from the history of nations.

THE SESSION OF FRIDAY, JUNE 28—HIGHLY IMPORTANT WORK.

The members of the arbitrating tribunal convened in council to-day at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon. The session was mainly occupied in giving technical form and official completeness to the results of the pleadings and joint deliberations which have been already obtained.

The first portion of this latter part of the duty which was considered was the protocol of yesterday's proceedings, the agreement upon which in a case of such vast interest is very important, as affording the official and formal expression of either side and of both countries in the matter, and also showing the exact points of difference and of agreement between them. Consequently a document in which the misplacing of a particle of the contents may give a false color to the record, would be exceedingly harmful, and destroy the fruits of the anxious labor of many days, by the initiating of a loose expression used with reference to this negotiation, required especial care for its drafting, besides moments of anxious consideration, as a moment's attention to the facts will suffice to make known.

WHAT THE JUDICIAL RECORD WILL SHOW TO POSTERITY.

The final minutes of the arbitrators will show the true expression to be used in reference to indirect claims, and also that what has been done in Geneva is that these American claims have been disposed of upon a preliminary consideration by the arbitrating tribunal suitable to and consistent with the dignity of the Court itself and satisfactory to both parties engaged; and that the Court is now in full possession of the whole matter in controversy between Great Britain and the United States, with the exception of what has been put away from the legal pleadings.

DEFINITION OF THE DECISION AND EXPLANATION OF ITS CONSEQUENCES.

It is absolutely important to understand that it is inaccurate to say that the President of the United States consented to the withdrawal of the claims for compensation for indirect damages. On the other hand, it is also incorrect to say that the American bill for indirect claims compensation has been adjudicated upon. Let us suppose the existence of an analagous case in an ordinary court of justice. The parties come before the Court, but differ on the matter of its right of jurisdiction, one party maintaining that the Court has full competence to decide the point at issue, the other party holding an opinion exactly contrary, and that, seeing the difference existing between them, the Court delivers a qualified *dictum*, and says:—"If we have jurisdiction in the matter, we decide against the plaintiff in the case."

Such a declaration coming from a court of equity clearly prejudices nothing, and may save everything; and it was by the use of such a declaration that the Geneva Arbitration Court has saved the Treaty of Washington.

It is worthy of note that such a judgment could scarcely be so unacceptable to the parties in the United States to the interests of whom its delivery was hostile as an opinion that the Court had jurisdiction. England, on the other hand, could not be dissatisfied with the accomplishment of a result fully meeting her own views on the subject.

LEGAL CAUTION COMBINED WITH DIPLOMACY.

Had the American agent acting before the Arbitration Court insisted on the delivery of a strict letter judication his action would have driven Great Britain altogether out of Court. It was far more wise and prudent on the part of the conducting agents to agree on essential points, and, neglecting unnecessary formalities, triumph by the exercise of diplomatic skill, thus to find a common ground for agreement between the parties almost at the very moment of the presentation of the point at issue.

LORD WESTBURY'S BRIGHT "BOYS" MUST BE PATIENT AND TRAINED.

Lord Westbury's "boys of ten years old, and whom he would have trusted to make treaties," would not have thus discovered the right way to a friendly settlement, but, on the contrary, would have insured a failure of the proceeding in Geneva, and placed the two nations, the United States and Great Britain, at loggerheads.

ADDRESS OF COUNT SCLOPIS TO HIS COLLEAGUES ON RISING FOR ADJOURNMENT.

His Excellency Count Sclopis, President of the Alabama Claims Arbitration Court, delivered the following speech to his judicial colleagues to-day, just before the rising of the members of the tribunal for temporary adjournment:—

Count Sclopis said:—At the moment when the knot of the complications which threatened to prevent the due execution of the Treaty of Washington is about to be cut, the moment when our labors for arbitration between the United States and Great Britain are about to take a free and regular course of action, permit me, my dear and honored colleagues, to assure you how highly I appreciate the distinguished honor of sitting in company with you in this tribunal, on which, and its proceedings, the eyes of the people of the civilized world are fixed. Let me impress on you the full measure of my gratitude for the very flattering mark of confidence you have bestowed upon me by placing me in the Presidential chair, a distinction quite unmerited on my part. The assemblage of this tribunal signifies that a new direction has been given to the impulse of the ideas governing the policy of the nations most advanced in the path of civilization—a direction for the control of which an elevated sphere and range of politics prevails over the tendencies of the ancient system of routine, which induced to disastrous wars, and thus places the interests of our common humanity above that of a mere temporary policy. The accomplishment of a work such as this will be hailed by every generous heart on earth as the act of fulfilment of the wishes which were expressed in the Congress of Paris in the year 1856: to refer points of difference arising between friendly nations in the future to arbitration for adjustment. Thanks to the initiative which has been taken by the statesmen of England and the United States of America, this grand idea bears fruit to-day, and history will tell to posterity how, even amid the excitement produced by the utterance of continued recrimination, both sides, even when engaged in argument, may always have left open a means of settlement of an international dispute peacefully. To have produced this happy result must have required the possession of a rare degree of firmness of mind and of devotion to the interests of humanity. The Prime Minister of England has already spoken of the Treaty of Washington as an example for all the other nations of the world. Let us, gentlemen, congratulate ourselves on our assisting in this work, and let us also hope that our joyful anticipations may be fulfilled. The old maxim, "Might conquers right," will disappear.

Do not despair, gentlemen, because the question we are called on to consider, after prolonged negotiations, is not finally closed. Rather judge for yourselves, by the documents produced, by the argument which has been delivered, and by a still longer investigation of the merits of the entire case, as to the best means of a safe solution of the difficulty, just as the most frequently sounded river affords the safest course for navigation. Let us judge, my colleagues, with profound equity and absolute impartiality. We may anticipate to receive every assistance from the agents employed by the arbitrating governments and from the counsel who appear before us, eminent jurisconsults, who are known all over the world.

As we are engaged in the furtherance of a work of peace affecting the interests of humanity everywhere on earth, you, gentlemen, like myself, will desire to be in your own persons the means of preventing future wars, and in giving by this means a still more solemn effect to the words uttered by the great George Washington, "If there be one truth firmly established it is that there is a relationship between the pure maxims of an honest, magnanimous policy and its solid rewards, the prosperity and public happiness which it finds.

ADJOURNED TO JULY 15.

After sitting in council for the space of one hour to-day the Court of Arbitration formally adjourned, to reassemble on Monday, the 15th of July.

DISPERSION OF THE MAGNATES OF THE COURT.

Lord Tenterden and Sir Roundell Palmer left Geneva yesterday. Sir Alexander Cockburn, Count Sclopis and Mr. Davis leave to-day, the latter going to Paris.

THE BRITISH CABINET STATEMENT.

English National Canvass of the Conclusion of the Indirect Damages Case—Press Predictions of Future Peace Between the Peoples.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

LONDON, June 28, 1872.

The statements of Earl Granville and Mr. Gladstone in Parliament last night, announcing the decision of the Geneva Tribunal of Arbitration on the indirect claims, form the subjects of the leading editorial articles of all the London morning journals.

The London *Times* says:—"The decision of the Tribunal of Arbitration is eminently satisfactory. All Englishmen and Americans ought to be grateful to the arbitrators, who have proved themselves the true benefactors of both England and America. The man who rescued America from discredit is Mr. Charles Francis Adams."

The London *News* says:—"The result of the indirect claims controversy is a great triumph for the firmness and patience of the British Ministry. Society has now an example for the employment of a peaceful tribunal, not to complete, but to supersede the work of the sword."

The *News* also says Minister Schenck deserves credit for his course during the negotiations between the two governments.

The other morning papers likewise rejoice over the manner in which the disputes between the two governments have been settled.

A SEVERE STRAIN, BUT NOT IN THE DIPLOMACY.

Lord Tenterden, the British agent before the Arbitration Tribunal, while at Chamounix recently, sprained his ankle.

THE QUESTION IN WASHINGTON.

Lord Granville's Statement Respecting Bancroft Davis' Instructions—What Mr. Davis Said in Geneva—How the Indirect Damages Case Was Withdrawn—State Departmental Light on the Policy of the Arbitration.

WASHINGTON, June 28, 1872.

Reference having been made by Earl Granville, in his statement to the House of Lords yesterday, to the instructions received by Bancroft Davis at Geneva concerning the response of the United States to the declaration made by the Board of Arbitrators on the subject of indirect damages, I am permitted to use the declaration as officially communicated to the tribunal.

WHAT MR. DAVIS SAID.

Mr. Davis said:—"The declaration made by the tribunal on the 19th instant, individually and collectively, respecting the claims presented by the United States for the award by the tribunal of, first, the loss in the transfer of the American commercial marine to the British flag; second, the enhanced payments of insurance; and, third, the prolongation of the war and the addition of a large sum to the cost of the war and the suppression of the rebellion, is accepted by the President of the United States as determinative of their judgment upon the important question of public law involved. The agent of the United States is authorized to say that consequently the above mentioned claims will not be further insisted upon before the tribunal by the United States, and may be excluded from all consideration in any award that may be made to this government. At the session of the tribunal yesterday, Lord Tenterden, agent of the British government, stated that he was authorized to say that Her Majesty's government found nothing in the declaration of the arbitrators to which they could not assent, consistently with their view of the interpretation and effect of the Treaty of Washington, and, assuming that the arbitrators would, on the statement made by the agent of the United States, declare that the indirect claims are, and from henceforth be, excluded from their consideration, he was instructed, on that being done, to withdraw the application for adjournment made by him on the 15th instant, and to present the British argument. The tribunal thereupon formally made the declaration desired by Lord Tenterden, and the application for adjournment was at once withdrawn and the British argument presented.

DEPARTMENTAL LIGHT.

It is understood at the State Department that while Charles Francis Adams, in the discussion with his colleagues, fairly presented the views of the American government, he finally acquiesced in the opinion of Sir Alexander Cockburn, the British arbitrator, and in so doing carried with him the other arbitrators.

FRANCE.

Preparing for the Fourth of July.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

PARIS, June 28, 1872.

The Americans in Paris propose to celebrate the Fourth of July by a grand banquet. Minister Washburne, Mr. Ryan, editor of the *American Register*, Messrs. Barclay, Gallatin and other prominent gentlemen are on the committee of arrangements.

CUBA.

Reported Surrender of Insurgents—Fresh Filibusters in the Field—The Ravages by the Vomito—Quesada's Secretary Captured—Is There a Cuban Man-of-War Afloat?

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

HAVANA, June 28, 1872.

Señor Zabalza, the new Governor of Havana, was taken ill yesterday with the vomito.

Fourteen armed men of Vicente Garcia's forces surrendered yesterday at Guayamaro.

The whole number of armed insurgents who surrendered at Las Tuñas in a single week was 102. The rebellion in that jurisdiction is considered at an end for the present.

Pepillo Gonzales recently wrote a letter to Pancho Gomez, an officer of Garcia's band, advising him to surrender to the authorities. Failing to receive an answer Gonzales attacked Gomez, killing four of his men.

Telegrams from Spanish commanders in the vicinity of Cayo Romano report that there are no indications that a landing has been or will be effected by filibusters on that island.

Carlos Castillo, formerly secretary of Quesada, has been taken prisoner. Unless he betrays his former companions and furnishes information to Spanish commanders he will be executed.

The insurgents in the neighborhood of Santiago de Cuba remain firm. None have surrendered.

The cases of vomito are becoming numerous, and many result fatally.

The Spaniards ridicule the report that a Cuban man-of-war is afloat; but the Cubans pretend that they have positive information to that effect.

A rumor is in circulation that two negro expeditions recently landed in aid of the rebels; but the story is pronounced false by the authorities, who declare that a landing without the knowledge of the government is impossible under the present system of vigilance by sea and land.

THE EDGAR STEWART.

Serious Trouble About the American Filibuster.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

ASPINWALL, June 21,
Via JAMAICA and HAVANA, June 28, 1872.

The misunderstanding between the American Consul and the local authorities in regard to the steamer Edgar Stewart is becoming serious. The Consul persists in retaining possession of the steamer, and has sent instructions to the commander of the United States man-of-war Wyoming to allow no interference with her.

BLOODY RIOT IN PERU.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

HAVANA, June 28, 1872.

Advices from Peru report that an insurrection was attempted at Lima in consequence of the elections. The troops were called out and fired upon the rioters, and the outbreak was suppressed. The government had suspended the publication of hostile journals and imprisoned their editors.

THE CANADIAN CAPTURE.

Arrival of the American Schooner James Bliss at Quebec—Statement of the Commander of the Marine Police Schooner.

QUEBEC, June 28, 1872.

The marine police schooner Stella Marie has arrived in port with the American fishing schooner James Bliss, of Gloucester, Mass. The commander of the Stella Marie states to the HERALD correspondent that the James Bliss was captured on the 18th of June, while lying at anchor in ten fathoms between the east end of Anticosti Island and Cormorant Point, inside of one and a half miles from the shore, having at the time five trawls set around the vessel, between half a mile and a mile and a half from the shore. The James Bliss, Captain Allan McIsaac, is sixty-three tons, has a crew of twelve men, with about two thousand pounds of halibut on board.

Commander Lachance sailed from Gaspé Basin on Friday last for Quebec; the Stella Marie left the same day, by order of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, under charge of the first officer, with supplies for Cape Rea and Amherst Island. On his way up to Quebec he met the bonded American schooner Enola C., a few miles above Bic Island, and at the request of Captain Cunningham the James Bliss was hove to for about an hour to enable her to join the Enola C. The Enola C. was ordered to be sold by decree of the Vice Admiralty Court, but on her owner paying the fine, &c., she was set free.

The local journals are trying to make light of the statements brought forward, assuming the dignified, and defending the action of the commander.

YACHT REGATTA.

An Interesting Contest at Cape May.

CAPE MAY CITY, June 28, 1872.

An interesting regatta came off to-day in which six yachts participated—the Metropolitan, Congress, Roxana, Ida, Columbia and Gertrude. The course was from Schellinger's landing to a stakeboat at the mouth of the sound, which was traversed to and fro six times, making the whole distance about eighteen miles. The race was witnessed by a large number of spectators in other boats. Among them were excursionists from Baltimore, who have been since Wednesday enjoying the hospitalities of Congress Hall.

The prize was a silver cup, won by the Congress in a former race, and a pennant. The boats were started singly, with an interval of three minutes each, and the race was so gallantly contested that the result was not known until the Judge's decision was made. The following is the order in which the yachts came in and the time made:—

	H. M.		H. M.
Congress	3 59	Gertrude	4 10
Metropolitan	4 01	Columbia	4 15
Roxana	4 08	Ida	4 16

The distance sailed was twenty miles.

A regatta is contemplated during the season for yachts, the course to be along the ocean front, so as to give the occupants of the hotels a view of the contest.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 29—1 A. M.

Probabilities.

Clear and partially cloudy weather and light to fresh southeasterly to southwesterly winds for the Gulf and South Atlantic States, and areas of rain north and west of the Ohio valley, with light to fresh winds; clear and partially cloudy weather for the Middle and New England States, with light to fresh and occasional brisk southerly to westerly winds, and probably areas of rain.

THE WAR IN MEXICO.

Herald Special Report from Camargo.

The Capture of Saltillo by Trevino's Revolutionists Confirmed.

RETREAT OF THE GARRISON.

Quiroga's Reported Advance to Attack Cevallos at Camargo.

OCCUPATION OF CERRALVO BY AYALA.

The Government's Proposed Measures Against the Revolutionary Highwayman, Gomez Portugal.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

The HERALD correspondent at Camargo has forwarded the following special despatch:—

CAMARGO, MEXICO,
VIA BROWNSVILLE, TEXAS, June 28, 1872.

The occupation of Saltillo by General Treviño has been confirmed to-day. According to the latest despatches Revueltos retired before it was known the occupation by the rebels could be accomplished.

GENERAL CEVALLOS ON TO MONTEREY.

General Cevallos has transmitted information to headquarters in reference to the recent exploits of the men under his command, and announces that he proposes to move towards Monterey on or about the 1st of July, but nothing is known of the course he intends to pursue.

QUIROGA ADVANCING ON CAMARGO.

Rumors from travellers and credulous peasants are freely circulated here that the revolutionary General Quiroga has begun to move his forces towards this city, but it is not generally credited by the officers here under Cevallos' command. Besides, there is nothing definite reported as to how they are proceeding, the number of the revolutionists, &c.

AYALA'S OCCUPATION OF CERRALVO.

Garcia Ayala, the Juarista Governor of the State of Nuevo Leon, has entered Cerralvo and taken possession of the place, together with a number of small villages within an easy distance—within a radius of a few miles. He met with no opposition whatever to the occupation.

ARRIVAL OF GOVERNMENT REINFORCEMENTS.

The detachment of 400 men, which recently left Camargo with orders to join the forces under the command of General Cevallos, arrived in Matamoros to-day. It is understood that they purpose undertaking the most rigorous operations against the revolutionary guerrilla, Gomez Portugal, who is still carrying on his disgraceful system of levying a ruinous tax on every load of merchandise he meets on the roads; robbing and destroying the mails, and otherwise terrifying the people.

THE VIRGINIA DEMOCRACY.

The Appointment of Delegates to the Democratic National Convention—The Adjournment.

RICHMOND, Va., June 28, 1872.

The State Conservative Convention reassembled this forenoon, and elected the following delegates at large to Baltimore:—Thomas S. Bocock, John B. Baldwin, Judge Robert Ould, Lieutenant Governor John L. Marye. Each Congressional district delegation nominated two delegates, all of whom were unanimously elected. All are regarded favorable to the Cincinnati nominee. The following electoral ticket was adopted:—

At large—General James L. Temper, Robert E. With.
First District—W. W. Walker, Westmoreland.
Second—David J. Godwin, Portsmouth.
Third—William S. Gilman, Richmond city.
Fourth—Philip W. McKinney, Prince Edward.
Fifth—Berryman Green, Pittsylvania.
Sixth—Robert A. Coghill, Amherst.
Seventh—Moses Walton, Shennandoah.
Eighth—James H. Williams, Frederick.
Ninth—James M. French, blank.

The Convention then took a recess until to-night.

Evening Session.

The Chairman announced the State Conservative Committee.

The Convention ratified the action of yesterday and pledged its individual support to Greeley and Brown in case of the failure of the Baltimore Convention to endorse them.

Adjourned *sine die*.

After the adjournment stirring speeches were made in response to calls by Roberts, Fuld and W. S. Gilman, of Richmond, and Colonel J. W. Hinton, of Norfolk.

Dandruff.—Burnett's Cocoaine Kills It.

A.—For a First Class, Elegant Summer Hat go to ESPENSCHEID, Manufacturer, 118 Nassau street.

A.—A.—Novelties for July.—Knox's Stock of all the elegant styles of Gentlemen's Hats is now perfect, and from it satisfactory selections can be made, be your taste what it may. Buy your hats at KNOX'S, 212 Broadway.

A.—Herring's Patent CHAMPION SAFES, 251 and 252 Broadway, corner of Murray street.

Annin & Co., Flag and Banner Manufacturers, 99 and 101 Fulton street, corner of William.

A.—Herald Branch Office, Brooklyn, Corner of Fulton avenue and Boerum street. Open from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

All Sizes Bunting Flags on hand at HOJER & GRAHAM'S, Manufacturers, 97 Duane street, corner Broadway.

A Cool, Refreshing Hair Dressing.— CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR restores gray hair, strengthens its growth, obviates bad effects of salt water on the hair. Sold by all druggists.

A Card.

Some malicious person having circulated the report that we were insolvent, we hereby emphatically deny the same, and beg leave to inform the public that we are now, and always have been, ready to pay our just debts at maturity. We hereby offer a reward of $500 for information that will lead to the detection and conviction of the person who originated the report.

JOHNSON, BURNS & CO., 448 and 450 Broadway.

A.—Mosquito Nets of Every Description; patent portable Canopies, with Nets complete, at $4 50, at retail. G. L. KELTY COMPANY, 724 Broadway.

Babcock Fire Extinguisher. 407 Broadway, New York.

Important Notice.

Suits having been commenced against the "National" and "Gardner" Fire Extinguisher companies as infringers of our patents, parties are hereby warned against buying or using their machines or any fire extinguishers in which water impregnated with carbonic acid gas is used as the extinguishing element, except those manufactured by our company or others duly licensed and authorized by us, on pain of immediate prosecution for infringement.

JOHN J. PARWELL, R. F. JACOBS,
MATTHEW LAWLIN, C. G. HAMMOND,
J. B. STILLSON, F. W. PARWELL,
Directors Northwestern (Babcock) Fire Extinguisher Company.

KELLER & BLAKE, Attorneys.

David's Pearl Cassimere and Straw HATS for gentlemen. Salesroom 239½ Broadway, near Duane street.

Royal Havana Lottery.—Great Reduction in the prices of Tickets. Orders filled, Prizes cashed, information furnished. Government Bonds negotiated. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, 16 Wall street, New York.

Try It, Mothers—Try It Now.—Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething. Best and surest remedy in the world for all diseases of children.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

STOKES.

Examination of Witnesses Continued—Further History of the Shooting.

FISK'S COACHMAN ON THE STAND.

The Grand Central Hotel and the Morse Family in Court—What About That $1,500?

WAS COLONEL FISK ARMED?

The Tell-Tale Revolver and Deadly Bullet Put in Evidence.

Counsel for the Prisoner Developing Their Line of Defence.

RULING OF THE COURT THEREON

The Crowd, the Excitement and the Scenes in Court.

NINTH DAY OF THE TRIAL.

The crowds that yesterday clamored for admittance to the Court where the Stokes trial is being held were tenfold greater than on the previous day, and, if possible, ten times more fierce in their efforts to force their way past the officers who kept guard at the doorways. In fact, it was found absolutely necessary during the forenoon to have twelve to fifteen officers on duty in the corridor in the vicinity of the entrance so as to insure the Court against an invasion by the hundreds who swarmed in the hallways, and whose numbers were constantly increased as the day wore on. The officers of the Court had their hands full to preserve order and prevent serious disturbances arising from

THE GENERAL CRUSH;

but their good humor throughout never gave way, and the vast throng that managed to push itself into the court room proper was made as comfortable as circumstances would permit. When Judge Ingraham arrived and the Court was formally opened every seat, in fact, every available space of standing room, was occupied. So packed was the crowd that at one time locomotion from one side of the room to the other became a matter of utter impossibility. The chief attraction with the hundreds who succeeded in getting in, and with the by far larger number who were unable to pass the guard at the doors seemed to be, judging from the tone of the conversation on all sides, Mrs. Fisk. Stokes, it would appear, does not "draw" on his own account as he did some time ago when the tragedy was fresh in everybody's mind, and of course the appearance on the scene of any new characters, or rather characters that had not shown themselves in the case since the trial was first begun, have become stronger in their attractiveness to the curiosity-seekers than the old ones. Thus it was that on Thursday Mrs. Fisk was the central figure, and that yesterday when the crowds poured in and got well settled in their seats the question was asked time and again by the new comers, "Where is Mrs. Fisk? What kind of a looking woman is she?" Mrs. Fisk, however, did not put in an appearance; and the morbidly curious, who cared more about feasting their eyes upon her, criticising her every movement and commenting upon how she compared in looks to a certain other party whose name has been incidentally mentioned during the proceedings in the Court, than they did to listening to the evidence were, therefore, sorely disappointed. Indeed, many who had fought like tigers in the hallways to get in hurried out as soon as they learned that she was not present; and it may be stated just here that the better portion of the audience were not slow in expressing their belief that Mrs. Fisk would have done herself a great deal more credit had she never shown herself in Court at all.

THE AUDIENCE.

Murder trials as a general thing are remarkable for the attraction they prove to the rough and scum of the city. The corner loafer and his equally vagabond *confrère*, who make it a daily habit to squat in grogshops from early morn till they are kicked out into the street late at night; the low-lived thief of the downtown purlieus and the better-to-do Toby Crackit who ogles you and your watch chain from "club" house stoops uptown in the evening time, as a rule make up the great bulk of the court house audiences when the details of a "spicy" murder are being sifted and a fellow being's life is at stake; but somehow this trial of Stokes is an exception to the general rule as far as the spectators are concerned who have been in constant attendance. Indeed, the *quasi* respectability of the audience so far has become a subject of general remark, and yet how it happens that it is so is rather of a mystery. One would think that, in the general rush that takes place every day in the hallways, and in the tugging and hauling which a man has to submit to at the entrance if he has perseverance enough to even fight his way as far as the threshold, the rougher portion of the crowds would in the end gain the mastery, and that the so-called respectable would-be spectators who do not care to join in a scuffle for any purpose with the loafers would not at any time have many representatives in the Court. Still, as has already been mentioned, the facts show the usual everyday Court lounger class to be in the minority. It may be that the whole thing is owing to the discrimination of the officers of the Court, not to say anything of the police officers stationed outside the doors. At any rate no one seems to grumble at the turn affairs have taken in this respect, and it is hardly possible that anybody who has occasion to attend the trial hereafter will find fault with the condition of things if it lasts well to the end of the trial. There was a larger number of

LADIES PRESENT

yesterday than on Thursday, but it must be said that the majority were of that lean and lanky class of an uncertain age who, not having anything at home to busy their minds, no babies to care for or husbands to please, make it a point wherever they can to kill time in some court or other where the air is heavily freighted with scandal and horrors become of necessity the general theme of witness and counsel. There were, to be sure, among the number yesterday a few who would not be libelled by being called old, and who call art to their aid in various ways the more fondly to proclaim the fact to every looker-on, but with one or two exceptions they were the same individuals who were to be seen every day at the McFarland trial, and who, no doubt, will be seen at every trial for years to come which promises developments that make nervous people's hair stand on end or afford

THE SCANDAL MONGERS

food for tea-table gossip for months afterwards. The more showy ones of this species of the court lounger—and they have not forgotten their old tricks during the past few days—always get themselves into as prominent a position in the court rooms as possible, and as near the prisoner as the rules of the Court will allow, with the hope of getting noticed in the papers. To effect their purpose they always wear the same kind of dress, flaunt the same colored ribbons and occupy the same seats. Besides, they always put on a sentimental look, and pass their time in wistfully gazing at the prisoner if he be a man. This kind of thing never passes without general notice, and of course, if the artful dodgers get put into the trial accounts as "an interesting blonde," "a bewitching-looking brunette deeply interested in the prisoner," and the like, the next day makes them all the more notorious, and so the trial jogs along, the prisoner and themselves about evenly dividing the attention of the audience of curiosity hunters.

THE WAR OF WORDS.

The witnesses who were examined during the day, with but one exception, did not afford the audience as much interest as those examined yesterday, who testified to seeing the killing of Fisk; but they were the indirect causes of several grandiloquent splurges on the part of the counsel for the prisoner, which, if they did not interest, at least startled the audience into the conviction that before the trial is ended there will be several hot contests by which matters and things not directly pertinent to the case will be dragged into daylight. Fisk's colored coachman was the "innocent cause" of the first wordy warfare. He showed himself a remarkably keen-witted fellow, cool as a cucumber under the crossfire he was submitted to by the counsel, and at times quite spiteful and dangerously funny in his retorts when hard pressed to answer questions not exactly pleasing to himself. It was Mr. McKeon who opened the battle after one of his associates had asked the witness the question how late at night he had taken Fisk to or from the Grand Central? This question was objected to by the District Attorney, ruled out by the Judge and quietly laughed to scorn by one of the private counsel. It is almost unnecessary to state that Mr. McKeon is never happier than when giving the private counsel a dig in the ribs on account of their anomalous position in the case. The Judge ruling the question out was evidently bad enough in his opinion, but the idea of a private counsel chuckling over the, to him, absurdity of the question, was too much to be borne meekly. The thing was monstrous, and the McKeon blood was up in arms at once. He sprang to his feet on the instant, and, pointing his finger at the private counsel, he exclaimed:—"And

THE PRIVATE COUNSEL LAUGHS,

with the money of the unfortunate dead man in his pocket!" The private counsel did not faint at this, neither did he venture a reply, and then Mr. McKeon, warming to his work, dived into the merits of the question, and wound up by crying out, "I want this case tried as it should be! We want to show that Fisk went to that hotel for improper purposes." The counsel then sat down, and at the same moment, owing, no doubt, to the unusual fire thrown into the proceedings so unexpectedly, several of the jurors asked leave, and, obtaining it, went out into an ante room to get a drink—of water. This cool proceeding had an apparently soothing effect upon the now excited audience, but they were soon again thrown into fever heat by the prisoner's counsel showing fight on another issue. He asked the witness whether he or Fisk was armed when they went to the hotel. The man grew indignant, and, with his eyes flashing, he rose in his chair and yelled out, "No, sir," with an emphasis on "sir," that made even the prisoner start in surprise. The determination of the witness to be pugnacious naturally drew upon him a heavier fire of questions than ever. When he was asked how much wages he got from the man who employed him before Fisk secured his services the question was ruled out. The prisoner's counsel was again in arms, and claimed the right to ask the question on the ground that the witness had confessed to owning a coach, and he might have got the money from Mr. Fisk to buy it with. "I claim," said he, "that this is a private case, with private counsel and private witnesses." The audience at this broke out into applause, very slight, however, which was promptly suppressed by the Court.

THE TELL-TALE WEAPON.

The testimony of Coroner Young, or rather his producing the revolver which, it is alleged, Stokes threw away after shooting Fisk, created a decided sensation. It was in a package, which had been sealed by him the day he obtained it, after the murder, and when he proceeded to open it the whole audience rose to their feet in their anxiety to see the deadly weapon. The Judge himself got rather excited, not out of curiosity, however, but at the close proximity of the package to himself. "Is it loaded?" he asked the Coroner. "It is," replied the latter, pulling it out of the package. "Hold the muzzle up," exclaimed one of the jurymen, as he shrank back into his seat at the sight of the barrel pointed in his direction. The production of the revolver with two bullets yet undischarged was followed by the identification of the two bullets said to have been taken from the body of Colonel Fisk. The Coroner was then submitted to a fierce cross-examination as to what had become of the clothes the Colonel wore when he was shot and as to who took them away. The witness became unduly sensitive under the examination, intimating that he was being put in the light of one who had spirited the clothes away. However, the counsel assured him that they meant to throw no slur upon him, as was apparent, their motive evidently being to impress the jury with the idea that Colonel Fisk was armed, and that had his clothes not been taken away by his friends a weapon would have been found in his pockets.

WHAT IS TO COME?

After Captain Byrne had been examined Mr. Crockett, of the Grand Central, was taken in hand. The prisoner's counsel made a deadset for him, and created tremendous excitement among the audience by endeavoring to find out how long the Morse family had been at the hotel, and why Colonel Fisk had gone to see them. These questions being ruled out they then submitted a question in writing, intimating that the connection between Fisk, the hotel proprietors, the Morse family and the hotel people was such that the prisoner was being persecuted by partial witnesses. While the excitement over these tactics of the defence was at its height the Court adjourned to Monday next, both sides consenting to let the jury separate and go to their homes. When the Judge announced the pleasing intelligence to the twelve men, good and true, a broad grin of satisfaction crept over their faces, and, looking as happy as schoolboys going home on vacation, they hurriedly left the Court.

The Proceedings in Court—The Testimony.

John T. Redmond, sworn—Q. Where were you at work on the 6th of January last? A. I was callboy at the ladies' entrance of the Grand Central Hotel, in the city of New York; in the afternoon, about four o'clock, I was cleaning the windows of the door; Thomas Hart was with me.

Q. Did you see any persons coming in that afternoon to the ladies' entrance? A. About four o'clock Mr. Stokes passed up that way.

Q. Do you see him here now? A. Yes, sir.

IDENTIFYING THE ACCUSED.

Q. You identify him as the man you saw? A. Yes, sir; there he sits, with the gray coat on; that is the man I saw.

There was here a loud murmur of excited interest all over the Court, which, however, was speedily subdued.

Q. When Stokes came in where did he go? A. He went up stairs.

Q. Did you see any other person come in soon after? A. Yes, sir, Mr. Fisk; it was about ten minutes after Stokes had come in.

Q. Did you know the prisoner before that by sight? A. No, sir.

Q. Did you know Colonel Fisk before that? A. Yes, sir.

WHAT FISK CAME FOR.

Q. Did he say anything to you? A. Yes, sir, and I replied; Stokes said nothing when he came in.

Q. What did Fisk say? A. He asked me if Mrs. Morse or her youngest daughter were in; I said "No," and he then asked me if the other young lady was in; I told him that I thought she was.

Q. Anything further said? A. He asked me if I would not please go up stairs with him and see; we then went up stairs, Colonel Fisk going three or four steps in advance.

THE MURDER.

When about halfway up I heard the report of a pistol, and, looking up, I saw Stokes in this position, with his left hand on the banister (the witness here stood as nearly as possible in the position of Stokes at the time of the shooting, with the right hand lowered and stretched out, and the head bent forward); Mr. Fisk fell down and cried, "Oh!" he got up again and turned round as if to go upstairs, when the second shot was fired.

Q. What occurred then? A. Colonel Fisk ran down about six steps, but he got up on the first landing and walked to the bottom of the stairs; it was the same man who fired the second shot that fired the first.

Q. Did you see the pistol? A. No, sir, I did not; I saw the right hand raised. (here the witness again described the position of Stokes in the act of firing).

AFTER THE SHOOTING.

Q. What was done after that? A. Mr. Fisk, to the best of my knowledge, turned round and went up stairs; I went to go out, but did not, and turned round and saw Fisk at the head of the stairs, supported by some gentlemen—who they were I don't know.

Q. Did you hear or see anything further in connection with this matter? A. I saw Mr. Fisk and Mr. Stokes, when Stokes was brought into the room to be identified.

Q. Was the man brought in as Mr. Stokes the same man that fired? A. Yes, sir; there was a gaslight at the head of the stairs and it was burning.

Q. Did you see anybody but Stokes at the head of the stairs? A. No, sir.

Q. Who was the first man that you saw whom you knew after these shots were fired? A. I was too excited to tell.

Q. When did you see Colonel Fisk next? A. About five minutes afterwards I was in the room where Fisk was; there were a great many persons in there.

Q. You say you started to go out of the door—did any person come in from the outside while you were there? A. No, sir; I did not go more than about five feet away from Fisk; I went out of the outside door after that.

Q. Where was Thomas Hart all this time? A. It was his turn to clean the globe of the door that day, and he had taken it up stairs; I do not know exactly where he was at the time of the shooting.

Cross-examined—Where were you born? A. In the city of New York; I went to the Grand Central Hotel on the 14th of June; that was my first place away from home; I am nineteen years of age.

FISK'S ATTIRE.

Q. How was Fisk dressed that day? A. He had a blue coat on; I do not know the color of his pants.

Q. Did he not have a military cloak on? A. I cannot say; I do not remember what kind of a coat he had on; I had seen Fisk about a month before.

Q. Did you state at the Coroner's inquest that Hart was with you? A. To the best of my knowledge I did.

Q. Why did you let Stokes in at the ladies' entrance? A. I was at the top of the step ladder and could not stop him, so I allowed him to pass; the ladder was about six feet high.

Q. Did you hear any words pass between Fisk and Stokes? A. No, sir, I did not.

Q. How many shots were fired? A. Two; I am sure of that.

Q. What did Fisk say when brought into the room? A. When Stokes came, they said to him, "Who is this?" and he said "Stokes."

THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE MEN.

Q. How far apart were they at the time of the firing? A. About seven steps; I was about three steps behind Fisk, to the right of him.

Q. When the pistol fired did not you suppose that Fisk was killed? A. I did not know what was the matter; I did not know that he was killed.

Q. How did you come into the room with Fisk afterward? A. Mr. Crockett sent me there, as he found out that I knew something about it; Captain Byrnes then took me in charge; that was about half an hour after the shooting.

GIVING THE ALARM.

Q. Did you not go outside and say, "Fisk is shot!" A. I told Fisk's coachman so, after he had been taken up stairs.

Q. Don't you recollect in the station house a gentleman sitting next to you and attempting to soothe you, and your saying to him that you were arrested in the Fisk case, and that you knew nothing about it? A. No, sir.

ANOTHER LINK IN THE CHAIN.

Richard Wandle, sworn—Q. Do you know the prisoner by sight? A. Yes, sir; I have known him two or three years.

Q. Were you in New York on the 6th of January? A. Yes, sir, and at four o'clock in the afternoon I was standing at the entrance to the Grand Central Hotel, just off the sidewalk, between the house and the street.

Q. Did you see the prisoner at that time? A. I saw him coming down Broadway on the right hand side—the west side. He was going fast—not quite a run, but between a run and a fast walk.

STOKES RUNS AGAINST A LADY.

Q. Did you notice anything particular that occurred just before he entered the hotel? A. He ran against a lady and struck her, which attracted my attention; he came on and ran into the ladies' entrance.

Q. Was that before the shooting? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Did you see any other person soon after that going into the same entrance? A. I saw Mr. Fisk's carriage drive up.

Q. How long after Stokes came in? A. I cannot say—probably from two to five minutes; the carriage came down Broadway; it stopped a little this side of the ladies' entrance.

Q. When did you hear of this affair? A. About four or five minutes afterwards; I did not hear the shots; I went into the office and saw the prisoner among the crowd; I think an officer had charge of him, but I could not see very well.

A COOL DISCUSSION OF WITNESS' RECORD.

Cross-examined—Q. Where do you live? A. I reside at 35 Bond street, where I have lived for about four years.

Q. What is your business? A. A sporting man.

Q. I am a greenhorn—what do you mean by that? A. You may term it a gambler if you like.

Q. How long have you been a gambler? A. About ten years; I do not keep a gaming establishment.

Q. What is the way you carry on your business? A. Playing cards in different styles for money.

Q. Anything else? A. I don't know of anything else.

Q. How regularly do you carry it on? A. Probably every day; I have played at different places through the city, both night and day.

Q. Did you ever play with Fisk? A. No, sir; I never had any business or sporting connection with him.

A GAMBLER'S ACQUAINTANCE WITH STOKES.

Q. Did you ever see Stokes before this affair? A. On different occasions, but I never spoke to him; I have seen him in the street and in sporting houses; I never did business with him; I was not called as a witness before the Coroner; I think I told Mr. Richards, of the St. George Hotel, what I had seen the night of the shooting; I have also told Mr. Shed about it.

Q. Had you been doing anything that day? A. I don't think I had been doing anything in particular.

Q. Any one helping you? A. A great many; yes, sir.

Q. Had you been drinking? A. No, sir; I never drink.

Q. Keep your head cool and play vigorously, eh? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Had you been sporting, as you call it? A. More than likely.

Q. Do you play for large stakes? A. That depends on circumstances; if I have it to play with I do.

Q. You generally have it, don't you? A. Sometimes I do.

Q. Are you a "roper in?" A. I never roped a man in in my life.

Q. Does not this Mr. Shed you speak of keep a skin game near the Central Hotel? A. I do not know; you can call it what you like; he carries on business at 689 Broadway.

Q. Where had you been that day of the shooting? A. I had been to Hughes', corner of Nassau and Ann streets, and had then walked up town.

Q. How many persons were there outside the hotel with you? A. More than a dozen; the prisoner was, perhaps, fifty feet away from me; I don't know if Fisk's carriage came right up to the sidewalk; I think it did, but there is a chance of my being mistaken.

FISK'S COACHMAN.

Francis Houseman sworn—What was your business on the 6th January last? A. I was coachman to James Fisk, Jr.; I drove his carriage to the Grand Central Hotel; the Colonel got into the carriage at the Opera House.

Q. Which way did you go? A. Up Twenty-third street to Fifth avenue, down Fifth avenue to Fourteenth street, Fourteenth street to Broadway, and down Broadway to the Grand Central Hotel; we stopped nowhere on the way; Colonel Fisk was alone in the carriage.

Q. What time was it when you started? A. In the neighborhood of half-past three; when we arrived at the hotel we stopped as nearly as possible opposite the door of the ladies' entrance of the hotel; there was a carriage between us and the sidewalk, and Colonel Fisk got out.

"LOOKING VERY PALE."

Q. Did you see Fisk again after that? A. Yes, sir; he just opened the door, looking very pale, and came half way out.

Q. Did you hear the firing? A. I can't say that I did.

Q. Did you see him after that before you went [illegible], sir.

Q. How was the Colonel dressed? A. He had a blue coat on—a wrapper like.

Q. Do you remember if any one came out and told you he had been shot? A. The boy that was at the door told me; I went away to the Opera House and told Mr. Comer, and came right back again.

Q. How long was it after the Colonel went in that you saw him come half way out again? A. About a minute and a half.

THE COACHMAN'S HISTORY.

Q. Where were you before you went to Colonel Fisk? A. I was with a Mr. Eldridge, in Thirty-eighth street; I was with him for four months, before that I had been working at jobbing and general work; I was born in New York; I have no parents, but I have a family.

Q. How often did you drive to the Grand Central Hotel with Fisk? A. Nearly every day; I had no regular time of going there.

Q. How late at nights have you been there? A. I can't say.

THE COURT TAKES A FIRM STAND.

Q. How early in the morning?

The District Attorney—Is this relevant, your Honor?

Mr. McKeon—Is it the public prosecutor of the people that objects to my showing the purpose of Colonel Fisk's visit to the hotel? I ask the prosecutor, who is elected by the votes of the people, whether he dares to act thus, in a case where the life of a man is involved?

The Court—You have no right to question the public prosecutor.

Mr. Beach began to speak, when he was interrupted as follows:—

Mr. McKeon—Here are private counsel with the money of this unfortunate man in their pockets interfering. I mean to try this case as it ought to be tried. I mean to show that this man went to the hotel for improper purposes. If this man is to be shielded let us know what power there is behind the throne to do it.

The Court—Do you mean that question to apply to the time previous to this occurrence? If so I shall rule it out.

Mr. McKeon—Then your Honor will note our exception.

WAGES, &C.

Q. Where have you been since Fisk's death? A. I remained in New York till the 22d of April and then went to Rochester; I stayed in Mrs. Fisk's service; I bought a hack on the 18th of April, and when I left New York I left it in the charge of another man.

Q. What were your wages with Mr. Eldridge?

The Court—I must exclude that question; it is wholly immaterial.

Q. What wages did you receive with Fisk? A. Eighty dollars a month; there are four in my family, and there is an old lady living with me; I lived at 344 West Twenty-fourth street, over the stable.

Q. What did the boy say when he came out of the hotel? A. He said, "The boss is shot at."

NEGATIVE TESTIMONY.

Q. Did you make a remark to a man that climbed up on the wheel of your coach to talk to you that Fisk was armed? A. No, sir.

Q. Did you say to him, "I wonder that the old man did not pull on him, for he was fixed?" A. No, sir.

Q. Did you state that you had two pistols at that time? A. No, sir.

Q. Or anything to that effect? A. No, sir.

Q. Is that as true as anything else you have testified? A. Yes, sir.

Redirect—Q. Had you any arms with you, or were there any in the carriage? A. No, sir.

WAS FISK ARMED?

Re-cross—Q. Did not Colonel Fisk take a pistol out of a saddle in the stable that day? A. No, sir, nor have I stated so to anybody.

Q. Have you ever stated anything like that to a Dr. Newman? A. No, sir.

Q. Do you mean to say that Colonel Fisk kept no pistol in the stable? A. No, sir.

Q. Did you ever see Colonel Fisk with a pistol? A. No, sir.

Q. Never? A. I said "No, sir."

Q. And I said "Never?" A. Never; it was none of my business to know whether he had a pistol or not; I was his servant, not his comrade.

THE CORONER ON THE STAND.

Coroner Nelson W. Young, sworn:—Q. Did you make an investigation as Coroner in this case? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Did you receive a pistol in connection with it? A. Yes, sir; I received a pistol from Captain Byrnes; I took it and sealed it up in a package immediately after the inquest, and this (pointing to a package) is it; the seal is unbroken; it contains another package, containing two pistol bullets; one of them I got from Dr. Marsh, my deputy, and the other from Captain Byrne, of the Fifteenth precinct.

THE PISTOL.

Q. Is that the pistol (pointing to the weapon which the Coroner had brought forth from its swathing papers)? A. Yes, sir; I have a memorandum of the marks upon it, and I am sure that it is the same; the bullets I also identify by private marks.

Cross-examined—Q. When did you arrive at the Grand Central Hotel? A. About a quarter-past seven; I went to the station house first and then crossed to the hotel; I think I entered from the Mercer street side through the barber's shop; I passed through the main hotel and up to where Colonel Fisk was lying.

FISK IN BED.

Q. Where did you find Fisk? A. In a room off from what might be called a parlor.

Q. What was his condition? A. I found him lying in bed, with the left hand outside the bed, resting on a pillow.

Q. Did you speak to him? A. I did, and took him by the hand that was out.

Q. Did he make any movement? A. My impression is that he did.

Q. When you saw him in bed he was undressed; were you present when his clothes were taken off? A. No, sir; I was not.

Q. Did you see his clothes there? A. No, sir.

LEGAL HUMANITY.

Q. Is there a law forbidding any one to touch a wounded person until the Coroner arrives? A. (with an amused smile) No, sir, and there ought not to be, I should think.

Q. You did not inquire about the clothes? A. No, sir, although I asked a question about Colonel Fisk's effects; I think a young man by the name of Morse answered me and said they had been handed over to Mr. Powers.

Q. Was that Mr. Morse the same gentleman who was on the ante-mortem inquest? A. I do not remember that he was there; he may have been; I summoned verbally a half-dozen gentlemen present, without asking their names or knowing them until they signed the paper.

Q. Did you see Mr. Powers about the things? A. Yes, sir, that same night; he gave them to me and I gave him a receipt, though at first he did not want to take one.

THE MURDERED MAN'S EFFECTS.

Q. What did you receive from him? A. I received fifteen $100 bills, a large diamond pin and a pair of diamond sleeve buttons, a gold watch and chain and a bunch of keys.

Q. Was there any pocketbook in which the money was placed? A. I think not, but I won't be positive.

Q. Were these fifteen bills rolled up? A. I think they were simply rolled up—not in paper nor anything of that kind.

Q. Were the clothes there at the time? A. No, sir.

Q. You gave no receipt for the clothes? A. No, sir.

Q. Did you ask for them? A. I did not; I had no right to them; the man was not dead.

BULLYING THE CORONER.

Q. Was not there a likelihood that he would die? Why did not you keep everything?

The Court objected to the Coroner thus being called to account for his official conduct, but Mr. Young quietly replied—

A. I made no inquiry for the clothes, sir.

Q. Did you hold the inquest? A. I did, after his death.

Q. Were there any clothes produced there? A. They were not exhibited there.

Q. When did you first see the money? A. At the time I went to give it up to the proper parties.

Q. To whom was that property delivered? A. Mrs. Colonel Fisk indirectly.

Q. What do you mean by indirectly?

The Court again interfered; but the Coroner again expressed his willingness to have the whole matter gone into, and had begun explaining, when by common consent the line of inquiry was changed.

FISK'S CLOTHES.

Q. Where did you see the clothes? A. At Colonel Fisk's house after the funeral; I think on Wednesday after the occurrence.

Q. Did you see Mr. Fisk that night after you saw him at about seven o'clock? A. I think I saw him twice that night—once about a quarter past seven and again a half or three-quarters of an hour afterward.

Q. Were there many people with him? A. No, sir, not many; I was told they were doctors; there were Doctors Fisher and Tripler.

Q. Were they near the bed? A. They were surrounding it.

Q. Doing anything? A. Administering some medicine or stimulants; I did not see any instruments.

Q. Did you see Fisk the next morning? A. Yes; I saw him just before twelve o'clock; he was then dead.

PRIVATE OR PUBLIC.

Q. Do you recollect Redmond and two other boys, whose statement you took? A. I took their statement in writing.

Q. Where are those papers? A. I don't know where they are; they may have been lost or destroyed; they were private papers.

Q. But where are they?

The Court here interfered, and Mr. McKeon said:—Is it possible that in an investigation involving the life of a man, and where an officer of the law takes a statement, that we have not a right to see what has transpired?

The Court—I cannot allow this line of argument.

The Coroner—I think it is more than likely that I destroyed them; I am not positive what I did with them.

Q. Why were they taken? A. Merely to see whether I should hold these boys as witnesses.

Q. You discharged these boys? A. Because I was satisfied the boys would be forthcoming at the inquest, and Mr. Powers said that he would be personally responsible that none should tamper with them.

The Court then took a recess.

After the Recess.

Judge Ingraham was promptly in his place, but both jury and counsel lingered, and it was nearly two o'clock before proceedings were resumed. There was the same rush for entrance into the court room as prevailed in the morning, but the strict orders of the Court not to permit any noisy demonstrations, as strictly observed by the officers, kept the crowd back, and the room, as heretofore, was not uncomfortably filled.

TESTIMONY OF CAPTAIN BYRNES

Captain Thomas Byrne, of the Fifteenth precinct, was the first called, and testified—(examined by the District Attorney)—I first heard of the affair about four o'clock, when I was standing at the corner of Eighth street and Broadway; on going to the station house I learned Mr. Stokes had been identified as the man who shot Colonel Fisk; I went over and saw Colonel Fisk; about fifteen minutes past seven I received a pistol from Crockett and a ball that was found on the stairs; I gave them to Coroner Young—not the same evening, but at the Coroner's inquest.

To Mr. McKeon—It must have been twenty minutes past four when I reached the hotel; when I went into Colonel Fisk's room there were four or five people there; Dr. Fisher, I think, and Dr. Tripler; he was examining the wound; I saw it, and remarked what a large ball it must have been; I didn't see how deep the probe went in; Mr. Fisk laid there as if he had no pain at all; I should judge his voice was natural; I saw the boys, Hart and Redmond, during that evening; I did not take a statement from them; I was there when the Coroner was asking them some questions; they were discharged, and were gone from an hour and a half to two hours; I didn't get the pistol till about seven; I got it while the Coroner was there.

Q. Is Mr. Crockett here? A. I saw him here. (Mr. Crockett here rose.) I did not see Stokes arrested; I saw him as I came to the station house; I directed Officer Madden to sit beside him till I came back; he was sent to the cell about half an hour later.

Q. Who was the first person allowed to go into his cell? A. Mr. McKeon.

Q. Myself: when was that? A. About six o'clock or half-past six.

Mr. McKeon—This is about correct; did Hart tell you that he saw Mr. Stokes throw anything away? A. I don't think he did; we didn't take down his statement; we took down Redmond's statement; we took down the names of witnesses; we did not get Mr. Wandel's name; I have seen him standing in a great many places on Broadway.

TESTIMONY OF S. FRANK CROCKETT.

S. Frank Crockett was sworn and testified. By the District Attorney—I had charge of the front office of the Grand Central Hotel on the 6th January; I received a pistol on the parlor floor from the parlor man we call Henry; I immediately took it down to Mr. Powers, and in his presence threw up the chambers and found two loaded chambers and two discharged; I left it for a while in Mr. Powers' care, and afterwards gave it to Captain Byrne; I also received a bullet from Patrick Hart; I heard two shots, and in about two minutes a man came down with a white coat and a cane in his hand; I heard him say

"THERE IS A MAN SHOT,"

and walked toward the barber's shop; a boy, Thomas Hart, following, called out, and Mr. Powers said, "Arrest that man;" three of our men ran and caught him; the man was Mr. Stokes; I sent to ascertain who was shot; I then went up stairs to No. 213, where I found Mr. Fisk; there is a hall lamp over the ladies' stairs and one at the door.

Q. Are there two hand rails to those stairs? A. I think there are.

The District Attorney—I know there are; I was there last night myself.

Q. Was there a sofa in that parlor? A. Yes, there are two parlors connecting (the elevation being shown him); this is a fair model of the staircase; it is a perfect model; a lamp hangs down on the centre here (the space at the head of the stairs), within eight or nine feet of the ground.

The jury examined the model with considerable care.

After which witness resumed:—In Colonel Fisk's room there were Mr. Haskins, Mr. Curtis, young Mr. Powers and Dr. Tripler; I don't recall any others; the prisoner was brought in by an officer, McAdam, while I was there; I heard Mr. Fisk say something to the officer; Captain Byrne came in some time after the shooting and I informed him that I had a pistol; I then handed it to him; it was the same pistol that I had received from Henry; I also gave him a bullet I received from Patrick Hart; that was about five o'clock, and after I had given him the pistol.

Q. State what was the first you heard of the affair. A. It was a few minutes before four o'clock; I was in the front office and standing near Mr. Powers at the time; I heard two distinct reports of a pistol; I immediately said to Mr. Powers——

THE WITNESS

was interrupted by counsel, and after being told to state only what he saw and did, continued—In some two minutes, perhaps, a person with a

GRAY COAT

and a cane in his hand came down the front stairs leading to the office; as he came down I heard him say that a man was shot; I didn't hear any more than that; this person went towards the barber shop and was the person afterwards arrested; Mr. Powers, when he heard the boy say "that is the man," ordered some of the persons of the hotel near to arrest him; these were Ben Allen, stage driver at the hotel; Philip Farley and Pat McGrath; it was then I went up stairs and saw Mr. Fisk, and heard him say something to the policeman; Stokes was then present.

Q. What did Mr. Fisk say?

Mr. McKeon (rising excitedly)—Is the District Attorney trying to put in evidence the ante-mortem examination?

The District Attorney (very coolly)—I haven't said a word about it.

Private counsel objected to the interruption by defendant's counsel, when

Mr. McKeon again started to his feet, and, in his usual excited manner, said—I know what I am about, and I will not stand here and see private counsel interfering in the case.

Private Counsel—I maintain the right to address the Court against these interruptions.

Mr. McKeon—I stand here the defender of a man on trial for his life, and I protest against any man hired as private counsel and actuated by paid influences to prosecute.

THE COURT INTERFERES AGAIN.

Judge Ingraham cut Mr. McKeon short in his harangue, saying:—I had occasion three times to object to counsel's use of such language regarding private counsel. A motion was made on that subject and I decided on it, and after having done so I think it is highly improper for counsel to continually introduce the subject.

Mr. McKeon—However I may bow to the decision of the Court, I am not going to sit here and submit to private counsel's dictation. Mr. McKeon then resumed his seat, some applause following his remarks.

Q. What was it you heard Mr. Fisk say to the policeman who had Stokes in charge? A. Mr. Fisk said—

"THAT IS STOKES,

the man that shot me."

CROSS-EXAMINED.

To Mr. Tremain—I have known Mr. Fisk for fifteen years; not intimately.

Q. Have you had a good deal to do in getting up this case? A. I have not, that I know of; I have given some names of witnesses to Mr. Byrne; the District Attorney has asked me about several persons and I have answered him; I have not, that I remember, told any one not to subpœna Henry; I knew Mr. Comer; he was employed in some subordinate department of the Erie Railway; I have had two or three conversations with him since the occurrence.

Q. Suppose some one was standing near the door of 209; could anybody see him from the bottom? A. He would be round the corner, and of course he could not be seen; I have had no conversation that I recollect about subpœnaing Henry; I supposed that he would be subpœnaed, and am surprised he was not.

Q. How do you know that he is not? A. I have not seen him, and I have been here to-day and yesterday.

Q. Did you say that Stokes was running? A. I say that he was coming fast, so that his coat flaps were flying back; I should say he was running; coming faster than a walk; I give you my best recollection; I am very positive he used the expressions I have given; I don't think I saw Colonel Fisk at the hotel more than two or three times.

Q. How long had that Morse family been there?

Objected to by the District Attorney as irrelevant.

Mr. McKeon—Suppose this $1,500 found on Fisk was intended to pay their board bill.

A LITTLE CROSS FIRE

Mr. Tremain urged that some latitude must be given to a cross-examination. Counsel should not be suspected of any intention whatever to trifle with the Court. Nor should they be called on at all points to disclose the purpose of the cross-examination, and thus put the witness on his guard against the very object of the examination. If the Court saw any purpose of the counsel for the defence to trifle with the Court, then let it put on them the iron collar and force them to tell in advance the purpose and materiality of the questions; but if the counsel were to be credited with honest purposes then they must be given this latitude. He would, if the Court demanded it, give the purpose of the question. It was true that no one had the right to shoot another because he was a bad man, but if that bad character of the deceased was so wrapped around the prisoner by circumstances that it led him to feel himself overwhelmed by it, and to be in danger of

DEATH ITSELF

on account of it, surely they had the right to show it. And if he had paid the bills for months of this Morse family, if this character had so involved the proprietors of the hotel that they sought to bring the best witnesses to be found against the prisoner, and to keep back those who might be advantageous to them, surely they had a right to inquire into the relations, to show what motives influenced the proprietors of the hotel.

The District Attorney insisted that this question could have no possible bearing upon the guilt of the prisoner. The purpose with which that family were there or the length of the time they had been there did not make Mr. Fisk's life less under the protection of the Law. It did not authorize the prisoner to shoot him. It had no possible effect on the guilt or innocence of the prisoner.

Mr. Tremain, in reply, said that this was aside from the question of the limits of a cross-examination; where was the harm in opening wide the doors to show the relations between the deceased and this family, and incidentally the influence they had on these witnesses and the proprietors of this hotel?

RULING OF THE COURT.

The Court ruled that this matter was not cross-examination, but new matter, and was not relevant to the case. He, therefore, excluded the question.

Mr. Tremain then stated that to save time he made this offer. While this was being reduced to writing the witnesses' examination was resumed.

I was not examined at the Coroner's inquest; I took some books to the boys in the House of Detention [illegible]; I did not talk to them, except in the presence of an officer; I did not arrange to bring any woman here as a witness from Massachusetts; I had one conversation with Coughlin in the District Attorney's office; the last time I heard Fisk speak was when he was first placed in bed.

THE GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL AND THE MORSE FAMILY.

Counsel for the defence here read to the Court what they proposed to elicit from the question "How long had the Morse family been there?" and which had been ruled out by the Court as irrelevant to the issue. The paper was as follows:—

"The defence propose to show that the Grand Central Hotel, so far as the purposes for which the deceased, James Fisk, Jr., visited it, was a house of assignation; that the proprietors of such house were standing in the light of proprietors of such a house; that the deceased paid the proprietors of such house large sums of money to defray the expenses of his mistresses at different times, and that witness had knowledge of such facts."

Adjournment Till Monday.

Mr. Tremain said he had understood that for the sake of the jury he proposed to sit to-morrow. For himself he felt the need of the rest, and he asked as a personal favor that the Court would adjourn over, and he was perfectly willing that the jury should separate.

Mr. Garvin said he had no fear of a New York jury under a proper charge of the Court, and was quite willing they should separate.

After a pretty strict charge from the Court to avoid talking about the matter, or being talked to, or reading anything in relation to the case, the jury were allowed to separate, and the Court adjourned to Monday.

AT THE TOMBS.

Stabbed by a Woman—A Bookkeeper Locked Up for Embezzlement.

There was brought to the Tombs Police Court yesterday morning, by an officer of the Fourteenth precinct, a young girl who gave her name as Ellen Carlock. She was charged with having stabbed Nicholas Humbert, of 85 Monroe street, the night before. It seems she was passing through Grand street when she met two men, one of whom she stopped and said something to which was inaudible to Humbert and a friend who were walking about thirty feet behind the party accosted. Just as Humbert came up, however, he noticed the girl strike the man on the back, and saw him in turn hit her over the head with a small switch he carried. The two then separated, the girl going on toward the Bowery, and the man, with his companion, turning up a side street. Humbert and his friend continued on about fifty feet behind the girl, who stopped at the intersection of the Bowery and Grand street, and when Humbert came up rushed at him and plunged the large blade of a pocket knife into his breast, inflicting a very severe if not dangerous wound. The injured man cried for help, and Officer Conklin quickly responded and arrested the infuriated Amazon. She told Judge Hogan she mistook Humbert for the man she had spoken to, and who had hit her with the switch. She was committed for trial.

EMBEZZLEMENT.

On the 22d instant the proprietor of the St. Denis Hotel bought $28 worth of ale from the firm of A. C. Lawrence & Co., No. 93 and 95 Leonard street. Three days later Albert D. Holly, who was employed by the firm as bookkeeper and collector, presented the bill to the cashier of the hotel and received the full amount in payment thereof, which little sum he somehow neglected to hand over to his employers. He was brought before the Judge yesterday morning and committed for trial in default of $2,000 bail.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CHILDREN'S PICNIC.

The children who are instructed in the Sunday school attached to the Roman Catholic church of St. Vincent Ferrar, Rev. Father Lilly, pastor, enjoyed their annual excursion on the 27th inst. at the old park grounds in Westchester county. The little ones, to the number of several hundred, paraded at the church at an early hour in the morning. Mass was celebrated, their parents and many friends forming, with the juveniles, a large congregation. Filing from the church the party proceeded to the depot of the Third Avenue Railroad Company, from which point they were taken, in a number of cars which had been specially hired for the occasion, to the place of enjoyment. They were accompanied by four clergymen of the Dominican Order. The picturesque park was in elegant trim, the weather delightful; the games, music, dancing, more robust gymnastics, and other exercises excellent and refreshing. Large numbers of our most respectable and enterprising citizens attended and received and gave pleasure by their presence. Many old-time associations were renewed, and many new acquaintances formed. The children were returned to their homes by Father Lilly and his reverend coadjutors at an early hour in the evening, in health, and made still more happy by the outdoor fete.

THE COURTS.

Interesting Proceedings in the New York and Brooklyn Courts.

Privileges of Counsel Before Grand Juries—The Wiegel Perjury Case—An Interesting Legal Question—A Counterfeiter Sentenced—Charge of Presenting Fraudulent Bills—Business of the General Sessions.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

An Important Case—Privileges of Counsel.

Before Judge Shipman.

In the case of William J. Pollock, lately indicted for smuggling, the United States Grand Jury which indicted him sent to his counsel, Mr. Joseph Bell, for some letters belonging to Pollock which Pollock had entrusted to him. Mr. Bell declined to give them up, on the ground that it would be a breach of faith to his client to comply, and that they were privileged communications, which not even a Grand Jury could legally oblige delivery of to them. The matter was brought to the attention of Judge Shipman on Thursday, with a view of having Mr. Bell punished for contempt for not obeying the commands of the Grand Jury, and the Judge now has the matter under consideration.

The Wiegel Perjury Case—His Arraignment.

In the United States Circuit Court yesterday morning William H. Wiegel, indicted for perjury, in giving false testimony in the Tilden-Butler suit, was arraigned to plead to the indictment before Judge Shipman. The Court informed him that he must renew in this city his $5,000 bail given in Baltimore, with two good sureties, justifying in $10,000.

Wiegel said that he had no friends in this city, and feared that it would be difficult for him to procure bail. He did not fear trial, and was ready to go on at any time and defend himself if necessary. He hoped he would be given time to procure bail, and not be dogged by detectives in the meantime.

He was given until this morning to get bail, and quickly left the court room, thanking the Court for the time granted.

Interesting Legal Question.

Bills have been filed in the United States Circuit Court by the Babcock Fire Extinguisher Company against the "National" and "Philadelphia" (Gardner) Fire Extinguisher Companies, and against prominent purchasers of the infringing machines in this city, Philadelphia and Baltimore. The bills claim that these extinguishers, in using carbonic acid gas in combination with water, infringe the Carlier & Vignon patent, owned by the Babcock Company, and pray for injunctions restraining them from the manufacture, sale or use of "National" or "Gardner" machines, and for specific damages.

Counterfeiters Sentenced.

Patrick Kelly, the venerable counterfeiter who was arrested for dealing in spurious bills, was taken before Judge Shipman, in the United States Circuit Court, to be sentenced. His counsel, Mr. Spencer, appealed to the Court to act leniently towards Kelly on account of his extreme age.

Judge Shipman sent Kelly to the Kings County Penitentiary for one year, and imposed upon him a fine of $1,000.

Frank Mulvey, another counterfeiter, indicted for having spurious bills in his possession, was released by Judge Shipman on giving $1,000 bail to appear if called upon at the October term of the Court.

COMMON PLEAS.

Charge of Presenting Fraudulent Bills.

Before Judge Larremore.

Frederick Kindorff was arrested yesterday by a deputy sheriff, at the suit of Peter Lorillard and Charles Leidler, who constitute the well-known tobacco firm of P. Lorillard & Co., on a charge of presenting fraudulent bills for goods supplied by him to the establishment. The order of arrest was issued by Judge Larremore, and the complaint sets forth that Leidler had entered into an agreement with Mr. Campbell, a shipping clerk in the employ of Lorillard & Co., to certify the fraudulent bills; that the full number of articles for which payment was made was not delivered, and that the firm has been defrauded of $7,855. The prisoner was taken before Deputy Jarvis, preparatory to giving bail in the sum of $8,000.

Court Notices.

Chambers will be held in Part II. Common Pleas on Monday, 1st July, at 10 A. M., and continue until further notice.

During the months of July, August and September no business will be done in the Chambers of the Common Pleas on Saturday. All motions for that day will stand over until the following Monday.

NATHANIEL JARVIS, Jr., Clerk.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Two Highway Robbers Sent to the State Prison for a Long Term.

Before Recorder Hackett.

The trial of John Conklin and Edward J. Smith, which was commenced on Thursday afternoon, was finished yesterday morning. The prisoners were charged with assaulting a woman named Ida Ellett at the foot of Delancey street, on the 6th of May, and stealing $7 in money. According to her story, which was corroborated by a police officer and another witness, the prisoners sprang from behind a pile of lumber, and not only took her money, but stripped her of her bonnet and shawl. The accused persons swore that they did not touch or rob the complainant. After a few moments' deliberation the jury rendered a verdict of guilty. Conklin, who is a notorious character, was sent by the Recorder to the State Prison for twenty years, and Smith was sentenced to imprisonment at Sing Sing for the period of ten years.

Miner, the Confederate of Chauncey Johnson, Sent to Sing Sing for Five Years.

Henry Miner, alias Peter Hart, who was tried and convicted of grand larceny early in the week, being associated with Chauncey Johnson in the theft, was brought up for sentence. Mr. Mitchell made an appeal for a lenient sentence, but the Recorder imposed the highest penalty the law allowed, which was five years in the State Prison.

Other Sentences.

John Smith, who pleaded guilty to stealing $100 worth of wearing apparel from Owen Gormley, was sent to the State Prison for three years.

James Mulin, who pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny, was sent to the State Prison for two years and six months.

John Keefe, alias Johnny the Greek, who pleaded guilty to a similar charge, was sent to the Penitentiary for one year.

The Obscene Literature Traffic.

John Meeker, a dealer in photographs and fancy pictures, at 106 Nassau street, was placed on trial, charged with having in his possession obscene photographs with intent to sell them, in violation of the statute passed to suppress the traffic in immoral literature. This was one of a number of indictments brought against several parties for a similar offence. Mr. Anthony Comstock, the principal witness for the people, testified that he accompanied police officers to the defendant's place of business and seized a number of glass negatives of obscene photographs and other fancy card photographs, which Assistant District Attorney Fellows put in evidence. The jury scrutinized the filthy things with great particularity.

At the close of the case for the prosecution the Court adjourned till Monday.

BROOKLYN COURTS.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.

The Fitzpatrick Homicide—The Trial Postponed and the Prisoner Admitted to Bail.

Before Judge Pratt and Associate Justices Voorhees and Johnson.

Thomas Fitzpatrick, of No. 286 Van Brunt street, was indicted on the charge of having caused the death of his wife Mary. The indictment was for murder in the first degree. On Sunday, the 9th inst., the prisoner and his wife had a quarrel, during which the former kicked and beat the latter so severely that she died on Tuesday following. The circumstances of the tragic affair were fully published in the HERALD.

Yesterday morning the case was called on for trial. District Attorney Winchester Britton appeared for the people and Generals Tracy and Catlin for the defence. The latter were assigned by the Court to defend Fitzpatrick.

District Attorney Britton said that he would be unable to proceed yesterday in consequence of the absence of a very important witness from the city.

General Tracy desired to try the case at once; for in the event of a postponement the prisoner would have to lie in jail until the next term of the Court, which would not be held until October.

District Attorney Britton said he would not object to the prisoner being admitted to bail, as, upon examination of the case, he had come to the conclusion that he could only ask for a verdict of manslaughter in some inferior degree. He would consent to accept bail for manslaughter in the fourth degree.

General Tracy stated that the prisoner was a poor man, a day laborer, and asked the Court to take that fact into consideration when fixing the amount of bail.

Judge Pratt fixed the bail at $1,000. The case, therefore, goes over until October.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Cooks, &c.

13 WEST 47TH ST.—AS GOOD COOK; WILLING TO assist with washing and ironing.

49 WEST 16TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL as cook in the city. Can be seen at her present employer's for two days.

83 IRVING PLACE.—AS FIRST CLASS COOK, a Protestant; would go out of town for summer.

131 WEST 19TH ST.—AS FIRST CLASS ENGLISH cook in a private family; understands all kinds of family cooking; no objection to the country; five years' reference.

239 EAST 26TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, BACK room.—A competent German girl as cook in a private family; excellent reference.

604 6TH AV., BETWEEN 35TH AND 36TH STS.—A first class Protestant cook to go out by the day.

Chambermaids, &c.

13 WEST 47TH ST.—AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITress.

107 MADISON AV.—A LADY WANTS A SITUATION in the country for a good girl as chambermaid and waitress; can be well recommended at her present employer's, where she can be seen till July 2.

140 WEST 31ST ST., THIRD FLOOR.—A YOUNG girl to do chamberwork or take care of children in a private family.

162 MADISON ST.—AS CHAMBERMAID IN A PRIvate family; good reference. Call for three days.

186 MADISON ST., SECOND FLOOR, FRONT.—A respectable girl as chambermaid; willing and obliging.

306 EAST 33D ST.—TWO YOUNG GIRLS AS CHAMbermaids or waitresses; country preferred.

320 EAST 22D ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS.—A competent woman to do chamberwork in a private family; good reference.

342 WEST 25TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE SCOTCH girl as chambermaid and to do fine washing, or plain cook in a private family; good reference.

524 5TH AV., BETWEEN 43D AND 44TH STS.—A respectable young girl as chambermaid and waitress or chambermaid and assist in the washing and ironing. Can be seen at her present employer's.

600 6TH AV., BETWEEN 35TH AND 36TH STS., IN grocery.—As chambermaid or waitress; will be found competent and trustworthy in presence or absence of family; city reference.

1,109 2D AV.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS CHAMbermaid, to attend children and to assist in sewing. Inquire at present employer's.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

12 WEST 13TH ST.—FASHIONABLE LADIES WANTing elegant and stylish dresses made up at the shortest notice in the latest Parisian fashions and at very moderate terms, call on Mme. BROWN. Dressmaking in all branches; fits perfect.

12 WEST 13TH ST.—WANTED, WORK BY THE DAY, at her own house preferred, by a superior French dressmaker from the celebrated house of Worth in Paris; is a veritable artist, cutter, fitter and trimmer; second to none in America; work done quick and cheap. Call all the week. Mme. BRUN.

20 WEST 4TH ST.—A PARISIENNE DRESSMAKER will accept a few engagements by the day; has the latest styles and patterns.

43 WEST 11TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A competent seamstress and dressmaker wishes work by the day, week or month; thoroughly understands making an infant's wardrobe and can do the finest embroidery; can furnish a machine.

63 1ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN AS dressmaker; has her own sewing machine; is a first class operator.

249 8TH AV., OVER SHOE STORE.—ALL LADIES desiring a fashionable dressmaker, superior cutter, fitter and trimmer; has several seamstresses and first class operators employed; would send out by day or week; work done in neatest manner and most reasonable terms. Call on or address Mrs. EDWARDS.

314 EAST 23D ST.—A FASHIONABLE DRESSmaker, first class cutter, fitter and trimmer, desires a few more engagements by the day in first class families; references, or work can be seen.

A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER DESIRES A FEW more engagements by the day. Address A. C., box 193 Herald office.

A FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER, WHO HAS GOT through her engagements in the city, would like to work by the day for respectable families on Staten Island; city reference. Address care of Mrs. WILKES, York av., New Brighton, S. I.

A DRESSMAKER WOULD ACCEPT OF A FEW ENgagements by the day; the latest styles and patterns; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Address DRESSMAKER, box 164 Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

General Housework, &c.

8 CLARKSON ST., REAR.—A RESPECTABLE, COMpetent woman to do housework; good plain cook; excellent washer and ironer; good reference.

247 WEST 33D ST., IN THE REAR.—A RESPECTable girl to do housework in a small family.

259 WEST 31ST ST., CORNER 8TH AV.—A REspectable girl for general housework; is a good washer and ironer; good city reference.

338 EAST 46TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do general housework; is a good plain cook and first class washer and ironer.

1,194 BROADWAY.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO do general housework or waiting.

Housekeepers, &c.

135 WEST 35TH ST.—A YOUNG LADY OF REFINEment and ability as housekeeper; a bachelor's or widower's home preferred. Call for two days.

411 WEST 25TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH woman as housekeeper to a widower or lady and gentleman where there are no children; good reference. Address K. R.

A LADY, A STRANGER IN THE CITY, WISHES A position as housekeeper, to take charge of a gentleman's house; widower's preferred; is highly educated, accomplished in music and can make home cheerful and pleasant. Address L. A. J., Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

Laundresses, &c.

29 EAST 38TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A competent young woman as first class laundress; understands fluting and does up all kinds of linens and laces in superior style.

42 WEST 27TH ST. (PRESENT EMPLOYER'S).—TWO competent girls; one as laundress; has the best city reference; would assist in chamberwork; the other as cook; would do coarse washing if required. Call before 3 o'clock to-day.

604 6TH AV., BETWEEN 55TH AND 56TH STS.—A respectable Protestant woman wishes some gentlemen's washing at her own house.

837 10TH AV., BETWEEN 55TH AND 56TH STS.—A competent woman to go out by the day or take washing and ironing at home; understands fluting; excellent reference.

Nurses, &c.

75 3D AV.—AS MONTHLY NURSE; CAN BE ENgaged immediately; to be seen to-day; best references.

250 7TH AV., BETWEEN 24TH AND 25TH STS., top floor.—A respectable girl from the country as children's nurse and to assist in light chamberwork.

348 EAST 56TH ST.—AS NURSE IN A PRIVATE family; no objection to the country; best reference. Call for two days.

497 7TH AV., CORNER 37TH ST.—A RESPECTAble young woman to take care of a child and to do upstairs work; country preferred.

524 5TH AV.—A SCOTCH PROTESTANT AS nurse for growing children for country or city; best city reference.

A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS WET NURSE, WHO has her own baby, wishes to live in a private family. Call at Castle Garden. Mrs. MOONEY.

AN AMERICAN WOMAN AS NURSE FOR ONE OR two children, and to do plain sewing; city or country; best city reference. Address C. A. S. E., box 226 Herald office.

Waitresses, &c.

39 MONROE PLACE, BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—A competent girl as waitress; understand her business perfectly; refers to her present employer, with whom she has lived five years and where she can be seen Friday and Saturday, after 10 o'clock A. M.

Miscellaneous.

8 WEST 22D ST.—A LADY, GOING TO EUROPE, would like to find a situation for her maid, who understands her duties thoroughly.

13 UNION COURT, BETWEEN 11TH AND 12TH STS.—First class woman for a hotel or first class boarding house, city or country, who will take full charge.

16 EAST 15TH ST.—A FRENCH LADY, WITH A PURE Parisian accent, to go to the country with an American family, either as ladies' companion, teacher, or governess. Address Mme. CLERCX.

39 MONROE PLACE, BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—A competent girl as lady's maid and seamstress; is an excellent dressmaker; dresses hair and is in every way fitted to fill the position; would like to travel with a family or go in the country for the summer; refers to her present employer, with whom she has lived five years, at whose residence she can be seen Friday and Saturday, after 10 A. M., and highly recommended.

61 WEST 28TH ST.—AS FIRST CLASS LADY'S MAID; understands hairdressing and dressmaking; is a perfect cutter and fitter; highest city references.

AN ENGLISH WIDOW LADY DESIRES A POSITION as governess to young children or as housekeeper, where she would have full charge. Address GOVERNESS, 31 Clinton place, New York city.

A LADY (AMERICAN) WOULD LIKE TO MAKE AN engagement in the capacity of companion to an elderly lady going abroad for the summer. Address COMPANION, box 164 Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A LADY, COPYING OR WRITING OF any kind to do at home. Address R., box 154 Herald office.

YOUNG WIDOW, WHO WRITES A ROUND, CLEAR, extra good hand, wants copying at home or in office; three years' experience in government service at Washington. Call on or address LIZZIE BROOKS, 105 West 44th st.

Intelligence Offices.

GERMAN SERVANTS FOR ALL POSITIONS, CAPAble and trustworthy, constantly found at 318 Bowery; entrance on Bleecker st. Mrs. LOWE.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

A GIRL WANTED—TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK in a small American family; reference required. Apply at 330 West 22d st.

A COOK, A LAUNDRESS, A CHAMBERMAID, WHO understand making butter, all first class and reliable, wanted, by a family in the country, for the summer; must all be Protestants; Germans, French or Swedes preferred. Apply at Gilsey House office, corner Broadway and 29th st.

NURSE WANTED—ONE WHO UNDERSTANDS THE care of infants and willing to go a short distance in the country. Apply at 303 West 22d st., between 10 and 12 this day.

WANTED—A GIRL TO LEARN THE TOY BUSINESS. Apply at 870 Broadway.

WANTED—TEN GOOD DRESSMAKERS; COME PREpared to work. Apply at 36 West 23d st.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN TO DO GENeral housework in a family of four persons. Apply at 187 East 71st st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN, WITH CITY references, to assist with children in a private family. ROBERT I. BROWN, 20 Nassau st.

WANTED—IN A SMALL AMERICAN FAMILY, A German woman for general housework. Call today at 441 West 21st st.

WANTED—A RELIABLE WOMAN TO COOK, WASH and iron in a private family in the country; must bring recommendations. Apply at 406 West 33d st.

WANTED—COOK, WASHER AND IRONER in a small American family. References required. Wages $16 per month. Apply at 28 West 47th st.

WANTED—A STEADY WOMAN TO DO GENERAL housework for a family of three; must be a good washer and ironer. Apply at Dr. PURCELL'S, 205 East 29th st.

WANTED—TO GO TO THE COUNTRY, A GOOD cook, willing to assist in washing and ironing. Apply at 23 East 33th st., between 10 and 12 o'clock, Saturday morning.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK for a small family, to go a short distance in the country; German preferred. Apply to D. H., 103 Murray st.

WANTED—A GOOD PLAIN COOK TO ASSIST WITH the washing and ironing; also a waitress, willing and obliging. 54 West 26th st., between Broadway and 6th av.

WANTED—A DECENT WOMAN, LIVING DOWN town, to do some rooms from 8 to 9 in the morning; wages $2 50 per week. Call at No. 7 Murray st., rooms 33 to 35, to-day from 3 to 4 P. M.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS SEAMSTRESS; MUST UNderstand Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine and be willing to make herself useful. Apply, with reference, before 11 A. M. to-day, at 261 West 19th st., basement door.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT GIRL AS NURSE AND seamstress for a child four years old; must be a good operator; willing to assist as chambermaid; best city reference. Apply at 413 Madison av.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS COLORED COOK, washer and ironer, for New Rochelle; family small; wages $17; references. Apply at Worth House, 202 5th av., between 9 and 12 o'clock.

WANTED—FOR THE COUNTRY, TWO CAPABLE girls; one to cook, wash, iron and make butter; the other for chamberwork, waiting, &c., to assist in washing and ironing. Apply on Monday, from 11 to 12, at 25 Murray st.

WANTED—A WOMAN (ONE WHO LIVES IN THE country preferred) to wet nurse at her own house an infant seven months old. Address, with references, stating locality and terms, or apply to Mrs. JULIA FAY, 123 Lexington av., New York.

WANTED—A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN FOR A FAMily living two miles from Harlem Bridge; must be a good washer and ironer, and a Protestant; a good home and wages are offered to the right kind of woman. Send name and address to M., Herald office.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A SCOTCH OR ENGLISH Protestant woman, about 42 years old, for cook and general housework; must be trustworthy and neat in duties; to one answering the above in every respect very liberal wages will be paid. Address box 731 Plainfield, N. J.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

A YOUNG SINGLE MAN, WHO CAN SPEAK good French and Italian, but not perfectly English, wishes a situation in a store of any kind, or in a private family; he can do the table service and learn the French language to the children; the best recommendations as to pleasant character and very intelligent. Call for two days at 424 7th av.

A MAN AND WIFE WISH TO TAKE CHARGE OF A family's residence during their absence in the summer months. Address PAINT STORE, 160 East 20th st., for three days.

NOTICE.—A VERY INTELLIGENT COURIER, speaking French, English, Spanish, Portuguese and Italian, wants a situation to go to Europe with some respectable family; best reference given. Apply at No. 7 Broadway, room 15, New York.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BARKEEPER, BY A young man; can furnish first class reference. Call on or address J. R., present employer's, 429 7th av.

WANTED—SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN, AS waiter in a private family or first class boarding house; best references given. Address M. C., box 209 Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, LATELY ARRIVED from Ireland, well educated, a situation in a merchant's office; will take a small salary for a commencement. Apply at 465 3d av.

CLERKS AND SALESMEN.

AN AUCTIONEER, A PHOTOGRAPHER AND TWO ... Hudson st. Call before 1 o'clock to-day, or Monday.

ACCOUNTS, EIGHT LANGUAGES, ARREARS WRITten up; books opened, kept, examined or balanced; references. JAMES COX, 47 Wall street, third floor.

ACCOUNTS ADJUSTED AND BOOKS BALANCED and scientifically kept; books balanced, however complicatedly confused. Address A. B. R., box 3,432 Post office.

A TRAVELLER, LATELY ENGAGED IN A LARGE manufacturing house, calling on the wholesale millinery trade East and West, is open for engagement; unquestionable references. Address box 150 Herald office.

DRUG CLERK WANTED—IN A WHOLESALE DRUG house; one who has been accustomed to putting up essential oils, &c.; salary $600 per annum. Address H., box 195 Herald office.

DRUG CLERK WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WITH some experience; must be well recommended, and be willing to live in the country for a length of time, in a good place. Address Druggist, Herald office, for three days.

GERMAN SALESMAN WANTED—IN AN OLD, LONG established importing house; he must be thoroughly acquainted with Bohemian and Belgian glassware, staple and fancy French and German china ware, be an A No. 1 salesman, and must be able to show a number of years' experience in a first class house here. To such a one a good position and liberal salary; none others need answer. Any communications in answer to this will be considered confidential. Address G. B. & C., box 191 Herald office.

I WANT A SMART, ENERGETIC MAN OF GOOD ADdress, acquainted in the city. Communicate by letter, giving age and previous occupation, BROWN, box 209 Herald office.

PAPER HANGINGS.—TRAVELLERS WANTED, WHO are accustomed to take orders for above goods throughout the United States. Full information required from applicants as to what houses they have represented and travelled for, which will be held confidential. Address P. H., care of W. W. Sharpe & Co., Tribune Building, New York.

WANTED—BY A DRY GOODS COMMISSION HOUSE, selling shawls, felt skirts and woollen piece goods, a capable, energetic salesman. Address B. B., Herald office.

WANTED—A SMART, ACTIVE YOUNG MAN, AS clerk in a grocery store. Apply for two days at 250 Newark av., Jersey City.

WANTED—A DRUG CLERK; MUST HAVE BEST OF references. Apply for three days at KIMBALL'S, corner 5th av. and 9th st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN IN A WHOLESALE IMporting house; salary first year $1,200; references required. Address for one week H. F., Herald office.

WANTED—SALESMEN FOR LACE GOODS DEpartment of a dry goods jobbing house; none but those who have had experience need apply. Address, with references, box 125 Post office.

WANTED—BY A WHOLESALE LIQUOR IMPORTING house, a salesman, commanding first class city and country drug and grocery trade. Address, stating references and experience, WINES, Herald office.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED VARNISH SALESman who is well and favorably known to the trade and can give good references as to character and ability. To such a one a liberal salary will be given by a first class house. Address S. A. Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS TRAVELLER, BY A German young man, well acquainted with Western trade; tobacco or cigar line preferred; would travel on commission. Address COMMERCIAL AGENT, Herald office.

WANTED—A TRAVELLING SALESMAN TO SELL fancy goods on commission; only in connection with his other business; one who is in a notion or jewelry trade preferred. Send address and what commission is required to box 372 Post office.

WANTED—IN AN IMPORTING HOUSE, A MAN of middle age, thoroughly familiar with the details of office work, foreign currencies, &c., and with some knowledge of Custom House business; must write a good hand and be expert in figures. Reply in own handwriting, giving name, address and references, box 2,325 Post office, New York.

WANTED—FOR THE NEXT EIGHT WEEKS, A SITUation as copyist, salesman, clerk, or any manual labor that he can perform; said person left Messrs. Field, Leiter & Co., Chicago, one year ago, for an education; stood 41 in a class of 42 at Phillips' Exeter Academy at the end of the first term and 9 at the close of the year; can get the best of backing up for honesty, ability, poverty and pluck. Any one who can use such services will please address H. A. C., 320 Broadway.

COACHMEN AND GARDENERS.

A FIRST CLASS COACHMAN WANTS A SITUATION; no objection to the country. Apply at C. Graham's harness store, 68 University place.

A FIRST CLASS MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS coachman; understands his business thoroughly; best city reference. Address JOHN, 15 East 27th st.

AN ENGLISH MARRIED MAN WANTS A SITUAtion (with cottage) as gardener, &c., after two weeks. Address S. TYRRELL, Bloomfield, N. J.

AN AMERICAN DESIRES A SITUATION AS COACHman and gardener; competent and willing to be generally useful; low wages accepted. Address WILLIAM, box 212 Herald office.

A FIRST CLASS COACHMAN WANTS A SITUATION; understands his business thoroughly; best reference, town or country. Address E. M., box 200 Herald office, for two days.

AN AMERICAN SINGLE MAN WISHES A SITUAtion as gardener on a gentleman's place in the country; understands driving, the care of horses and can milk; good references. Address E. L., Hyde Park, Dutchess county, N. Y.

COACHMAN'S SITUATION—MARRIED; NO OBJECtion to the country; four years' city reference from last employer. Address R. S., 50 4th av.

COACHMAN, WHO CAN BE RECOMMENDED BY his last employers for honesty, sobriety and industry, wishes an engagement with any gentleman wanting such. Address E. D., box 102 Herald office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN AND GARDENER'S SITUation, by a sober, single man; can milk; is willing to make himself useful; good references. Address for two days H. C., box 212 Herald office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG ENGLISHMAN, A SITUAtion as first class coachman; best city reference from present employer. Apply to JESSE DAW, No. 6 West 24th street.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS GARDENER, COMPEtent to lay out and to take charge of a place in the country. Apply between 10 and 12 on Saturday or Monday next at 86 West st., second floor.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

A FIRST CLASS WAITER WANTED.—APPLY AT the Sinclair House Restaurant, corner of 8th st. and Broadway.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SOLICIT LIFE INSURANCE. Apply at the Republic Life Insurance Company's, 409 Broadway.

AGENTS.—TWO AGENTS, OF GOOD ADDRESS AND some experience in the book business, wanted to solicit subscriptions for our fine illustrated books; from $5 to $10 per day can easily be made by those willing to work. No others need apply. HOWARTH, TRACY & PHILLIPS, 66 Beekman street.

A MAN WITH A SMALL FAMILY, HAVING $1,000 to loan on undoubted security, wanted to oversee gathering hay, fruit, &c.; a splendid home and a good salary. AMES & CO., No. 7 Murray street, room 23.

BOY WANTED—IN A WHOLESALE DRUG HOUSE; must come well recommended and reside with his parents. Call at 20 Beekman st., before 10 A. M.

BOY WANTED—12 TO 14 YEARS OF AGE, FOR AN office down town; very pleasant position; best references required. Address S. S. A., Herald office.

BOY WANTED—IN A LAW OFFICE; INTELLIGENT, trustworthy and writes well; wages $3 to $4 per week. Address, with reference, GREENLEAF, Herald office.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS OYSTERMAN, 290 Spring st.

WANTED—ONE HEAD WAITER AND SIX WAITERS, for NEWCOMB'S Lunch Room, 595 Broadway.

WANTED—TWO GOOD, SMART WAITERS FOR A dining saloon. Inquire at 620 Grand st.

WANTED—A MAN WHO THOROUGHLY UNDERstands working on Dragged's steam pans in confectionery. 63 Barclay st.

WANTED—A SMART YOUNG MAN, TO WAIT, &c., in a hotel. Apply at No. 2 Atlantic av., Brooklyn. Also a waiter wanted.

WANTED—A SMART, ACTIVE BOY, FROM 14 TO 16 years of age, who is not afraid to work. Address W. H., box 222 Herald office, in own hand writing.

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED WAITERS. NONE but those who understand their business need apply at the CITY OYSTER HOUSE, 293 Fulton st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED YOUNG MAN, WITH good city reference, to attend bar, at 149 Hudson st. Apply from 9 to 10 o'clock.

WANTED—BY A WHOLESALE LIQUOR IMPORTING house, an office boy acquainted with the business; a good penman required. Address, in applicant's handwriting, with references, BOY, Herald office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WHO THOROUGHLY understands sailing, to take charge of a yacht of about ten tons. Address YACHT, box 584 New York Post office.

WANTED—FOR THE UNITED STATES MARINE Corps, 500 fine able-bodied men. This service offers splendid opportunities to visit foreign countries on board United States ships-of-war. For further information apply at Recruiting Rendezvous, Nos. 35 and 37 Chatham street, New York city. HENRY A. BARTLETT, Captain U. S. Marine Corps.

THE TRADES.

A GOOD BOY, OF HONORABLE PARENTS, 13 YEARS old, wishes to learn a trade; speaks English and German. Address W. S., Herald office.

ATTENTION, PRINTERS!—WANTED, A FIRST CLASS power pressman, accustomed to color and cut work, and willing to go West. Apply to WILSON, HINKLE & CO., 28 Bond st., from 10 to 12 A. M.

A SOAP CUTTER WANTED—FOR COMMON SOAPS; steady employment will be given to one who thoroughly understands his business; none other need apply. Address or apply to JESSE OAKLEY & CO., 55 and 58 Murray st.

ENGINEER.—WANTED, A COMPETENT ENGINEER for a small engine. Address, stating terms, H. T., Herald office.

FOREMAN FOR CASTOR OIL MANUFACTURING wanted.—Apply to LACEY & RANDALL, 71 Wall st.

GORDON PRESSMAN.—WANTED, A YOUNG MAN, who thoroughly understands Gordon presses; must know how to distribute type; one who lives in Brooklyn. Call at 349 Adams st., Brooklyn.

PHOTOGRAPHIC OPERATOR WANTED—ALSO partner (photographer or other) in view of business; $250 per week profit on small capital; fine opening for somebody. Inquire at WATSON'S Gallery, 655 Broadway.

WANTED—TWO ... MAKERS. Address H. C. BASKELL, Albany.

WANTED—A PHOTOGRAPHIC PRINTER AND toner, and to assist in operating. Apply at corner of South 6th and 4th sts., Williamsburg.

WANTED—A MAN WHO THOROUGHLY UNDERstands baking and candy making. Address HERALD, Columbia, Tenn.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS WATCH CASE SPRINGER and finisher; highest wages and steady employment. Address BOOZ, HAGSTOZ & THOMAS, 103 South 5th st., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—A MAN OF GOOD HABITS AND CHAracter competent to make toilet soaps in all varieties; also a man competent to manufacture family soaps. Parties desiring permanent situations will address box 4,459 Post office, with particulars.

WANTED—A RUBBER MANUFACTURER; ONE thoroughly competent to superintend a large factory in the manufacture of clothing, shoes, belting, hose, tubing, piano covers and general small lines. Address, with references to ability, stating number of years experience and lines in which principal experience has been had, GUTTA PERCHA, box 298 Herald office.

FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNE DEMOISELLE FRANCAISE, PARLANT L'ANglais, désire trouver une place comme dame de compagnie ou dans une famille comme gouvernante. S'adresser de 10 à 1 heure au 591 Broadway, troisième étage.

UNE FRANCAISE DESIRE SE PLACER DANS UNE bonne famille pour soigner un ou deux enfants et coudre, ou comme femme de chambre et faire le service de table. Adresser A. B. ELFELT, 132 Church st., pendant deux jours.

UNE FILLE FRANCAISE, NOUVELLEMENT ARrivee, desire se placer comme bonne d'enfants et coudre. S'adresser au 213 Est 25 rue.

UNE BONNE CUISINIERE FRANCAISE DESIRE SE placer dans une famille privee, avec de bonnes references. S'adresser au 242 6me av.

UNE JEUNE DAME FRANCAISE DESIRE DONNER des leçons particulieres dans des familles privees a des prix moderes. Adresser J. R., 318 3me av., entre la 31me et 32me rue, au troisieme.

UNE BONNE OUVRIERE FRANCAISE, FAISANT bien la robe, desirerait de l'ouvrage chez elle ou des journees dans les familles. S'adresser au 117 Bleecker st., chez le Dr. Tranchand a Mme. BARU.

HOUSES, ROOMS, &C., WANTED.

In this City and Brooklyn.

THE UPPER PART OF A GENTEEL HOUSE WANTed, by a small family of adults; must have all conveniences and not be above Fiftieth street. Address N. P. O., Herald office.

WANTED—TWO FLOORS, WITH STEAM POWER, on the west side of the city, for a cabinet manufactory. Apply to or address L. SOMMER, 390 Eighth av.

WANTED—UNFURNISHED SECOND FLOOR; FOUR or five rooms; no children; rent not to exceed $30 per month. Address HENDLEY, Herald office.

MARBLE MANTELS.

A.—REMOVAL.—SLATE MANTELS, GRATES, &C.—Large and elegant stock at our new warerooms, Union square, corner of Fourth avenue and Seventeenth street. PENRHYN SLATE COMPANY, manufacturers of every variety of Slate work, plain and ornamental.

A. KLABER, STEAM MARBLE AND MARBLEIZING Works, 134 and 136 East Eighteenth street.—Marble and Marbleized Mantels, Tiling, Marble Counters, Monuments, at prices that defy competition. Marble Turning for the trade.

A.—REMOVAL.—SLATE MANTELS, MARBLE MANtels, Wood Mantels; the finest assortment ever offered in this city, at our new and spacious warerooms, 220 and 222 West Twenty-third street. T. B. STEWART & CO.

W. H. PIERSON, MARBLE AND SLATE MANTELS, from $12 upwards; elegant new designs. 434 Canal street, near Varick.

MEDICAL.

ATTENTION!—TWENTY YEARS' PRUSSIAN HOSPItal experience. Private diseases successfully and permanently cured. Consultation free. DR. FRANKLIN, 151 Bleecker street.

A.—MRS. W. H. MAXWELL, 114 EAST TENTH STREET. Female Physician; advice gratis.

A.—MME. GRINDLE, FEMALE PHYSICIAN, SPEEDily cures all female complaints. Office 120 West Twenty-sixth street.

A LADIES' PHYSICIAN.—MADAME SELDEN, 57 Amity street, visits ladies at their residences; confidential and skilful treatment. Advice free.

DR. H. D. GRINDLE, PROFESSOR OF MIDWIFERY, speedily cures all female complaints, whatever the cause. 120 West Twenty-sixth street.

DR. HARRISON, 163 BLEECKER STREET, CURES special diseases immediately, without exposure. Read celebrated treatise on nervous debility.

DR. KING CURES ALL DELICATE DISEASES AND derangements; one visit sufficient; consultations strictly private. 14 Amity street, near Broadway.

LADIES SPEEDILY CURED AND BOARDED DURing sickness by Dr. and Mme. WEST, Ladies' Physicians, 142 West Twenty-fifth street.

PHYSICIAN FOR LADIES AND FRIEND OF THE unfortunate.—Dr. BOTT, 125 Waverley place, near Sixth avenue. Relief sure.

SALES AT AUCTION.

ARCH. JOHNSTON, AUCTIONEER.
Office and salesroom 37 Nassau street, opposite the Post office.
ADJOURNED SALE.
ELEGANT MARBLE POLAR SODA FOUNTAIN,
ONE "GEE" GENERATOR,
VERY ELEGANT MARBLE TOP COUNTERS,
PIER MIRRORS, GAS CHANDELIERS,
Oilcloths, Ice Cream Apparatus. All the Candies and Machinery for making Candies, Pans, &c., contained in the Confectionery Store 198 Court street, Brooklyn; to be sold at auction this day, June 29, at 11 o'clock, by
JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
Office and salesroom 37 Nassau street.

ARCH. JOHNSTON, AUCTIONEER.
Office and salesroom 37 Nassau street, opposite the Post office.
CONTINUATION SALE OF
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
By
JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
on
THIS DAY, SATURDAY, June 29,
at 10½ o'clock,
at their salesroom, 37 Nassau street, the entire Furniture of a family declining housekeeping, comprising Velvet and Moquet Carpets, carved Suit in crimson satin, Etageres, marble top inlaid Centre Tables, carved walnut inlaid Extension Tables, Buffet, Chairs and Lounge to match, French walnut inlaid and carved Bedsteads, Dressing Bureaus, Washstands, Commodes, Easy Chairs, Bookcases, Card Tables, Reclining Chairs, Brocatel Curtains, Curled Hair Mattresses, Feather Bolsters and Pillows, oak Extension Dining Room Table, with Chairs to match; superb Turkish Suit in green reps, Silverplated Ware, Blankets, Sheets, Quilts, Pillow Cases, &c.
Also
150 Sewing Machines, Grover & Baker's, Singer's, &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER,
Salesrooms 95 Chambers and 77 Reade streets.
By ALLEN B. MINER & BRO.
THIS DAY (SATURDAY), JUNE 29,
at 10½ o'clock, at our Salesrooms,
95 Chambers and 77 Reade streets.
GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Velvet, Brussels and three-ply Carpets; French plate Pier and Mantel Mirrors; carved rosewood and black walnut Parlor Suits, in brocatel and reps; black walnut Bedsteads; Bureaus, Washstands, Commodes; rosewood and black walnut marble top Centre and Side Tables; Etageres, oak marble top Buffet, black walnut Wardrobes, Bookcases, Dining Extension Tables and Chairs, Lounges, Rockers, Brocatel and Lace Window Curtains, Cornices and Shades, Plimpton Bedsteads, Hall Stands, painted and enamelled Cottage Suits, Hair Mattresses, Feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows, Meat Safes, Refrigerators, Engravings, Silver Plated, Crockery and Glass Ware; Kitchen Utensils, &c.

ALBERT B. WALDRON, AUCTIONEER,
salesrooms 108 Liberty, 111 Cedar and 33 Church sts.
HOUSEHOLD AND CABINET FURNITURE,
CARPETS, MIRRORS, BEDDING, &c.
THIS DAY, JUNE 29, 1872, at 10½ O'CLOCK.
WALDRON & COOKE will sell by auction, as above, a long line of the following Goods, removed for convenience of sale:—
PARLOR SUITS,
one Grand Duchess, in salmon and crimson brocatel; one solid rosewood and gilt, in plum brocatel, 8 pieces; one rosewood, green and gold brocatel; one walnut inlaid, green reps; four walnut Suits in plain reps; six walnut in fancy striped; one Louis XIV., one Pompadour, &c.
CHAMBER SUITS.
2 rosewood Chamber Suits, 1 mahogany Suits, 9 pieces, 4 walnut Chamber Suits, fine, 6 walnut Suit, medium, 1 enamelled Chamber Suit, 1 solid oak Suit.
TABLES.
13 solid walnut Centre Tables; also Pillar and Leg walnut Extension Table, Office and Library and Fancy Tables.
VELVET, BRUSSELS AND INGRAIN CARPETS,
Office and Counting House Desks,
French Plate Pier and Mantel Mirrors.
9 SECRETARY AND LIBRARY BOOKCASES,
oak and walnut Buffets,
Single and Double walnut Wardrobes,
Cutlery, Clocks, Chromos, Paintings,
Spring, Hair and other Mattresses.
BARBER'S CHAIR AND POLE;
Lady's Enamelled Hunting Watch,
Diamond Ring and Breastpin;
Oilcloths, Mats, Rugs, &c.
BEDSTEADS, BUREAUS, WASHSTANDS,
Dining and Bedroom Chairs;
standard and miscellaneous Books;
Sofa, Beds, Etageres, Cabinets, &c.
Catalogues early morning of sale.

AUCTION.—LARGE AND GENUINE SALE OF handsome and genteel Household Furniture, at the private residence, 252 West Forty-second street, one block west of Broadway, near Seventh avenue, property of Albert A. Vandenhoff, Esq., leaving for Europe.
THIS SATURDAY, June 29, at 10½ o'clock.
E. NICHOLS & CO., Auctioneers, office 1,495 Broadway.
Parlors—Magnificent Parlor Suits, latest style, covered with the richest description of satin, brocatel and silk reps; French glass Pier and Oval Mirrors, brocatel and lace Curtains, rich Chandeliers, French imported Bronzes, Vases, Statuary, fine Oil Paintings, Parlor Ornaments, Clocks, rosewood Pianoforte, stool and cover; Etageres, Cabinets, gilded and inlaid Tables, Bookcases, Books, Library Table, rosewood and walnut Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Commodes, Wardrobes, Turkish Sofas, Lounges, Chairs, spring and hair Mattresses, Bedding, walnut Suits, covered with reps and haircloth; Buffet, Extension Table, China Dinner Set, Glass and Silver Ware. Basement and servants' Furniture. Goods packed and delivered for purchasers.

AUCTION, AUCTION, AUCTION.
This day, at private residence, 124 West 25th st., at 10½ o'clock.—A rare chance for parties commencing housekeeping.—Over 300 lots of elegant household Furniture, viz.:—Rosewood Pianoforte, cost $900; Parlor Suits, latest styles; Mirrors, Brussels Carpets, Lace Curtains, Oil Paintings; Bedroom Suits, rosewood and walnut single and double Bedsteads, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Bedding, Spring and Hair Mattresses, Lounges, Clocks, &c.; also Dining Room, Basement and Kitchen Furniture. Sale positive. HENRY ZINN, Auctioneer.

AUCTION, AUCTION.
Magnificent Household Furniture,
Pianoforte, Bronzes, Paintings.
On THIS DAY (Saturday), June 29,
at the private residence, 36 West Fifteenth street,
near Fifth avenue, at 11 o'clock.
Parlor Suites, Velvet Carpets, Mirrors, Bronzes, Etageres, Clocks, Pianoforte, rosewood; Walnut Chamber Suite, Mattresses, Extension Table, China, Glass, Silverware. Sale peremptory.

AUCTION NOTICE.—$25,000 OF BEST CITY MADE Household Furniture, Pianoforte, Velvet Carpets, Pier and Mantel Mirrors, Bedroom Suits, Oil Paintings, Bronzes, Lace Curtains, &c.; completely furnished; complete Furniture 5 story private residence 120 West 23d street, bet. 6th and 7th avenues. Sale commencing at 10½ o'clock this day (Saturday) June 29.
LUKE FITZGERALD, Auctioneer.

ADJOURNED SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUtion we will sell this day, at 10 o'clock, the Lease, Stock and Fixtures now in the liquor store southeast corner of Forty-ninth street and Third avenue.
DOWLING & DOHRENWEND, Marshals.

BY S. ADLER, AUCTIONEER—OFFICE 202 BROADway—will sell at 2 P. M. this day that handsome brown stone Mansion, on the premises, 1,052 Second avenue. Buyers take notice.

BY ISADORE J. SWARZKOPH, AUCTIONEER—Sales, 1 o'clock, at 611 Greenwich street, entire Stock and Fixtures of elegant Grocery and Liquor Store; positively in lots. Dealers call.
I. J. SWARZKOPH, 273 Bowery.

BY J. SPEYER, AUCTIONEER.—SELLS THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, 86 Bleecker street, Stock and Fixtures of a neat Confectionery, together with family Furniture; positively in lots.

BY HENRY STRAUS, AUCTIONEER, OFFICE 375 Bowery—Sells at 407 East Eighteenth street, 10 o'clock, Teas, Coffee, Sugar, Soaps, Starch, Spices, &c.; all the Fixtures and Butcher Fixtures, with Stock, of that well filled Grocery and Butcher Shop, in lots positively. Dealers, call.

BY HENRY STRAUS, AUCTIONEER, OFFICE 375 Bowery—Sells at 36 Wooster street, 2½ o'clock, all the Fixtures of Butcher Shop; fine Ice House; in lots. Dealers, take notice.

FITTINGS AND FIXTURES OF A LIQUOR STORE.—W. K. YORSTON, by BETTS & YORSTON, Auctioneers, will sell by auction this day, at 10 o'clock, the Fittings of the Liquor Store 511 Broome street. Four-pull Pump, two Counters, Ice Box, Liquor Casks, Gas Fittings, Glasses, Bottles, &c., positively in lots. Auction office 56 West Thirty-second street.

GROCERY STOCK, FITTINGS AND FIXTURES.—W. K. YORSTON, Auctioneer. By BETTS & YORSTON, will sell by auction this day, at 3 o'clock, the Stock of a Grocery and Meat Store, 438 West Fortieth street, in lots, comprising Counters, Canisters, large Ice House, Wagon, Cart, Harness, and an assortment of Groceries. The trade invited. Auction office, 56 West Thirty-second street.

I. S. WEINBERGER, AUCTIONEER.—MARSHALL'S sale, this day, June 29, at 10½ o'clock, at 15½ Bowery, five dozen D. C. A. long Coats, half long Jackets and Pants, suitable for sailors and fishermen. By order of
L. OBERLE, City Marshal.
Also Wines, Liquors, Champagnes and Cigars; also 30 demijohns of assorted Wines and Liquors.

I. S. WEINBERGER, AUCTIONEER, SELLS THIS day, June 29, at 10½ o'clock, at 15½ Bowery, Furniture, Carpets, green rep Suits, eight pieces; large Icebox, Sewing Machines, Mattresses, Bureaus, Tables, Chairs, Stove, &c.; also Watches, Jewelry, Parasols, Dresses, sailors' Waterproof Suits, 24 dozen Hay, Dung and Pitch Forks; a variety of other Goods too numerous to mention. Sale positive, and dealers specially invited.

JACOB BOGART, AUCTIONEER.
THIS DAY, June 29,
at 11 o'clock, at the auction rooms, No. 1 North William street, Household Furniture, consisting of Parlor Furniture, Sofas, Lounges, Easy and Rocking Chairs, black walnut Dressing Bureaus, Washstands, black walnut and other Bedsteads, hair and husk Mattresses, new cane bottom Chairs, Rockers; marble top Buffet, Centre Tables, lace Curtains, Brussels and ingrain Carpets. Also one black Mare, Express Wagon and Harness. Also, at 12 o'clock, a lot of unsettled Book Accounts of the late firm of Vanderhoven & Decrood. By order of the assignee.
Also one fine old Oil Painting, "Peace and War," by Stearns.
MONDAY, July 1,
at 11 o'clock, at 25 West Thirty-sixth street,
genteel Household Furniture, Parlor, Chamber, Library, Dining Room and Kitchen Furniture, fine collection of Oil Paintings by celebrated masters. Catalogue at sale.

J. T. TRAVER, AUCTIONEER,
will sell this day, at 10½ o'clock, at 19 Third street, near Bowery, a large and general assortment of Groceries, damaged by fire; fine walnut top Counter, Icebox, Shelving, Canvas Awning and Frame, Coal Box, Coal, &c., &c.

JOS. SHONGOOD, AUCTIONEER, WILL SELL THIS day, at 10½ o'clock, at his salesroom, 300 West Thirtieth street, one Sewing Machine, ten Cooking and Parlor Stoves, Furniture and Mattresses. Dealers invited.

LIQUOR STORE.—W. K. YORSTON, BY BETTS & YORSTON, will sell by auction this day (Saturday), at 12 o'clock, the Fittings and Fixtures of the liquor store No. 5 Greenwich avenue, corner of Christopher street. Auctioneers' office, 56 West Thirty-second street.

MARSHAL'S SALE.—I. S. WEINBERGER, AUCtioneer, sells this day, June 29, at 12 o'clock sharp, the entire Stock of a liquor dealer, comprising casks, barrels, cases, baskets and demijohns of choice Bourbon and Rye Whiskeys, Brandies, Gins, Sherries, Port Wine, Claret, Bitters, Champagnes, &c.; also 3,000 Cigars. By order of L. Oberle, City Marshal.

MORTGAGE SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF A CHATTEL mortgage I will sell, at public auction, on Monday, July 1, 1872, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on the premises, all the Stock of Wines and Liquors, also the Fixtures, Furniture, &c., now in the saloon and liquor store, 62 Cortlandt street.
JOHN H. HILLIER, Attorney for Mortgagee.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—E. FIELD, SHERIFF'S AND General Auctioneer, salesroom 121 Bowery, will sell this day, at 11 o'clock, at 230 and 232 Bowery, the Stock and Fixtures of a Bonnet Manufactory, consisting of Hat Frames, lot of Willow, Laces, Bisnets, &c. Also a large lot of Hat Stamping Machines, with Gas Fixtures attached; Stiffening Machines, Dies, Tools, Showcase, &c., &c. By order
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Sheriff.
P. Bowe, Deputy.
N. B.—This sale is well worthy of the attention of dealers.

SALES AT AUCTION.

WILLIAM ABBOTT, AUCTIONEER—OFFICE NO. 6 City Hall place—will sell on Saturday, 29th inst., at 10½ o'clock, the Stock and Fixtures of the Liquor Store 825 Second avenue, corner Forty-fourth street. Fine walnut Counters and Beer Pumps, Kegs; also large quantity of Bourbon, Rye and other Whiskeys, Brandies, Champagne and other Wines, &c.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

East Side.

A FOUR STORY BROWN STONE HOUSE AND LOT, 58 East Forty-ninth street, for sale, 21x52x100; walnut staircase and trimming in parlors and hall; price very low; terms easy; possession at once.
G. A. KISSAM, No. 6 Pine street.
H. R. DREW, 155 Fifth avenue.

West Side.

A GREAT BARGAIN.—FOR SALE CHEAP, FOUR high stoop four story and basement brown stone Houses, south side of Fifty-eighth street, west of Broadway, fronting the Park; all modern improvements; terms easy. Apply to owners—BRADLEY & CURRIER, 54 Dey street; JAMES SMITH, 420 West Fifty-first street; J. McLAUGHLIN & CO., 125th street and Eighth avenue.

FOR SALE—A NICE HOUSE AND LOT, IN GOOD order. Apply on the premises, 207 West Tenth street.

FOR SALE—THE PRINCIPAL ROAD HOUSE ON Harlem Lane and Eighth avenue. For particulars inquire of Mr. ALEXANDER STETSON, Astor House, New York.

LOTS FOR SALE.
Eighth avenue, corner of 118th street.
119th street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues.
120th street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues.
98th street, near Tenth avenue.
J. F. WILLIAMS & SON,
270 West Thirty-fourth st., corner Eighth av.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.
A few choice Plots for sale.
Maps gratis.
POTTER BROTHERS, Nos. 4 and 6 Warren street.

$1,000 OR $1,500 ONLY REQUIRED DOWN FOR excellent small four story English basement House, 11 rooms, modern improvements; $9,600. See owner, 416 West Thirty-third street, after 3.

BROOKLYN PROPERTY FOR SALE AND TO LET.

HERALD BRANCH OFFICE—BROOKLYN.
ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE NEW YORK HERALD
RECEIVED AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE
IN THE LONG ISLAND SAVINGS BANK BUILDING,
CORNER OF FULTON AV. AND BOERUM ST.
OFFICE OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TILL 9 P. M.
CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' DEPARTMENT,
NO. 7 FRONT STREET, BROOKLYN.

A FAMILY, NOW IN THE COUNTRY, DESIRE TO rent their elegant House, furnished, for the year, or would sell; rent $475 per month. Address STEPHENS, Herald office.

SOUTH BROOKLYN.—A FAMILY LEAVING FOR EUrope August 1 will let their House, furnished; it has all the modern conveniences, is 25 feet wide, has three stories, basement and sub-cellar, a very fine yard and is in an excellent neighborhood; 10 minutes' walk from South or Wall street ferry; none but responsible parties accepted. Address M., box 1,374 Post office, New York.

TO LET—FURNISHED, THREE STORY AND BASEment brick House; 12 rooms; all improvements; five minutes' walk of ferries in Brooklyn; rent low.
JOHN PURDY, 212 Broadway, New York.

JERSEY CITY, HOBOKEN, HUDSON CITY AND BERGEN REAL ESTATE.

To Let or Lease.

TO LET—HOBOKEN—LOWER PART OF HOUSE, newly fitted up, six rooms; gas and bath; only one family in the house. Apply at 60 Garden street, three minutes from ferry.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

AT TARRYTOWN.—TO LET, HOUSE, FURNISHED complete; four acres ornamented; abundance of fruit; good stable and coach accommodations; five minutes from depot.
GEORGE HANFORD, owner, 239 Broadway.

AT TARRYTOWN, WITHIN TEN MINUTES' WALK of the depot.—To let, with immediate possession, two completely and fully furnished Houses, with new and beautiful furniture; all modern improvements; nice grounds; fruit and shade in abundance; stables, &c.; will rent for either season or year, or term of years, at a low rent, or will sell, with or without furniture, at a low price, on easy terms. Apply to S. EMBERSON, 659 Sixth av.

FOR SALE—AT YONKERS, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y., a first class Dwelling, 24 feet front by 38 feet deep, with all the modern improvements, within eight minutes' walk of the depot; lot 37 feet 6 inches front and rear by 100 feet deep; a well 43 feet deep, with 15 feet of water in dry season; located on Warburton avenue, with a splendid view of Hudson River from Staten Island to north end of the Palisades; the house was planned and built by the owner; terms made easy. Apply to JOHN A. EAST, Carpenter and Builder, 64 and 66 Main street, Yonkers, N. Y.

FURNISHED COTTAGE TO RENT—EIGHT ROOMS, half an acre garden, full of choice fruit and flowers; two miles beyond Harlem Bridge, seven minutes from horse cars, twelve from steam; rent $700. Address BROWN, box 141 Herald Uptown Branch office.

TARRYTOWN.—TO LET, A VERY NICE PLACE; House, 13 rooms; carriage house, two acres garden, fruit, fine river view, &c.; rent moderate.
JOHN WEBBER, 233 Grand street.

TO LET—COUNTRY HOME IN VERNON, N. Y.; TEN rooms; fully furnished; garden, fruit, ice, stable, &c. Refer to J. E. Southworth, Esq., President Atlantic National Bank, 17 Nassau street, N. Y.
A. P. CASE, Vernon, N. Y.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, WITHIN a few minutes' drive of White Plains, a handsome Gothic Cottage, 12 rooms; abundance of fine shade trees and shrubbery, good garden; within five minutes' walk of depot on Harlem Railroad, with from 3 to 30 acres, as desired; a most desirable place in every respect.—P. WATTERS, No. 1½ Pine street, or J. Romer, White Plains.

VILLAS FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—AT THROG'S Neck, near Pelham Bridge, several handsome Villas, with from 6 to 8 lots; splendid location; have water fronts on Eastchester Bay; plenty of shade trees; perfectly healthy; fine fishing, bathing and boating. Also, to rent, furnished, P. Lorillard's Mansion at same place. Terms and prices very reasonable. Apply at 16 Chambers street.

PROPERTY OUT OF THE CITY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

ALL WANTING FARMS—GOOD SOIL, MILD CLImate—for papers address C. K. LANDIS, Vineland, N. J.

A VALUABLE BRICK PROPERTY FOR SALE—Four miles from New Brunswick, N. J.; 67 acres Brick, Fire Brick and Pipe Clay Lands, with all the necessary buildings and machinery necessary for an extensive business; 50,000 bricks are now manufactured daily; will be sold much less than value.
A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., No. 6 Pine street.

AT RICHMOND HILL, L. I.—AUCTION SALE, AT 12 M., of 75 elegant Lots, fine Mansion and Grounds, Saturday, July 29, 1872. Train leaves South Seventh street, Brooklyn, at 11 A. M. Maps and passes at WINANS, SANDS & GARRETTSON'S, Auctioneers, 55 Liberty st.

A.—FOR SALE, IN THE VILLAGE OF ESSEX, Conn., a fine Dwelling House, containing 13 rooms; a good Barn and nine acres of good, cultivated Land, with good water and fine fruit and berries; a quarter mile from steamboat landing and half mile from Valley Railroad depot; one of the most desirable summer residences in the place, it being well elevated, with three miles' view of the river. For further information inquire of E. H. & W. S. WILLIAMS, Woodruff & Beache's Wharf, Hartford, Conn., or of W. S. WILLIAMS, on the premises; price $8,500; terms easy.

A SPLENDID BUILDING PLOT IN THE CITY OF Plainfield, N. J., to exchange for a Pony Phaeton and some cash; price of plot $600. 206 Hudson street.

AT RIVERSIDE, ON THE SOUND.—BEAUTIFUL shore front Cottage for sale; 11 rooms; all improvements; fine neighborhood; healthfulness unsurpassed; near depot. J. W. ATWATER, Riverside station, Conn.

ATTENTION.—97 FARMS, 23 COUNTRY SEATS, 37 Houses in Jersey, to exchange for city Property or Merchandise; can suit any one. Photographs and particulars. FERGUSON, 161 Broadway.

ALL NEW COTTAGES, WITH BATHING HOUSES, for sale, at Sea Cliff Grove (Glen Cove), L. I., furnished or not; price, $1,000, $1,200 and $1,500. Rooms to let by the day; four or six trips each day per boats and cars; 25 miles; fare 40c.; eight minutes' walk from the dock. Inquire for JOHN T. SHAW.

CHEAP FARM—80 ACRES, FOUR MILES FROM county town and two miles from thriving village; 65 acres clear, balance nice timber; good frame house, barn and other outbuildings; running brook through property; fine meadow, cuts 20 tons hay; fine orchard, 250 trees; fine garden, stone spring house, &c.; price $3,500; terms $2,000 cash, balance $400 per annum. Address PEIRSON & STILLMAN, East Stroudsburg, Pa.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES, WITH SPLENDID Grounds, in various locations, convenient to the city, for sale, or will rent at very low prices.
POOLEY & CO., 23 Union square.

ENGLEWOOD AND ALL TOWNS ON NORTHERN New Jersey Railroad.—Choice Farms and Residences for sale for homes or investments; furnished Houses to rent for season or year; also Palisades property a specialty. C. D. KELLOGG or H. S. DOWNS, 4 Pine street.

FARMS FOR SALE—TWO HOURS' RIDE, NEAR Ronkonkoma Lake, Long Island; location very healthy and pleasant; the land is good; 25 acre Farm, 50 acres, 100 acres, 160 acres, with good buildings; very cheap; terms easy. Apply to A. LAMBERT, at Mr. SWARTS, 112 Chatham street.

FOR SALE—ECHO LAWN, THE COUNTRY SEAT of the subscriber, embracing about 30 acres of land (several most eligible villa sites), on the western slope of Noroton Hill, Stamford, Conn. It furnishes delightful views of the village to the southward; Park and Richmond and the more distant Greenwich hills to the west; of Strawberry Hill and New Canaan to the northwest and north, with most charming glimpses of the Sound and Long Island to the south. Nothing can exceed the sunset views as seen from this place. The villa, in the Gothic cottage style, is commodious, and has all the modern conveniences, including gas, and the outbuildings are complete. The gardens are extensive, and abound in vegetables and small fruits; there is also an orchard of apple and other fruit trees. The grounds are well shaded, and surroundings first class. The prospective value of this property is far above the present price, as "rapid transit" will, ere long, bring it within an hour of the City Hall. It is reached now in a little more than an hour from Forty-second street. For other particulars and permits to view the premises apply to JAMES WILLCOX, 656 Broadway, New York.

FOR SALE—NEAT COTTAGE, IN FLOURISHING town, near Delaware Water Gap. Price only $2,000; half cash, balance monthly. To rent—Large, well fitted up Store, in East Stroudsburg, Monroe county, Pa.; also blacksmith and wheelwright shop. For sale—Real Estate Business, Stock and Tools of a large Carriage and Wagon Factory, doing a business of $45,000; employs 12 hands; only $3,500 cash wanted. Post office box 36 East Stroudsburg, Pa.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY HOME, ONE hour's ride to New Jersey; large, commodious house, with tenement house, six rooms; barns, carriage, henbery and corn house; 30 acres splendid land, fronting three roads; ... Address CONS...

PROPERTY OUT OF THE CITY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

FOR SALE—AT MORRISTOWN, WITH FURNITURE, for $17,000, or would be rented for $1,000 for season, a beautiful Country Seat of 4 acres; genteel dwelling; carriage, ice and gardener's houses; all in perfect order; an abundance of fruit and shade trees; possession at once.
S. EDDY & CO., No. 1 Park place.

FOR SALE—A NEW AND HANDSOMELY FURNISHed Cottage, with all modern conveniences, at Ridgefield, N. J., three-quarters of an hour from Chambers street ferry; immediate possession given. Inquire at DRAKE BROS., 60 Broadway.

HACKENSACK AND VICINITY.—CHOICE PROPERties for sale or to rent; also furnished Houses for season or year. C. D. KELLOGG or H. S. DOWNS, No. 4 Pine street.

NYACK, ON THE HUDSON.—HOUSE, BARN AND several acres of land, one and a half mile west of Nyack, to rent at $300 a year. J. R. MALLARY, Real Estate Broker, Nyack.

RARE CHANCE.—A SPLENDID FARM OF 68 ACRES, in Bucks county (the garden of Pennsylvania), one mile from large town and station, 33 miles from Philadelphia; twelve passenger trains daily; only four hours from New York; land is level, free from stones; all like a garden; splendid crops, 6 acres wheat and rye, 5 oats, 5 corn, 1 potatoes; 40 acres splendid grass, cuts two tons per acre, worth $32 per ton at depot; beautiful stream running through farm; good fishing; six acres splendid hickory and oak timber; good buildings; frame dwelling, seven rooms; large barn, cost $2,560, and numerous outbuildings; if sold soon $5,650 will buy farm and crops; terms $3,000 cash, balance $500 yearly; a bargain. Address box 24 Richland Centre, Quaker Town Station, Bucks county, Pa.

SUMMIT, N. J.—20 TO 60 ACRES LAND, AT HUNTLY station, one hour from Hoboken, for sale low, on easy terms, by owner, A. ROBERTSON, 39 Vesey street.

TO LET—FOR THE SEASON, AT NEWPORT, FURnished House, with 15 rooms and bathroom; terms moderate. Apply to JACOB J. STORER, No. 8 Summer street, Boston.

TO LET AT HALF PRICE—THE PRETTIEST VILLA Cottages in New Jersey, near depot; all improvements; only 25 minutes from Pavonia ferry. Apply to LUCKY & SHUTE, 78 Cedar street.

TO LET—AT FAR ROCKAWAY, ON THE BEACH, A large Restaurant, adjoining 200 bathing houses. Apply to JOHN L. B. NORTON, at beach. A Cottage for sale or to let.

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE 20 LAFAYETTE STREET, Newark, three minutes' walk from Market street depot; house contains nine rooms, besides dining room, kitchen and cellar; large lot, with trees; excellent well and cisterns. Rent $600.

TO RENT—FOR TWO OR THREE MONTHS, NEAR Englewood, a large House, furnished; gas, water, &c. Address OWNER, box 53 Englewood Post office.

WATER POWER FOR SALE, 99 MILES FROM NEW York; house, barn, dam, race, &c., in good order; four acres of land; suitable for factory or grist mill; price $1,800, on easy terms; or would exchange for small Farm near New York. H. STEWART, 245 Broadway, N. Y.

WHAT I KNOW ABOUT FARMS.—$30 PER ACRE for land in Dutchess county, one mile from Matteawan and sixty from New York; splendid sites for country homes; mountain land, surpassing for beauty and extent any view on the Hudson; the cheapest Farm in America, $12,000. J. F. WILLIAMS & SON,
270 West Thirty-fourth street, corner Eighth avenue.

$5,000 FOR ROSE HILL PARK, ON THE HUDson; 65 acres, splendid views, fair buildings, fruit, wood, springs, crops, tools; near Peekskill.
FLAGLER, 160 Broadway, hat store.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE—PLOT OF LOTS AT CRESSKILL, N. J., at the station, 16 miles out, for merchandise.
S. C. LUSK, 766 Third avenue.

EXCHANGE.—WILL EXCHANGE FOR COUNTRY Property or uptown private Dwellings, several well located good paying Tenement Houses; but little cash required. Address, giving full particulars, LAWRENCE, box 265 Post office, New York.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—THE LEASE AND FIXtures of an old established uptown lumber yard; also Stock, on easy terms; will take good property (real estate) in part payment. Address C. H. S., box 218 Herald office.

ONE OF THE BEST FARMS IN CENTRAL NEW York, containing 200 acres of land, with good buildings and fruit, and crops all in the ground; well watered with springs and running water; 25 cows; situated near a large town; will sell low and give long time on part of the purchase price, or will exchange for good city or nearby property; title perfect. Address FARMER, Herald office.

TO EXCHANGE—THREE STORY AND BASEMENT brick and brown stone Dwelling, on Fifty-third street, between Broadway and Eighth avenue, for Chicago Property, on a cash basis; give location, price and full description of property. Address ALFRED JAMES, southwest corner Madison and Clark streets, Chicago, Ill.

TO EXCHANGE FOR MERCHANDISE, REAL ESTATE or good Securities—About $80,000 worth of improved and unimproved Farms in Iowa, near railroad stations and depots; also valuable Lots, Stores and Dwellings in the county seat, a flourishing city on the line of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, in parcels to suit. Apply to GEORGE W. FENNER, 1,285 Broadway, in the drug store.

TO EXCHANGE—A FIRST CLASS HOUSE, ALL IMprovements, in best part of Elizabeth, N. J., equity $13,000, for Lots or a smaller House or Farm. Address H. A. L., Herald office.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

A BUILDER WANTS A THREE STORY, BASEMENT and sub-cellar House in the Eighth, Ninth, Sixteenth or Twenty-second ward, not west of Ninth avenue; would improve an old property; must be in a good neighborhood; state particulars and lowest all cash price, amount of taxes, &c.; will not treat with agents. Address GABERLUNZIE, Herald office.

FIFTY THOUSAND ACRES OF WESTERN LAND wanted for emigrants, in large or small tracts, in any of the Western States. Send description and lowest cash price. Address R. SHARP, Williamsburg Post office, New York.

WESTERN LANDS WANTED.—PERSONS OWNING lands in any of the Western States, that have been sold for the taxes, or where they are held by squatters, can sell the same by furnishing description or location. Address box 5,194 New York Post office.

WANTED TO BUY LOW FOR CASH—A SMALL FARM in Westchester county, near the Hudson River; must have small house, barn and good land; healthy place; spring water or brook. Send full particulars to WESTCHESTER COUNTY, box 164 Herald office, for one week.

LOAN OFFICES.

AT 80 NASSAU STREET, BETWEEN FULTON AND John streets—NEWMAN LEOPOLD continues the buying, selling or advancing on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Pianos, Merchandise, Life Policies, for any amount.

AT WOLF BROTHERS', 896 BROADWAY, BETWEEN Nineteenth and Twentieth streets—Money loaned on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Silks; particularly Pianos; private parlor for ladies. Business strictly confidential.

AT 715 BROADWAY—THE HIGHEST PRICE PAID for Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Camel's Hair Shawls, Silks, Pianos, &c.; also Money liberally advanced on the same. Private office, No. 1 Washington place.

AT 735—ESTABLISHED 1854—$75,000—ANY AMOUNT loaned on fine Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Camel's Hair Shawls, Laces, Valuables, &c., or will buy; extraordinary prices paid. J. H. BARRINGER, 735 Broadway, opposite Astor place.

39 NASSAU STREET, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE—Liberal advances made on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and all kinds of Merchandise. The same bought and sold. HAYMAN LEOPOLD, room 1.

403 SIXTH AVENUE, BETWEEN TWENTY-FOURTH and Twenty-fifth streets—Liberal advances made on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and all kinds of Goods. Same bought at full value. L. BERNARD.

697 BROADWAY, CORNER OF FOURTH STREET.—Liberal advances on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silks, Camel's Hair Shawls, Laces and property of every description. JAMES P. MATTHEWS.

806 BROADWAY, OPPOSITE ELEVENTH STREET.—Money liberally advanced on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silks, Dry Goods, and personal property of every description; private entrance for ladies. J. A. JACKSON.

913 BROADWAY.—MONEY ADVANCED TO ANY amount on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silver, Laces, India Shawls, &c.; same bought. Private office for ladies. A. C. HERTS.

EYES AND EARS.

ARTIFICIAL HUMAN EYES.—BAUCH & GOUGELMANN (formerly with Professor Boissonneau, of Paris), Makers and Inserters of the Improved Eye, 35 Bleecker street. N. B.—These Eyes are endorsed by the Faculty.

STORAGE.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, &C. ABINGDON square, storehouses 553 and 635 Hudson street. Most reliable and best managed of the kind in the city.
E. TAGGART, Proprietor.

FURNITURE.

AT BENDALL'S OLD STAND—CARPETS, FURNITURE, Bedding, cheap for cash, or by weekly and monthly payments. C. E. CANNON & CO., 239 and 241 Hudson, corner Canal street.

A NEW SCALE 7¼ OCTAVE, ROUND CORNERED, elegant toned rosewood Pianoforte for sale.—Used 3 months, cost $1,000, including Stool, Cover, Music Cabinet and Books, for $300; also Parlor and Bedroom Suits, less than half cost, at private house 129 West 23d street, bet. 6th and 7th avenues.

AT LESS THAN HALF COST—PROPERTY OF FAMily leaving city; magnificent, latest style, Parlor Suit, in satin, cost $450, for $150; one Turkish Suit, covered with reps and velvet tassels, cost $200, for $75; two walnut Rep Suits, $35 and $30; Pianofortes, Paintings, Carpets, Curtains, Chamber, Drawing Room Furniture at a great sacrifice. Residence 232 West Forty-second street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CARPETS, FURNIture and Bedding at the lowest cash price, or weekly or monthly instalments, at O'FARRELL'S warehouse, 230 Eighth avenue, corner of Twentieth street.

AT PRIVATE SALE—PROPERTY FAMILY LEAVING city; Drawing Room Suit, covered satin brocatel, cost $50, for $200; one do., $45; Pianoforte, Bronzes, Paintings, Mirrors, Silverware, Carpets, Chamber, Dining Furniture. 35 West 15th st., near 5th av.

BARGAINS FOR CASH OR ON EASY TERMS—AT B. M. COWPERTHWAIT & CO.'S, 155 Chatham street. The largest and best assortment of Furniture, Carpets and Bedding in the city; Parlor and Chamber Suites in great variety. Weekly and monthly payments taken.

FURNITURE WANTED.—PERSONS HAVING FURNIture to rent, black walnut chamber suits in good order, can hear of a responsible party by addressing L. D., station F, New York.

MONTHLY OR WEEKLY PAYMENTS—CARPETS Furniture, Bedding, &c.
DEALY & CUNNINGHAM,
388 and 386 Third avenue, near Twenty-eighth street.
Prices lower than any other house in the city.

CLOTHING.

$10,000 WORTH OF CAST-OFF CLOTHING wanted—For Chicago; the highest price. Call around rate. 422 Seventh avenue, between Thirty-second and Thirty-third streets. G. ELLOS. Ladies attended by Mrs. E.

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

COLLEGE COMMENCEMENTS.

Another Batch of Candidates for "Holy Orders."

OUR FUTURE FEMALE TEACHERS

Splendid Display of the Normal School Girls at the Academy of Music.

THE ARCHBISHOP AT MANHATTANVILLE.

"Honest Horace" Among the Quaker Students.

The Annual Commencement Exercises at the Theological Seminary, Manhattanville College, the Normal School and the Chappaqua Mountain Institute.

NORMAL COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT.

The Girls' Third Annual Exhibition—The Academy of Music Brilliant with Bright Faces—Grand Display of Female Beauty and Intelligence—The Prized and the Honored.

There can be no denying the fact that there is an irresistible attraction in all that the ladies do when they combine to present anything before the world as worthy of admiration. It has been ever so, and beyond a doubt will ever remain so, until the archangel puts a stop to it. Even elderly, venerable ladies possess this faculty, nor would it be right even to exclude the strong-minded females from whatever share of credit they deservedly are entitled to in

THE GRACEFUL ASSUMPTION OF MASCULINE EFFRONTERY.

But when youth and beauty go hand in hand to exhibit the charms, graces and virtues of the softer sex even the toughest gizzard must relent, and though the misanthrope might cry out "pshaw," yet his decayed heart must, whether he likes it or not, be freshened up in some spot or other in the contemplation of the doings of his lovely sisters in humanity. In a general way these last remarks are true, though not so very applicable to

THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE NORMAL COLLEGE,

held last evening in the Academy of Music, except in so far as it may be said that neither misanthrope nor fanatic was among the audience. From top to floor of the Academy the large crowd of sightseers was packed closely together—boxes, stalls, galleries, parquet and aisles all being crowded. As might be expected, and contrary to the custom of audiences at commencements, the gentlemen were in the majority, though there must have been much more than a thousand ladies present. With such a large audience in the house, and with the thermometer at so high a figure, the heat may be more pleasantly imagined than it was experienced. Yet with the liberal use of fans and with the constant attention drawn to the exercises, the proceedings were undisturbed by any fainting fits, and consolation was found in a repetition among neighbors of the usual formula on such interesting occasions. The managers of the Commencement, to their honor be it said, realized the state of affairs, and with praiseworthy magnanimity kept the thousands in hot expectation only for a short quarter of an hour, when the piano sounded a few talismanic notes, on hearing which

ALL THE COLLEGE GIRLS

rose, and a most charming crowd of 450 girls they were, in all the pride of their youth, intelligence and beauty. They were not this year, as in former years, located in the parquet, but were arrayed on benches placed on the stage, which was projected outward some twelve or fifteen feet, in order to bring them nearer the audience. As the girls rose, tier after tier of the prettiest faces in the city were exposed to the admiration of the crowded house, and little wonder that a murmur of admiration was audible everywhere. These pretty students were all dressed in most suitable attire for the weather and the occasion, crimson, blue and white being the relieving colors, while

"DOLLY VARDENS"

in every conceivable degree of cut and taste were the tell-tale that not even arithmetic and grammar, physics or physiology could destroy the feminine weakness for the adoption of the latest fashion.

The exercises opened by the singing of the following choral (Alexis Loof's), which all the girls participated in:—

Praise to Thee, thou great Creator,
Praise be thine from every tongue;
Join my soul with every creature,
Join the universal song.

Father, source of all compassion,
Pure unbounded grace is Thine;
Hail! the God of our salvation,
Praise Him for His love divine.

A prayer was now given by the Rev. Dr. Foss, after which Mr. Wood made a few pertinent introductory remarks, and the programme was continued as follows:—

Duett, from Handel's "Judas Maccabeus;" salutatory, by Miss Lizzie A. Hare; trio, from Mercadante's "Il Giuramento;" essay, "Be Thyself," by Miss Ella Demorest; song, from Weber's "Der Freischutz;" scene from "As You Like It," by Miss Maggie C. Robinson; duet, from Verdi's "Giovanna D'Arco;" Famine Scene from "Hiawatha," by Miss Nellie A. Nichols; trio, "The Tempest;" essay, "Taste," by Miss Margaret C. Dixon; duet, from Rossini's "Semiramide;" essay, "Tenacity of Purpose," by Therese C. Perry; aria, "Sing, Merry Bird," by Miss Minnie Cash; essay, "Influence of Literary Societies," by Miss Anna Banta; glee (Thomas Weelkes, 1,600).

In a programme so varied and so well selected, and in the rendering of which every part was admirable, it can only be said that both teachers and scholars alike deserve the highest praise, and that the display was such that the most ardent friends of the college could not have desired a higher standard of attainment than was apparent. The singing, under the direction of Charlotte V. Winterburn, was excellent. The essays were unexceptionably good. The scene from "As You Like It," and that from "Hiawatha," were both delivered with remarkable appreciation of the text. It may be right here to say that though the honor of the "Salutatory" fell to Miss Lizzie A. Hare, yet a note in the programme stated that Miss Hare and Miss Burke had received an equal number of marks.

The award of honors was as follows:—Ottendorfer gold medal, for proficiency in German, Annie King; Ottendorfer silver medal, for same, Grace Obenderfer; Bacron prize for elocution ($50 in gold), Nellie Augusta Nichols; Barron prize for singing ($25 in gold), Minnie Cash; Kelly silver medal, for methods and principles of teaching, Annie Baker; Kelly bronze medal, for same, Mary Adams Patterson; Dundon prize, for Shakspearean essay—first, Clara M. Robinson; second, Honora McDonough, Kattie F. Burke and Grace Poole; Kane gold medal, for physiology, Emma F. Hall; Alumnæ gold medal, for physics, Mary Adams Patterson; honor students, Lizzie A. Hare, Katie F. Burke, Margaret Carnock Disson, Hete Sophia Schaff, Emma M. Cahn, Julia Clemens, Lizzie A. Murphy, Ella Demorest and Therese Gertrude Perry; prize students (having highest marks in each class), Naomi Moore, Lizzie A. Hare, Katie F. Burke, Lizzie A. Murphy, Sarah Murray Ferguson, Clara Collard, Carrie L. Moore, Urlavilie Wilbur, Caroline Cook Jackson, Jemima Haslett, Charletta Curtiss, Elizabeth Hunter, Lulu B. Tonis, Phemie R. Fisher, Maria T. Kiernan, Allie H. Valentine, Sarah A. Jones, Frances Robinson, Mary Ward, Fannie Grady, Clara Thomas, Bertha Adler, Rachel Walters.

The number of the graduates of June is 112, and the number of the graduates of February last seven.

The diplomas and honors having been distributed, the "Normal College Song" was then sung, as a trio, with great effect:—

With links that reach within the past
And lengthen every hour,
A silver chain has bound us fast
In bond of mystic power.
The hours are bright with rosy light,
Our hearts have caught the glow,
And on this jubilant night
With happiness o'erflow.

No tempest-rending ever parts
These welded links in twain,
For all the links are kindred hearts
And friendship binds the chain.
The hours are bright, &c.

From link to link the chain along
A thrill of joy has run,
And every heart is full of song,
And all the songs are one.
The hours are bright, &c.

The valedictory was then delivered by Miss Katie F. Burke, who made goodby in such a way as to make the thousands wish a little longer lingering. But the audience was suddenly restored to its every Sunday mood by the solemn notes of "the Old Hundredth Psalm," which was the doxology.

MANHATTAN COLLEGE.

The Commencement Exercises Yesterday Afternoon—Brains, Beauty, Religion, Fashion and Flowers.

The commencement exercises of the above institution took place at Manhattanville yesterday afternoon. Long before the time appointed for the commencement of the exercises the parents and friends of the graduates and students assembled beneath the canvass covering on the green lawn in front of the college. At about three o'clock a dark cloud arose from the horizon of the southwest which threatened to mar the pleasure of the day, the anticipation of which has for months lightened the hearts of students, friends and parents. But happily the threatened disaster did not fail to dampen the ardor of either speakers or audience and all went off in a manner which surpassed even the most sanguine expectations of the faculty. Scattered among the audience were Messrs. John Hurley, John Noonan and Carr, all of whom are at present attending the seminary at Troy, and who graduated from Manhattan College in '70 and '71. On the platform sat the Most Rev. Archbishop, surrounded by the following gentlemen, his sons in the Church:—Dr. Brann, of Fort Washington church; Fathers O'Flaherty and Brein, of the Church of the Annunciation; Father Shea, S. J., President of St. John's college, Fordham; Father Healy, Father Kinsella, Father Clowery, Father Kean, of St. Patrick's Cathedral; Father Galligan, Father Lynch, Father Canary, Father Henry and Father Sandy, together with Brothers Paullan, Patrick and John. The following is

THE PROGRAMME,

every item of which elicited from the audience the heartiest applause. Overture; "Signs of the Times," George H. Kracht; Souvenirs d'Irlande; "Inspirations of the Past," James D. Crosby; "Prejudices of Literature," Thomas P. Malany; Fantasia; "Monasticism vs. Poor Laws," Maurice J. Dougherty; Selections; "The Decalogue vs. Strikes," James B. Fisher; "Hail to Thee, Liberty."

The items in the above programme are worthy of special mention, inasmuch as they displayed a depth of thought and perfection of knowledge seldom met with among persons who have not been tempered with a little of the world's vicissitudes. Mr. Kracht's "Signs of the Times" was most remarkable for its metaphysical tone. This gentleman, in the course of his remarks, said that the Church of Rome was the only bulwark against the isms of the day, as we every day see that isms are becoming the foundation of new creeds. Mr. Kracht was followed by Mr. Crosby on "The Inspiration of the Past." He showed by well supported proof that the past had its influence on the present. He was loudly applauded by the audience, and when he retired received several handsome bouquets. Mr. Thomas P. Malany's "Prejudices of Literature" was not only well written, but delivered in a most effective manner. Mr. Doherty on "Monasticism vs. Poor Laws" displayed that depth of thought and refinement of diction for which the gentleman is justly noted. After music by the band came the literary diamond of the afternoon exercises. It was a live oration and one written by one who interests himself more than any of his *confreres* in the issues of the day. Had Mr. Fisher been deputed to speak on some historical or classical subject he would have undoubtedly made a grander success; but his success in the "Decalogue of Strikes" was one for which neither he nor his instructors dared to hope. His solid philosophy given in rebuttal of the sophistries and isms of the day were received by the audience with immense applause, and when the exercises were closed he was almost overpowered by compliments, one of which was delivered to him by His Reverence the Archbishop in person. Mr. Fisher is an honor to his Alma Mater, and will, in spite of all obstacles, make a mark in the world. For a person who has the class of talents so perfectly represented in Mr. Fisher there are but two alternatives in life, the pulpit or the bar, and it is rumored he intends to adopt the latter.

After the delivery of the above oration degrees of A. B. were given to the following gentlemen:—First, Mr. James B. Fisher. Mr. Thomas P. Malaney, Mr. George H. Kracht, Mr. George McFadden, Mr. Maurice J. Dougherty and Mr. James Lesmond Crosby.

The degree of Master of Arts was given to Mr. James Delong, Brooklyn; Edward J. Fagan, New York; R. Ogden Glover, Jr., New York; John M. Grady, New York; Michael J. McGowan, New York; Henry C. McLean, New York; Richard J. Morrison, New York. The last named gentleman delivered an oration on "International Treaties," the study of which taught him that language had been given to diplomatists to conceal their thoughts. He deplored that religion was not the governing motive of all international intercourse, and went on to show that when the Popes settled the differences between kings the peace of the world was not so often interrupted.

The Hon. John P. O'Neill delivered the address to the graduates. He gave the young men the greatest encouragement and wound up his address with these words:—"To-day you are before the curtain which shuts the present from the future; may you ever acquit yourselves as creditably and honorably as you have done to-day, and when you leave the stage of human life may you all meet behind the scenes—in heaven." The Archbishop closed the exercises by a few remarks. He eased the minds of the audience, which had been at a high-pressure tention during the exercises, in digesting the lumps of philosophy which the students had been propounding to them. He several times provoked prolonged peals of laughter from the audience, who had for some time been quite solemn and undemonstrative. In concluding he said that all the boys of Catholic colleges during their school days tried to get ahead of one another, but that when they emerged into the world they forgot their past differences and joined hands in the one grand cause—the support of Catholicism. The clergy, the graduates and the members of the press partook of a bountiful collation after the exercises.

CHAPPAQUA MOUNTAIN INSTITUTE.

A Woodland Commencement in Westchester—The Outdoor Collation Disturbed by a Thunder Shower—The Exercises of the Students—Address of Horace Greeley Delivered in the Quaker Church—The Philosopher's Country Neighbors.

Yesterday there gathered among the hills of Chappaqua—a place now made famous by the residence of the great agricultural philosopher of the age—a gala assemblage of pleasant people, at the annual commencement of the Chappaqua Mountain Institute. This establishment is situated on the side of the Chappaqua Mountain, which tradition says was so named by the Indians long before woodchopping came into vogue in the New Netherlands. Above it, on the summit, is a grove of hickories, and within its cooling shadows the prettiest scene ever beheld was displayed under the thick-hanging leaves. The tiresome toil of climbing the steep pathway was repaid by a cheering glimpse of long, snowy white tables, spread among the mossy pillars and crowned with all the *optissimi* of country delicacies. Under foot was a mossy carpeting, and on the gray rocks around, decorated by nature with fretted lichens, were seated bevies of young ladies and gentlemen, most of whom undoubtedly could plead guilty to romantic predilections, the staider individuals preferring the more civilized luxuries of chairs, when these were obtainable, which was not often.

THE WOODLAND EXERCISES.

The exercises were begun a short distance from the spot selected for the dinner. A rude platform, supported by rocks, was raised under the trees, and around this centre the audience gathered. The fluttering of feminine ribbons kept time with the cool rustle of the leaves, and their soft voices to the faintly heard chatterings of the birds in the lofty alcoves of the luxuriant leaves overhead. Among the most charming belles of Westchester who were there was Miss Sadie Miller, of White Plains. The young lady students of the institute looked very happy among their friends, who were the delighted guests of the occasion. A comfortable seat was set apart on the platform, reserved for no less a personage than the great Philosopher of Chappaqua, who had promised faithfully to be present. The other chairs were occupied by the trustees of the institution.

Professor S. C. Collins, its President, made a short and facetious speech, which received hearty plaudits. Master Henry H. C. Palmer then delivered an original oration, entitled "The Search for Nature," which was very well written. The young gentleman received a very handsome bouquet at the close of his speech. Miss Phebe A. Cock read a very poetically conceived essay on "A Lake Scene." She is a very pretty young lady, with blond hair a finely formed brow, pleasant, ruby lips, and eyes of a dark deep blue. "The Power of Nature" was next discussed by Master A. Mortimer Clark, of Bedford, N. Y., and the exercises of the students were then closed somewhat abruptly with an essay on "Nature's Liberality," which was read by Miss Mary Haviland. It was a very pleasing production as regards the diction and style.

Nature having received her meed of praise in the midst of the woods, which are her dearest haunts, all that remained to be done was to satisfy her imperious cravings in the shape of hunger, and then to listen to the after-dinner speeches.

THE DINNER.

The good things "for the inner man," which had been arriving in huge baskets with every family party that drove to the rendezvous in its farm wagon, were plentiful enough to have staved the hunger of Pharaoh's host in the wilderness. Ripe, glowing cherries and fresh creamed milk fired the hearts of the metropolitans with indescribable joy, while innumerable small children made themselves very sick by the reckless consumption of ice cream and sponge cake. The simple festivities were suddenly disturbed, however, by clouds looming up in the west over the wooded hills that mark the borders of the Hudson in the distance, dark and sombre, and the low rumbling of thunder broke upon the ear. Any one who has ever seen a picnic dispersed by a storm of rain can fancy the mingled laughableness and pity paidos of such a scene. The great drops came plunging down through the leaves that hung listlessly in the heavy calm, and as the lightning flashed sullenly along the horizon a general scamper took place down the rough pathway to the shelter of the carriages. The tables were left deserted in the woods still spread with the generous provender.

HORACE GREELEY AMONG HIS NEIGHBORS.

The rest of the proceedings were conducted in the Quaker church, a very venerable structure situated near the grounds of the institution. The clouds passed and the rain ceased. The heat was terribly oppressive, and an undutiful reporter, escaping from the interior of the building to the fresh air, made desperate love to a young lady in a green dress in place of taking notes of the venerable Philosopher's address. He had by this time arrived, having been driven over from his farm by a Friend in an aged and rusty wagon. When he entered, his large form redolent of cheerfulness and his childlike face beaming with exquisite benevolence, a round of applause—most awful desecration!—greeted him, which echoed dismally from the cobwebbed ceilings of the old galleries. Such a sound had never before been heard within those sober walls, where the very atmosphere seemed to bear the echoes of "thees" and "thous" uttered long ago by the successive elders of the church.

Mr. Greeley was escorted to the highest seat, where he was placed next to a kindly-looking old Quaker matron, who wore a prim lace cap and a drab gown. He chatted with her pleasantly and with that peculiar affability which, despite the general uncouthness of his manners, is said to be quite potent with the fair sex.

THE PHILOSOPHER'S REMARKS.

Mr. Elwood Birdsall, one of the trustees and the principal benefactor of the institute, introduced Mr. Greeley, who arose and was again greeted by applause. He spoke with his usual slow deliberation. His speech was rather rambling, perhaps from the fact that the air in the old church, which was packed fuller than ever before since its foundation, was hot and oppressing, so that his attention was distracted from his notes by the necessity of wiping the beaded sweat repeatedly from his ample brow. He was listened to very patiently for a half hour, when he sat down, looking, in the lofty place of the elders, like one of their number. Such infantile meekness of expression as marks his well-known face seemed not at all *malapropos*. He was again applauded at the close, the unusual sound giving the decrepit frame of the ancient temple a slight fit of ague.

Isaiah T. Williams, and George T. Truman, of Philadelphia, a well known Quaker preacher, and other gentlemen followed with appropriate addresses. The assembly then dispersed and Mr. Greeley returned to his grove, on the other side of the railway, where his busy axe resounded among the trees during the rest of the afternoon. The train to New York was laden with the returning visitors.

THE EPISCOPAL THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.

The Annual Commencement—Interesting Exercises and a Large Attendance.

The annual commencement of the Protestant Theological Seminary was celebrated yesterday morning in St. Peter's church, on Twentieth street, near Eighth avenue. The attendance, as usual on such occasions, was large and fashionable, a goodly proportion of ladies being among the audience. The members of the faculty present were Dean Forbes, Dr. Seabury, Dr. Buel, and Professor Hull. In addition there were present on the platform Bishop Payne, former incumbent of the diocese of Cape Palmas; Bishop Robertson, of Missouri; Revs. Knapp, Da Costa, Stoddard, Buel, Sayres, Smith, Beach, Edson, Englebrodt, Seymour, Vinton, Hull, Johnson and Van Kleeck.

The exercises were commenced by the celebration of the morning service, which was conducted alternately by Drs. Beach and Forbes.

THE CHARGE TO THE GRADUATING CLASS

was delivered by Bishop Payne. It was an earnest exposition of the dignity and usefulness of the great work upon which they were about entering.

The argument deduced from passages quoted was that the universal proclamation of Christ is the great work of those who are called to His ministry. History is but philosophy taught by example, and the history of the chosen few who had been present at the last visible appearance of Christ was replete with suggestions of the divinity that prompted and made effectual their ministrations and the evangelical teachings of the Gospel, and a history of their sufferings and principles in the cause; but more than all of His presence and co-operation with His ministers. These signs were seen in their power to convert souls to a belief in the divinity of their great head, Christ.

At the conclusion of the Bishop's address, the most interesting part of the proceedings, the presentation of diplomas to the successful students was proceeded with by the Rev. Dr. Forbes, Dean of the faculty.

The following is a list of those who graduated:—Evelyn Pierrepont Barlow, Nelson Riley Boss, Thomas Cole, George Edward Cranston, Algernon Sidney Crapser, Charles Jared Curtis, William Berrian Hooper, John Henry Houghton, Hamilton Lee, Peter Saidy Lightner, Rev. William Fisher Lewis, Samuel Moran, Albert Hall Ormsbee, Edwin Sandys, W. Pentreath, Frank Henry Potts, Gustav Edward Paruckel, Frederick Schroeder Sill, William Reed Thomas, Henry Nichol Wayne and Thomas White.

The holy communion was then administered, a large number partaking, and after the singing of a hymn, and the benediction, the highly interesting proceedings terminated.

CLASS DAY AT WESLEYAN UNIVERSITY.

HARTFORD, Conn., June 28, 1872.

Class day was celebrated at Wesleyan University, in Middletown, to-day, with the usual exercises. The senior class which graduates this year, numbers twenty-seven.

THE IMPEACHED JUDGES.

Opening of Judge Prindle's Case Before the Senate—The Illegal Collection of Fees—McCunn's Case To Be Disposed of at the Next Sitting of the Court.

STATE SENATE.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 28, 1872.

The Senate met at nine A. M., but, only fourteen Senators answering to the roll call, on motion of Mr. Perry a recess was taken until ten A. M.

At ten o'clock the roll was called, and nineteen Senators responded—two more than a quorum.

JUDGE PRINDLE'S TRIAL.

Horace G. Prindle was called, and Henry R. Mygatt, his counsel, answered for him.

R. W. Peckham, Jr., and R. A. Stanton appeared for the prosecution.

Mr. R. A. Stanton proceeded to open the case. The charge was:—"Taking fees as County Judge and Surrogate for his own use in violation of law." Counsel quoted the statutes, specifying what fees should be charged, collected and paid over to the county, and spoke at length against the action of Judge Prindle, claiming that he was an unsafe man and unfit to hold office.

The counsel also stated that the respondent had appointed his clerk, Ray, guardian in cases where he (Ray) was interested as counsel; had refused to discharge the duties of his office by leaving motions undecided for years; had kept no account of fees received as required by law, and refused to return a detailed account to the Board of Supervisors as required by law.

STATEMENT OF THE FIRST WITNESS.

At the conclusion of Mr. Stanton's opening the prosecution called Frederick B. Cootes, who was sworn. He testified that he had had business with Judge Prindle. It was concerning the proof of a will. The Judge drew the papers, which appeared at the time of the return. The witness said he was charged $25 by Judge Prindle for the services he rendered in the case.

Before concluding the examination of this witness the Senate adjourned till Tuesday next at ten o'clock, when the McCunn case is to be taken up for final disposition.

The Prindle case will be resumed as soon as the McCunn case is disposed of. There will be no session on the Fourth of July.

"GIVE US A REST."

Mr. BENEDICT moved to take up the case of Judge Curtis immediately after the disposal of the Prindle case; but, on motion of Mr. Palmer, that motion was laid on the table, as the Senators expressed a desire to have a recess before going on with the Barnard impeachment case.

THE WEATHER IN THE CITY.

Yesterday the sun streamed down his burning rays with a virulence that threatened to utterly destroy vegetation, the colors upon the ribbons which combine to make up ladies' Dolly Varden hats and the tempers of gentlemen who had not attired themselves in gauzy habiliments. Friday is a bad day for Phœbus to choose to lend his glistening rays to the torpid earth. Yesterday was the sultriest, hottest day that this season has produced—and it is to be hoped that any one more cauld will not be "flung on the line" during the remainder of it. It is pleasurable to see the sun sometimes, especially in winter, but in June we can dispense with his attentions, and in all humility leave a "not at home" at the gate of the sky which serves heaven from earth.

A few facts will show how hot it was in the city yesterday. At Hudnut's drug store, in the HERALD Building, the record, accurately kept, stands as follows:—

	Degrees.		Degrees.
3 A. M.	77	3 P. M.	96
6 A. M.	72	6 P. M.	87
Noon	86		

It is a singular fact that, though the temperature ranged so very high, not a single case of sunstroke was registered upon the books at the Park Hospital, and consequently but few persons could have suffered from the calidity that followed the reign of Jupiter Pluvius.

ART HONORED IN NEWARK.

A concert was given at the Rink in Newark last night in honor of Franz Abt, who came on from Gilmore's Jubilee to attend. The concert was well attended, and was quite a success.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT AT POINT PLEASANT.

On Thursday afternoon two trains came into collision at the above-named place, on the Delaware Valley road. The locomotives were badly damaged and twenty coal cars were smashed up. No loss of life or injury resulted to the employés.

THE LABOR CRISIS.

Another Day of the Eight-Hour Movement.

Day and Night Gatherings of Workingmen.

Change in Organic Forms Postponed—Secrecy Demanded for the "Coming Event."

DOGGED DETERMINATION PREVAILS.

Notwithstanding the excessive heat of yesterday the various central points for the meetings of the workingmen who are still "on strike" for eight hours per day as a full day's work were well filled by workmen who, though generally very seriously in earnest in their movement, were, more of them, more distinctively disorderly than is common in Assembly district gatherings during a warmly contested political campaign.

At the Germania Assembly Rooms, Teutonia Hall, and at the lesser halls for meetings, those in attendance in unorganized form were quietly, yet somewhat fervently engaged in the discussion of the prospects of an entire success at the early present, and also, granting success, of the probable effect upon some of the trades during the entire of the "heated term, and again, and more seriously, during the next succeeding winter months.

It seems to be conceded by nearly all the more thoughtful of the workmen now engaged in enforcing the Eight-Hour law that with very many of the employers—even those who have, with apparent willingness, conceded the demands of their workmen—the present agreement to consider eight hours full time for a day's work is not a yielding of the mooted point, but rather

A MASTERLY SURRENDER

for the purpose of gaining time for a special arrangement of "time contracts" for future work between the employers and the capitalists who have work to be done, to lull the workmen into the belief that they have been permanently victorious, and on that induce them to be careless of their earnings during their hours of leisure in order that they may be the more easily conquered when the

FROST SETS IN.

Such, at least, formed the burden of the precautionary conversation among the workmen yesterday. It was freely expressed, and generally believed, that the "bosses" would, whenever possible, so arrange their next contracts, as to time, so that a "lock-out" during the winter months would not very seriously endanger the completion of work in the time agree, and that then the men would be offered their choice of ten hours of work per day for one day's pay or idleness until spring. This piece of generalship on the part of employers would, it was believed, be confined mainly to such contracts as furnish employment to stone masons, bricklayers, carpenters, and, in some degree, to all work in which each and all of the seasons do not call for specific styles and almost equal quantities of production. And in this connection the duty was enforced upon all workmen having "power of speech" or other means of influence with their fellows, to impress upon all who are now at work the

IMPERATIVE NECESSITY FOR CARE OF MEANS,

and of working for the better formation of their various organizations, in order that they may be able to make, if necessary, a firmer stand in the winter than has now been made; and especially was this necessity for care enforced among the very large number of workmen who were in and around the large halls in the Germania Assembly Rooms, Bowery. The chief attraction at the above headquarters was the meeting of the

IRON AND METAL WORKERS' LEAGUE,

which was continued yesterday during the day, in the Germania rooms, and which proved to be of very grave importance to the workmen of all the trades.

The condition of the iron and metal workers who are now on strike is peculiar. In its distinctive difference from the others it is recognized as not being a movement of the society men, at least not in its inception, and it is therefore called by the men themselves a

NON-CONSTITUTIONAL STRIKE.

The officers state, and they are not contradicted by any of the men, that the strike at this time was not proposed, and did not commence, by the members of the Metal and Iron Workers' League. The more experienced members of the organization declared at the time the strike was proposed that the time was not ripe for it, and that they were not in such condition as they desired to be in before making an effort for the enforcement of the eight-hour system. Such is the statement of both officers and men to the HERALD reporter. And they say, in addition, that the conditions they recognized as existing when the strike was proposed by the non-society men is mainly the

CAUSE OF DELAY IN THE RECEPTION OF MONEY

for the men who are now on strike. They also declare, in asking that the peculiar facts be made known, that the *modus operandi* by which the money has to pass from the givers to the receivers is not generally fully understood, and that it is ignorance in this regard that causes much of the "unpleasant grumbling" among the men who are waiting for money.

It was decided by the members of the society that, in order to secure safety in the transmission of means for the support of those on strike, the machinery of the regular organization should be used; for, though they felt that the strike had been, as it were, forced upon them, their society men felt called upon to join in the effort, and the organization, therefore, felt bound to do all that could be done to support them to a successful termination of the strife. This decision caused the necessity for taking the names of all who entered upon the strike and seeing that they were really entitled to support. Then, when the test was complete and verified, it had to be sent to the

HEADQUARTERS IN CLEVELAND

to be estimated upon, the amount fixed and the money sent on from there to the strikers here. This has naturally caused some delay, and is declared to be the cause of the grumbling among some of the men. This feeling was quite strongly indicated in the afternoon meeting yesterday, though soon after the organization Mr. Calvin Pepper appeared again and again impressed upon the mass meeting what he considered to be the benefits the workingmen would derive from patronizing what was declared to be an out-of-town building lot scheme. It was held by Mr. Edward McDowell, President *pro tem.*, and others that there was nothing to be gained by going miles away for a residence, as the increase of cost for travelling, eating at saloons in the city at midday and loss of time in going and coming from home more than balanced all the advantages claimed. Thus quietly put aside, the meeting returned to the more immediate question, which was the proposition to call a mass meeting and

INVITE THE "BOSSES"

to consult with the men on the questions at issue between them. This was discussed at great length by President Kane, Mr. McDowell and others, and it was finally decided that if the men thought best to have a mass meeting they could do so without asking the advice of the bosses, very few of whom would recognize them there. The next question of interest, among the iron and metal workers especially, was a proposition, which was made by Mr. John Roach, to have

SECRET TRADE ORGANIZATIONS

formed throughout the Union. He advocated their formation, strongly claiming, while so doing, that if their organizations had been secret they would not have had one-half the trouble they had experienced, and holding, in addition, that all that had yet been gained for the workingmen had been through secret organizations.

The proposition for secrecy was opposed by Mr. McDowell, Mr. Kane and others, and some very warm words passed between Mr. Roach and Mr. Redgate on the subject, the latter charging Mr. Roach with having nominated himself for the presidency of the society and abusing a man who tried to get a hearing while he was endeavoring to control the action of the members. A return to business was, however, soon secured, and the proposition for the organization of purely secret societies was tabled, the determination being, during the present struggle at least, to stand by their present organization, and make their proceedings, if possible, more open than ever before. Then, after some encouraging remarks by several speakers, the proceedings were, near evening, brought to a close for the day.

The Carpenters.

The Carpenters' Association held a private meeting, at Detmit Hall, over which Mr. M. Parley presided. The object of the secret meeting was to consult with the very large majority of the men who have been successful in the eight-hour movement with a view to securing for the few who are still out pay during the time they may so remain. The meeting resolved to support all who are now out, even should they be out for months. The carpenters' organization now numbers 3,600 men, fully seven-eighths of whom are now employed. They are, therefore, in excellent spirits, and fully determined to see all of their number secured in receipt of a full day's pay for eight hours' work.

The United Boss Barbers.

In consequence of a notice given by the United Boss Barbers of this city that they will close their establishments on secular days at eight P. M. (except on Saturday, when they will close at eleven o'clock) and on Sunday at one P. M. There is less of excitement among the journeymen barbers, though they still claim that their time of employment is too long. The excitement, however, is mainly confined to the upper portion of the city, as the downtown places almost invariably close at from half past seven to eight o'clock.

The Railway Stable Men.

The excitement among the stablemen of the several street car companies is still continued to some extent, the growing confidence in success has rendered the men less violent in their language. Those on the Belt line, Sixth avenue, Second avenue and Broadway lines declared for a strike for $2 per day instead of $1 75; but though a number are now refusing to work, very little trouble has been occasioned by it, and the belief is that an agreement will very soon be reached.

Meeting of Marble Polishers.

The marble polishers held a meeting last evening, at Academy Hall, Third avenue, for the purpose of taking further measures to arrive at a successful issue. About five hundred members had assembled. The meeting was specially in favor of the marble polishers, and had no connection with any outside organization. They propose, after further consideration, to consolidate with the stonecutters, though such a course of proceedings seems to be contrary to the wishes of many of them. They boast of having their bosses fairly crippled now, after five weeks' strike. The bosses endeavor to procure their marble from Vermont, but this the men consider must soon cease. The proprietors of the principal quarries also strive to influence those who are not in favor of eight hours to acquiesce in their views and suggestions. The men want eight hours' work and nothing else, and unless this shall be conceded to them they are determined to continue on strike.

Now the Tea Clerks.

The tea clerks of Brooklyn have drawn out into the stream of strikers, and say they will not surrender the ground which they have taken until the bosses acquiesce in their demands. The employers promised in several of the stores to accede to the wishes of their clerks, which is that they close their stores at eight o'clock each evening, excepting Saturdays, when they are willing to labor a couple of hours longer.

Meeting of the Boss Horseshoers.

A meeting of the boss horseshoers was held last evening at Mullman's Hall, corner of Twenty-sixth street and Seventh avenue. Mr. John Graham presided, and Mr. Matthew Montgomery acted as secretary. On account of the recent rise in the prices of labor and material it was proposed to raise the price of shoeing. After a great deal of discussion it was finally agreed upon that sets of shoes at present rating at $3 should be made to rate at $3 50, and those at $3 50 to rate at $4. A great deal of feeling was exhibited, but good sense and order prevailed.

Archbishop Purcell Denouncing Internationalism and Trades Unions.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 27, 1872.

The fortieth anniversary of St. Francis Xavier's College (Roman Catholic), in this city, occurred last evening, a class of nine graduating. Degrees were conferred by Archbishop Purcell, who, in addressing the class, took occasion to speak of the eight-hour strikes of trades unions, &c. He said the demoralizing and destructive influences of Internationalism should be denounced, and would be under a liberal system of education. He agreed with a recent writer who believed that the trades unions were detrimental to the laboring man and every person concerned. With reference to the eight-hour movement, if eight hours were agreed upon to-day six or four hours might be demanded to-morrow, for who should set a limit to such arrogance and dictation? If labor said to capital to-day it must have $5, to-morrow it might demand $10. No government could continue to exist under such a system. The next cry might be that to possess property was robbery and a division be demanded. Thus every loafer and drunkard would require a new sub-division each Saturday night, until there should be nothing remaining to sub-divide. A remedy for these evils was in a liberal education.

Amicable Termination of a Strike.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., June 28, 1872.

The strike of the stonecutters in the limestone quarries of Messrs. B. & J. Carpenter, of this city, which has lasted about three weeks, terminated today. The difference between the workmen and the employers has been amicably settled.

THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE UNDER THE NEW APPORTIONMENT.

The following is a corrected list of the representatives of the various States in the House, Senate and Electoral College as they stand under the new Congressional apportionment:—

States.	Members of the House under the Apportionment of 1862.	Supplemental Apportionment (Act May 30, 1872).	Members of the House under the Apportionment of 1872.	Senators in Congress (two from each State, added).	Electoral College (Senators in Congress added to Apportionment of 1872).
Maine	5	—	5	2	7
New Hampshire	3	—	3	2	5
Vermont	3	—	3	2	5
Massachusetts	11	—	11	2	13
Rhode Island	2	—	2	2	4
Connecticut	4	—	4	2	6
New York	32	1	33	2	35
New Jersey	7	—	7	2	9
Pennsylvania	26	1	27	2	29
Delaware	1	—	1	2	3
Maryland	6	—	6	2	8
Virginia	9	—	9	2	11
North Carolina	5	—	5	2	7
South Carolina	5	—	5	2	7
Georgia	9	—	9	2	11
Alabama	7	1	8	2	10
Mississippi	6	—	6	2	8
Louisiana	5	1	6	2	8
Ohio	20	—	20	2	22
Kentucky	10	—	10	2	12
Tennessee	9	1	10	2	12
Indiana	12	1	13	2	15
Illinois	19	—	19	2	21
Missouri	13	—	13	2	15
Arkansas	4	—	4	2	6
Michigan	9	—	9	2	11
Florida	1	1	2	2	4
Texas	6	—	6	2	8
Iowa	9	—	9	2	11
Wisconsin	8	—	8	2	10
California	4	—	4	2	6
Minnesota	3	—	3	2	5
Oregon	1	—	1	2	3
Kansas	3	—	3	2	5
West Virginia	3	—	3	2	5
Nevada	1	—	1	2	3
Nebraska	1	—	1	2	3
Totals	233	9	242	366	
Supplemental Apportionment bill	9				
Members of House	242				
Add United States Senate			74		
College			366		

BEN WADE ON THE SITUATION.

He Is Not for Horace.

Ben Wade has written a letter in which he refers as follows to the democratic party and Horace Greeley:—

When a great political party has become so consciously depraved that they feel there is no hope of reform, suicide may perhaps in such case be virtue, and such seems to be the condition of the democratic party at this time. By adopting Mr. Greeley as their standard bearer they deliberately admit, if they are honest, that the poorest, weakest, most vacillating and uncertain republican is an improvement on anything to be found in their own party.

Concerning the republican party he says:—

To doubt the success of such a party when pitted against the broken cohorts of the old slavery party is an insult to the intelligence and virtue of the American people.

MAINE.

A Quiet Row in the Convention Called by the Fifth Congressional District.

BANGOR, Me., June 28, 1872.

The Fifth District Republican Congressional Convention met

CUBA.

CONTINUED FROM EIGHTH PAGE.

13th inst. Acknowledging the landing of the filibusters, it censures the United States government for tolerating them, and more so as the expeditionists will meet sure death.

THE WAR NEWS.

The following are the only items of interest reported in the way of engagements, encounters, surrenders, &c.:—Pepilto Gonzalez, second of the band of General Vicente Garcia, and called by the Spanish one of the most pertinacious chiefs of the insurrection, surrendered to Colonel Bascones near Las Tunas, with fifty of his men, armed with Remington rifles. The official report states that this renegade has given interesting information, and he as well as his renegade companions have joined the Spaniards in operating against the insurgents. Another insurgent chief, named Durañona, with fifty men, also intended to surrender to the Spaniards, but their intention not being known they were fired upon and their chief killed.

The Commandant General of Santiago de Cuba reports as the last results of his prowess in reconnoissances in the zones of Guantanamo and Cuba some forty of the enemy killed and capture of 110 prisoners of all kinds and the presentation of seventy-one persons. The damage confessed is one captain and five soldiers wounded. Colonel Valera had surprised a ranche near Cabezada, and killed five and taken thirty-nine prisoners. The same officer on the morning of the 17th inst. surprised another insurgent settlement at Luisa Quijada, dispersing them and causing thirteen killed and five prisoners, and the capture of sundry arms and war material, and the discovery of some interesting papers.

The Cadiz guerilla, as stated by telegram from Ciega de Avila, had killed in several reconnoissances four, wounded two and taken four prisoners.

The official *Gazette* publishes a list of names of persons condemned in *rebeldia*, for disloyalty, to death and the chain gang, upon whom sentence will be meted when they can be caught. All their property is also confiscated.

The United States steamer Canandaigua, ten guns, Renshaw commanding, arrived at this port last Sunday, and sailed on Wednesday afternoon for Key West.

The British war steamer Raccoon, eighteen guns Howard, commander, arrived on the 19th from Jamaica.

Both vessels fired the customary salutes.

THE NEW BOARD OF PHARMACY.

What the Board Means To Do—Important Provisions in the New Law—How "the Thing Was Done" by the Old Board—Protection for the Public.

The new Board of Pharmacy held its second session yesterday afternoon in their rooms, University Building, University and Waverley places. The Board is constituted as follows:—President, William Neergaard, M. D.; Manlius W. Smith, M. D.; Paul Balluff, Theobald Frohwein, and Francis H. Weissmann, M. D., the Secretary. These gentlemen were all appointed, under the new law, by the College of Pharmacy.

Formerly the interest of pharmacists were in the hands of a board, which refused to acknowledge the diplomas of the College of Pharmacy in this city, as well as diplomas from all other colleges, contending that all pharmacists and their assistants were obliged to receive licenses from the Board as it then stood. It is alleged by graduates of the College of Pharmacy that this was a swindle, the object being to mulct pharmacists out of $30 each, that being the amount required by the old Board for the granting of a license. Hence the strenuous exertions made by the College of Pharmacy with the Legislature for the abolition of the law under which the old Board was organized. The present Board charges only $2 each for a license to pharmacists who are proprietors, and $1 each to their assistants. In cases where examination is held to test the qualifications of those who have never received a license and who do not hold diplomas from colleges the fee of $5 is required from the candidate. The members of the present Board receive no compensation for their services, being appointed to the positions they hold as a mark of honorable distinction. During the two sessions which the new Board has held some twenty-three pharmacists have received licenses, but in no case so far has an examination been found necessary. When the Board has a sufficient number of applicants for licenses for whom examination is found necessary, then a day will be fixed for testing the qualifications of the candidates.

The following important sections in the law under which the Board is organized are of general interest:—

Every registered pharmacist, from and after the 1st day of June, 1872, shall be held responsible for the quality of all drugs, chemicals and medicines he may sell or dispense, with the exception of those sold in the original packages of the manufacturer, and also those known as "patent medicines," and should he knowingly, intentionally and fraudulently adulterate, or cause to be adulterated, such drugs, chemicals or medicinal preparations, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, be liable to a penalty not exceeding $100, and, in addition thereto, his name shall be stricken from the register.

It shall be unlawful for any person, from and after the 1st day of June, 1872, to retail any poison enumerated in schedules A and B, as follows, to wit:—

SCHEDULE A.—Arsenic and its preparations, corrosive sublimate, white precipitate, red precipitate, biniodide of mercury, cyanide of potassium, hydrocyanic acid, strychnia, and all other poisonous vegetable alkaloids and their salts, essential oil of bitter almonds, opium and its preparations, except paregoric and other preparations of opium containing less than two grains to the ounce.

SCHEDULE B.—Aconite, belladonna, colchicum, conium, nux vomica, henbane, savin, ergot, cottonroot, cantharides, creosote, digitalis and their pharmaceutical preparations, croton oil, chloroform, chloralhydrate, sulphate of zinc, mineral acids, carbolic acid and oxalic acid, without distinctly labelling the bottle, box, vessel or paper in which the said poison is contained, and also the outside wrapper or cover, with the name of the article, the word "poison," and the name and place of business of the seller; nor shall it be lawful for any person to sell or deliver any poison enumerated in said schedules A and B, unless upon due inquiry it be found that the purchaser is aware of its poisonous character, and represents that it is to be used for a legitimate purpose. Nor shall it be lawful for any registered pharmacist to sell any poisons included in schedule A, without, before delivering the same to the purchaser, causing an entry to be made, in a book kept for that purpose, stating the date of sale, the name and address of the purchaser, the name and quality of the poison sold, the purpose for which it is represented to be required, and the name of the dispenser; such book to be always open for inspection by the proper authorities, and to be preserved for reference for at least five years. The provisions of this section shall not apply to the dispensing of poisons, in not unusual quantities or doses, upon the prescriptions of practitioners of medicine.

Any person who shall attempt to procure registration for himself, or for any other person, under this act, by making or causing to be made any false representation, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction thereof, be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred dollars. Any registered pharmacist who shall permit the compounding and dispensing of prescriptions of medical practitioners in his store or place of business, by any person or persons not registered, or any person not registered who shall keep open shop for the retailing or dispensing of medicines and poisons, or who shall fraudulently represent himself to be registered, or any registered pharmacist or dealer in medicines who shall fail to comply with the regulations and provisions of this act, in relation to the retailing and dispensing of poisons, shall, for every such offence, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars.

There are about four hundred and sixty pharmacists in the city who are proprietors, and about six hundred assistants. Of these about three hundred and six have licenses from the old Board. It is necessary that all pharmacists in the city should come before the new Board, so that it may be ascertained to certainty who have licenses and who have not, with a view to the protection of the public. The Board will continue in session daily for about three weeks.

APPOINTMENT OF JUDGE QUINN AS SCHOOL TRUSTEE.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, NEW YORK, June 27, 1872.

Under and by virtue of the provisions of section 7, chapter 574, Laws of 1871, I hereby appoint Denis Quinn Trustee of Common Schools for the Fifth ward of the city of New York, to fill the vacancy of Cornelius Quinn, for the full term of four years, commencing on this day.

A. OAKEY HALL,
Mayor of the city of New York.

The appointment of Judge Quinn has been received with great favor by all the residents of the Fifth ward.

THE DEATH OF JAMES DOUGHERTY.

Kings County Authorities Censured.

Coroner Schirmer yesterday held an inquest in the case of James Dougherty, late of 17 Centre street, whose death was caused by accidentally falling from his truck in Columbia street, near Summit, Brooklyn, on Monday last, thus receiving a terrible fracture of the skull. In driving through Columbia street the wheels of the truck went into a hole in the pavement, four feet long, three feet wide and eight inches deep, in consequence of which Dougherty was jostled from his seat and fell to the pavement. It was in evidence that the authorities had been repeatedly notified that the pavement was in a dangerous condition, but no attention was paid to the matter. In their verdict the jury "severely censured the corporate authorities of Kings county for allowing the street to remain in such an unsafe condition after being duly notified."

DELIRIUM TREMENS AND DEATH.

Mary Kennedy, an Irishwoman, forty-eight years of age, died yesterday afternoon in Centre Street Hospital. Deceased was a domestic in the House of Industry, 145 Worth street, and on Thursday, while suffering from an attack of delirium tremens, jumped from a second story window to the pavement, thus receiving a concussion of the brain and other injuries which resulted in death. Coroner Schirmer was notified, and to-day will hold an inquest over the remains.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Rapid Rise in Government Bonds.

PRICES AT THE HIGHEST OF THE YEAR

Continued Reinvestment of the July Interest.

Money Firmer—Speculations About the Bank Statement.

Resumption of Specie Shipments—The Amount Going Out To-Day Nearly Three Millions.

Active Inquiry for the Railroad Bonds.

The Stock Market Dull and the Movement Irregular.

A NEW CONUNDRUM IN ERIE.

Must the Voters at the Election Produce Certificates Transferred to Their Own Name?

WHAT THE LAW SAYS AND IMPLIES.

WALL STREET,
FRIDAY, June 28—6 P. M.

On 'Change to-day wheat was heavy and flour weak and lower. The cotton market was unchanged but hardly so steady.

MONEY FOUR PER CENT.

The money market was rather firmer and borrowers paid 4 per cent all around, and in a few instances upon stock collaterals 5 per cent. The bank statement to-morrow is already canvassed, and will be, it is thought, unfavorable, as a consequence of the increasing specie shipments, although the full effect of this influence will not tell upon the averages of the current week. The retention of money for the payment of

THE JULY INTEREST

the next week or ten days may possibly have the effect of slightly hardening rates during that period.

Prime paper was quoted 5 a 7 per cent discount.

Foreign exchange was steady and quiet. Sixty-day sterling bills were firmly held at 110, but sight bills were to be had at 110½.

ADVANCE IN GOVERNMENTS.

The chief feature of the markets in Wall street was the sharp advance in government bonds, the prices of which advanced ⅛ a ⅜ per cent, the most remarkable improvement being in the '67's which left off at 118¾ a 118⅞, the highest point of the season. The rise in these securities is due to the sudden demand for them as a safe vehicle for the reinvestment of

THE JULY INTEREST

and dividends now coming and to come upon the market, the class of persons who receive such interest and dividends being the last to buy non-dividend-paying stocks, or even stocks which are subject to wide or sudden fluctuation. Hence the explanation of the indifference of the railway and miscellaneous shares to the large outcome of money at the present season. The settlement at Geneva of the indirect claims has had a beneficial effect upon United States

BONDS IN LONDON,

prices there showing an improvement of ⅛ a ¼ per cent. The market here closed strong as follows:—United States currency sixes, 114⅞ a 115; do. do., 1881, registered, 115 a 115⅛; do. do., coupon, 120 a 120⅛; do. five-twenties, registered, May and November, 114⅜ a 114⅝; do. do., 1862, coupon, do., 114⅜ a 114⅝; do. do., 1864, coupon, do., 114⅜ a 114⅝; do. do., 1865, coupon, do., 115⅜ a 115⅝; do. do., 1867, registered, January and July, 113⅞; do. do., 1865, coupon, do., 117⅞ a 117⅛; do. do., 1867, coupon, do., 118⅞ a 118⅞; do. do., 1868, coupon, do., 117⅞ a 118; do. ten-forties, registered, 111⅞ a 111⅞; do. do., coupon, 112 a 112⅛; do. fives of 1881, registered, 113⅞ a 113⅞; do. do., coupon, 113⅞ a 113⅞.

GOLD FIRM—113⅝ A 113⅞.

The gold market was firm on the resumption of specie shipments, exports of coin being necessitated by the domestic prices of government and other securities, which are too high to send abroad until the quotations on the other side advance to a point which will allow of a profit on the exportation of bonds. The gold pool seems to be doing nothing just at present, although some persons surmised that they were helping the advance in government bonds with a view to prevent them going to Europe. The point of the market seems to be, however, the temporary cessation of a foreign demand for our securities, such as would make exchange for the shipment of the

JULY INTEREST.

As it is, this interest is likely to go abroad largely in the coin itself, if we may believe such indications as furnished to-day in the fact that the engagements of specie for export to-morrow (Saturday) already amount to $2,570,000. The Sub-Treasury paid out $1,270,000 on account of interest and $51,000 on account of redeemed five-twenties. The course of the market is shown in the table:—

THE FLUCTUATIONS IN GOLD.

10 A. M.	113⅝	2 P. M.	113⅞
11 A. M.	113⅞	3 P. M.	113⅞
12 M.	113⅞	4 P. M.	113⅞ a 113⅞
1 P. M.	113⅞		

GOLD LOANS AND CLEARANCES.

In the gold loan market the rates ranged from 2 to 4 per cent for carrying. The operations of the Gold Exchange Bank were as follows:—

Gold cleared	$28,654,000
Gold balances	2,131,314
Currency balances	2,419,546

THE RAILROAD BONDS.

The list of railroad bonds is scanned with unusual diligence just now by parties seeking new investments, and is canvassed about as earnestly as the list of government bonds. A lively demand for these securities is anticipated throughout the month of July, but at present parties are looking rather than buying, as the would-be buyers are not as yet in possession of the funds that are to be devoted to investment and reinvestment.

THE JULY INTEREST,

indeed, will hardly reach the street in any volume (exclusive of that which is coming from the United States Treasury) until well into the ensuing month. The following were the bids at the board, which it will be seen were made upon almost everything on the call:—

New York Cen 6's, 1883	95	Han & St Jo com	91½
New York Cen 6's, r e	90	Del, Lack & W'n 1st m	106½
New York Cen 6's, sub	90	Del, Lack & West 2d m	98
Erie 7's, 2d m, '79		Tol & Wab 1st m, ex	99
Erie 7's, 3d m, '83	99½	Tol & W 1st m, St L div	92½
Erie 7's, 4th m, '80	95	Tol & Wab 2d m	92½
Erie 7's, 5th m, '88	92	Tol & Wab equip bds	87
Bm, N Y & E 1st m, '77	94½	Gt West 1st m, 1888	98½
Hud Riv 7's, 2d m, sf, '85	103	Gt West 2d m, 1893	91½
Hud R 7's, 3d m, '75	101	Gal & Chic 2d m	98
Harlem 7's, 1st m	101½	Chic, R I & Pacific	104½
Alb & Sus 3d bds	98	Mor & Essex 2d m	100
Mich Cen 1st m 8's, '82	115	New Jersey Cent, 2d m	110
Mich So 7 p c 2d m	99	N J Southern 7's, 1st m	78½
Mich S & N I s f 7 p c	103	Pitts, F W & Chic 1st m	107
Clev & Tol s f	103	Pitts, F W & Chic 3d m	98
Clev, Painesville & A, n	97	Pitts, F W & C 8 p c eq'c	100
Clev, Painesville & A, old	99	Clev & Pitts con s f	95
Detroit, M & Tol bds	98½	Clev & Pitts 2d m	100
Buffalo & Erie new bds	97	Clev & Pitts 3d m	97
Lake Shore, con, c	100	Clev & Pitts 4th m	87
Lake Shore, con reg	102	Chic & Alt 1st m	106
Pac RR 7's, gtd by Mo	102	Chic & Alt income	98
Central Pac gold bds	103	Ohio & Miss 1st m	103½
Union Pac 1st m	94	Ohio & Miss con	93½
Union Pac l g 7's	81½	St Louis & Iron M 1st m	93½
Union Pac inc 10's	87½	Mil & St Paul 1st m 8's	103
Ill Cen 7 p c, 1875	100½	Mil & St P 1st m, 7 3-10	97

Belleville & S Ill 1st, 8's	98	Mil & St Paul 1st m	85½
Alt & T H 2d m, pref	98	Mil & St Paul, Iowa div	90
Chic & N W s f	101	Chic & Mil 1st m	97
Chic & N W int bds	93½	Tol, Peo & W, E D	92¾
Chic & N W con bds	97	Tol, Peo & W, W D	93½
Chic & N W 1st m	100½	Tol, P & W 2d m	84½
Han & St Jo, l g	100	Bost, Hart & E 1st m	41½

SOUTHERN SECURITIES STEADY.

The Southern State bonds were generally steady, with the Tennessees and new South Carolinas moderately active. The following were the closing quotations:—Tennessee, ex coupon, 74⅛ a 75; do., new, 74 a 75; Virginia, ex coupon, 44 a 60; do., registered stock, old, 38 a 43; do. sixes, consolidated bonds, 54⅛ a 55⅛; do. sixes, deferred scrip, 16⅛ a 17; Georgia sixes, 74 a 78; do. sevens, 89 a 91; North Carolina, ex coupon, 35 a a 36; do., to North Carolina Railroad, 40 a 45; do., funding, 1866, 26 a 30; do. do., 1868, 23 a 25; do., new, 23⅛ a 26; do., special tax, 15 a 16; Missouri sixes, 97⅛ a 98; do., Hannibal and St. Joseph, 94⅛ a 95; Louisiana sixes, 50 a 58; do., new, 50 a 54; do., levee sixes, 60 a 65; do. do. eights, 78 a 80; do. do. eights, 1875, 80 a 85; Alabama fives, 60 a 65; do. eights, 87 a 90; South Carolina sixes, 53 a 55; do., new, January and July, 30 a 30⅛; do. do., August and October, 28 a 29; Arkansas sixes, funded, 55 a 60.

STOCKS DULL AND IRREGULAR.

The stock market was again very dull, and would have been stagnant were it not for the animation of Erie and Pacific Mail. The early movement in Erie was quite strong and the price recovered to 57, in sympathy with a better market in London, and on the discovery that the "short" interest was so large as to create an active borrowing demand for the certificates, as high as 1-16 per cent having been paid for their use in this afternoon's deliveries. Subsequently the price fell off to 54⅞, the whole market at the close showing a disposition to react from the pressure made in the forenoon to get up enthusiasm on the strength of the settlement of the indirect claims as well as the forthcoming heavy disbursements of

JULY INTEREST.

These efforts were more successful with Ohio and Mississippi, which advanced to 46⅛, the road being, at the same time, represented as doing unusually well in the matter of traffic and surpassing largely its previous record in this respect. Speculators, however, are slow to take "points," as if their energies were in inverse ratio to the altitude of the thermometer. The dulness of the day is illustrated by the utter absence of Wabash from the list of sales. With reference to

ERIE AND THE ELECTION

for directors set down for July 10, a curious discussion has arisen. It is well known that many stockholders of record on the 10th of June, when the transfers closed, sold out their stock "for a turn" and with the intention of buying it back at lower prices. The question at issue is whether such stockholders can vote at the election, even if they have, meantime, bought back their stock. It is held by many that the inspectors may require the

CERTIFICATES TO BE SHOWN

on election day, in which case not one voter in a thousand who had so sold and rebought his stock would be able to produce certificates in his own name. The following are the extracts from the law bearing upon this point which may possibly lead to a great deal of litigation:—

SEC. 6.—It shall not be lawful at any election for directors of said company for any person or persons to vote either in person or by proxy upon any stock standing in his, her or their name on the books of said company, in case he, she or they has or have parted with his, her or their interest in such stock and no longer has or have possession or control of the stock certificate therefor, when his, her or their vote thereon is offered to be cast. * * * The inspectors shall be entitled to examine upon oath any person offering to vote upon any stock at any such election, either as principal or attorney, in respect to the existence within his knowledge of any circumstances disqualifying the stock from being voted on by him in virtue of the foregoing provision of this section; and if such disqualification shall be satisfactorily shown to the inspectors, either by such examination or otherwise, the vote shall be rejected.

The books for the exchange of New York Central scrip into stock will close to-morrow and remain closed until August 1. Canton was weak and declined to 97.

HIGHEST AND LOWEST PRICES.

The following table shows the highest and lowest prices of the principal stocks during the day:—

	Highest.	Lowest.
New York Central	97⅝	97⅛
New York Central scrip	97⅝	97⅛
Erie	57	54⅞
Lake Shore	96⅞	96⅜
Northwestern	73⅛	72⅝
Northwestern preferred	90⅛	90⅛
Rock Island	111	110⅞
St. Paul	53⅞	53⅛
St. Paul preferred	77⅛	77⅛
Ohio and Mississippi	46⅛	45⅞
Boston, Hartford and Erie	8⅛	8⅛
Union Pacific	38⅛	37⅞
C., C. and I. C.	35⅞	35⅛
Western Union Telegraph	75⅛	75
Pacific Mail	73⅞	73

SALES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Friday, June 28—10:15 A. M.

$2000 US 5-20, c, '65, n	117	$2000 US 5-20, c, '67 s3	118
16000 US 5's, 10-40, c	112⅛		

10 A. M.—Before Call.

400 shs Pac M SS Co	73⅜	200 shs L S & M S RR	96⅞
400 do s3	73¼	200 do s3	96⅝
1100 do	73⅜	500 do s10	96⅝
400 do s3	73⅜	200 do	96⅞
100 do b3	73⅜	100 do c	96⅞
300 do	73⅜	400 Un Pac RR b3	38
600 do c	73⅜	100 Chic & R I RR	110⅞
500 do b3	73⅜	100 C & N W RR	72½
700 do s3	73⅜	700 do b3	72⅝
400 West Un Tel b3	75⅛	900 do	72⅝
200 N Y C & H RR s3	97⅝	100 do s3	72⅝
200 Erie RR	54⅞	600 do	72⅝
200 do	54⅞	300 C, C & I C RR	35⅛
400 do	55	100 do b3	35⅛
100 do	55⅛	100 do	35⅛
100 do	55⅛	100 Bost, H & E	8½
500 do	55⅛	100 Ohio & Miss RR	45⅞
100 do	55⅛	1200 do	45⅞
100 do	55⅛	100 do	46
100 do b3	55⅛	600 do c	45⅞
100 do	55⅛	100 do b3	45⅞
100 do	55⅛	100 do	45⅞
1600 do	55⅛	100 do	45⅞
100 do c	55⅛		

First Board—10:30 A. M.

$1000 Tenn 6's, new	74½	100 shs Erie RR	55¼
1000 S C 6's, n, Ja & Jy	30½	400 do	55⅛
1000 do	30½	600 do	55
4000 N Y bou loan, c	100	300 do	55⅛
1000 Un Pac 1st m	94⅛	100 do	55⅛
10000 do	94⅛	200 Erie RR pf b c	79½
1000 do	94	50 C & Pitts RR, gtd	91½
5000 Un Pac 10's, inc	87	100 Ill Cen RR b c	138
10000 do	87⅛	100 Pac M SS Co	73⅜
15000 do b c b3	87⅛	10 do b c s3	73⅜
10000 U Pac 7's l g b b c	81½	700 do	73⅜
5000 Chic & N W, con	97	600 do	73⅜
1000 Han & Cen Mo 1st	88	500 do	73⅜
5000 Ohio & Miss 2d m	88	500 do b3	73⅜
2000 Tol, P & W 1st m, W D	93½	500 do s3	73⅜
5000 B, H & Erie 1st m	41½	1100 do	73⅜
2000 C, C & I C 1st	91½	100 do s3	73⅜
100 shs Canton Co b c	97	1200 do	73⅜
100 Del & H Canal	121	600 do s3	73⅜
20 N J C Ld & Im	76	1400 do	73⅜
400 Quick Min Co	40	400 do	73⅜
200 Quick M pref b c	51	100 do b3	73⅜
400 W U Tel b c	75⅛	700 do	73⅜
200 do c	75⅛	100 Chic & N W RR c	72⅞
200 do	75⅛	200 do b c	72⅞
50 Adams Ex Co	97⅛	600 do b3	73
27 do b c	97	300 do c	73
200 U S Ex Co b c	67⅛	100 do b3	73⅛
200 N Y C & H RR	97⅝	800 do	73⅛
300 do b c	97⅝	500 do	73⅛
100 do	97⅝	400 do b3	73⅛
500 do b3	97⅝	100 do c	73
500 do b3	97⅝	700 do	73⅛
200 do	97⅝	400 do s3	73
1000 N Y C & H ctfs b c	97⅝	300 do	73
200 L S & M S RR	96⅞	200 Chic & N W pf b3	90⅛
1600 do b3	96⅞	75 do	90
100 do	96⅞	200 do b3	90⅛
1500 do	96⅞	200 N J Cen RR b3	110
200 L S & M S scrip b c	92⅛	200 C & R I RR b c	111
1200 Un Pac RR b c	38	300 B, H & E RR	8⅛
300 do c	38	300 do b c	8⅛
100 Erie RR b c c	55	100 do s3	8⅛
100 do	55⅛	100 M & St P RR b c s3	77⅛
400 do c	55⅛	425 Mor & Es RR	93
700 do s30	55	300 Ohio & Miss RR	45⅞
200 do	56	1400 do	46
100 do	56⅛	700 do b3	46⅛
100 do	56⅛	1200 do	46⅛
700 do	56⅛	700 do b3	46⅛
400 do	56⅛	200 do b3	46⅛
500 do	56⅛	1000 do	46⅛
200 do	56⅛	1400 do	46⅛
100 do	57⅛	2200 do	46⅛
100 do c	56⅛	700 do b3	45⅞
300 do	55⅞	200 do	46⅛
400 do	56⅛	100 do	45⅞
100 do	56⅛	100 do b30	46⅛
100 do	56	100 do b3	46⅛
400 do	55⅞	400 do	46⅛
1300 do	55⅞	100 C, C & I C RR b c	35⅛
100 do	55⅞	100 do	35⅛
500 do	55⅞	200 do c	35⅛
100 do	55⅞	100 do b3	35⅛

12:15 and 2:15 P. M.

$13000 U S 5's, '81, r c	114⅞	$1000 U S 5-20, c, '65	117⅞
7000 U S 6's, '81, c	120⅛	12000 U S 5's, 10-40, r	111⅞
500 U S 5-20, c, '65, n	117⅞		

12:30 P. M.—Before Call.

$50000 U S 6's, cur b c	115	700 shs Un Pac R c	38
200 shs Quick M Co	40⅝	100 Mil & St P RR	52⅞
100 Md Coal Co	19	400 C, C & I C RR	35⅛
1000 N Y C & H R RR	97⅝	100 C & N W RR b3	73⅛
200 Pac M SS Co	73⅛	300 do s3	73⅛
300 do	73⅛	100 do s10	73⅛
500 do b3	73⅛	100 do b3	73⅛
200 L S & M S RR	96⅞	100 do	73⅛
800 do b3	96⅞	200 do s3	73
100 Erie RR	55	100 do b3	73⅛
100 do	54⅞	100 do	73⅛
200 do	54⅞	1300 Ohio & Miss	46⅛
100 do	54⅞	200 do	46⅛
500 do	55	200 do s30	46⅛
200 do	54⅞	100 do b3	46⅛
300 do	54⅞	500 do s3	46⅛
200 do	55	1400 do	46⅛
900 Un Pac RR	38⅛		

Second Board—1 P. M.

$1000 S C 6's, n, Oct & Apl	29	100 shs Erie RR	55⅛
5000 Ark 7's, l s Cen RR	70⅛	400 do	55

4000 Un Pac 7's, l g b	81¾	800 do	54¾
15000 B, H & E 1st	42	100 do	55⅜
15000 do	42¾	200 Harlem RR	115½
10 shs N J C L & Imp	76	100 Un Pac RR b c b3	38
100 Adams Ex Co	97	1000 do	37⅞
800 do b c	97	200 Chic & N W RR b c	73⅜
50 Wells-Fargo Ex	80	100 do	73⅜
50 U S Express Co b c	67	100 do	73⅜
200 Pac M S S Co b c	73⅜	800 do b3	73⅜
600 do b3	73⅜	600 do	73⅜
400 do	73⅜	100 do	73
100 do b3	73⅜	29 Del, Lack & W RR	108¼
100 do s3	73⅜	47 do	107⅞
100 do c	73⅜	100 Panama RR	114½
500 do	73⅜	500 Chic & R I RR	110⅞
100 do s3	73⅜	300 Bost, H & E RR b3	8⅜
500 do	73⅜	300 Ohio & Miss R b c	46⅛
200 N Y C & H R b c	97⅝	900 do b3	46⅛
200 do c	97⅝	200 do	46⅛
20000 N Y C & H ctfs b c	97⅝	800 do s3	46⅛
100 L S & M S RR b c b3	96⅞	200 do	46⅛
100 Erie RR	55	100 do b3	46⅛
300 do b c	55⅛	100 Mo, Kan & Tex RR	42⅛
200 do	56⅛		

CLOSING PRICES—4 O'CLOCK P. M.

Western Union	75 a 75⅛	Northwestern	72⅞ a 73
Quicksilver	41⅛ a 41¾	Northwest'n pf	90 a 90¼
Quicksilver pf	52 a 52½	Rock Island	110⅞ a 111
Pacific Mail	73 a 73⅛	St Paul	53⅝ a 53⅞
N Y Central	97⅛ a 97⅝	Wabash	75⅛ a 75⅜
N Y Cen scrip	97⅛ a 97⅜	Ohio & Miss	46⅛ a 46¼
Erie	54⅞ a 54¾	Han & St Jo	40⅛ a 41
Lake Shore	96⅞ a 96⅜	B, H & Erie	8⅛ a 8¼
Union Pacific	37⅞ a 37⅜	C, C & Ind C	35⅛ a 35⅛

COMMERCIAL REPORT.

Cotton in Moderate Demand and Easy—Receipts at the Ports, 812 Bales—Flour and Wheat Dull and Lower—Oats Lower—Pork and Lard Steady—Metals Quiet—Spirits Lower—Whiskey Easier.

FRIDAY, June 28—6 P. M.

ASHES.—The market remained without change, either in demand or prices. Pots quoted at $7 75 a $8 25.

BUILDING MATERIALS.—Bricks have been in good demand at about former prices. We quote:—Cargo pale, $4 a $5; Jersey, $5 50 a $7 50; North River, $7 a $9 25; Croton, $12 a 16; Philadelphia front, from yard, $40 a $45. Lime—The market was dull; the stock is light and former prices current; quoted at $1 25 a $1 75 for common and lump. Cement was also dull and more or less nominal at $1 60 for Rosendale. Laths were in fair request, but easier; sales at $2 75 for Eastern spruce, but closed with no bids over $2 50.

CANDLES.—The market during the week has been quiet, and prices unchanged. We quote:—Sperm, 33c.; patent do., 43c.; stearic, 23c. a 29c.; paraffine, 27c. a 28c.; adamantine, 14c. a 18½c., according to weight.

COFFEE still continued quiet but the market was very firm and prices tended upwards. We hear of sales of 3,500 bags Rio per O. Blanchard on private terms, and a rumored sale of the cargo of the Phillis and Mary, but we were unable to trace it. We quote:—Rio—Ordinary cargoes, 16½c. a 16⅞c.; fair do., 17⅛c. a 18c.; good do., 18⅛c. a 18⅞c.; prime, 19c. a 19½c., gold, per lb., in bond, 60 a 90 days; Maracaibo, 20c. a 22c.; Laguayra, 20c. a 22c.; Jamaica, 19½c. a 21c.; Ceylon, 20½c. a 21½c.; Singapore, 18c. a 19c., gold, in bond.

COTTON.—The market for cotton on the spot, without quotable change, was a shade easier. For future delivery business was moderate, and prices, under considerable pressure to sell, ruled 1-16c. a ⅛c. per lb. in buyer's favor, the market closing quiet. The sales sum up as follows:—

	To-Day.	Last Ev'g.	Total.
Consumption	1,019	46	1,065

—For future delivery (basis low middling) the sales have been as follows:—Sales last evening after three o'clock:—July, 200 short notice, 25 3-16c., 200 at 25¼c., 100 short notice 25⅛c., 700 at 25 3-16c.; August, 500 at 25 15-16c., 1,400 at 25⅞c.; September, 300 at 23⅞c., 100 at 23 17-32c.; October, 300 at 21½c.; December, 200 at 19 9-16c., 200 at 19½c.; total, 4,300 bales. Sales to-day up to three P. M.:—July, 100 at 25 5-16c., no notice till 15th; 100 at 25⅝c., 200 at 25c., 100 at 24 15-16c., immediate notice; 200 at 25c., 200 at 25-16c., 1,100 at 24 15-16c., 100 at 25c.; August, 500 at 23⅞c., 200 at 25 11-16c., 600 at 25⅝c., 300 at 25 9-16c., 500 at 25⅝c., 500 at 25 9-16c.; September, 400 at 23⅝c., 600 at 23 5-16c., 400 at 23⅜c., 700 at 23 3-16c.; October, 400 at 21c.; November, 100 at 20c., 100 at 20⅜c., 600 at 20c.; December, 1,000 at 19½c. Exchanged—11-16c. paid to exchange 100 July for 100 August. Total, 9,400 bales. Grand total, 13,700 bales. Rates on cotton to foreign ports closed steady at the following rates:—To Liverpool, by steam, ⅜d.; by sail, 5-32d. a 3-16d. To Havre, by steam, ⅞c. gold; sail, ⅝c. To Hamburg, by steam, ⅜d., compressed; ⅜c. sail. To Bremen, by steam, ⅞c. gold, compressed; sail, ⅝c. To Baltic ports, by sail, ⅞c. a 1c., gold. To Mediterranean ports, by steam, ⅞c. The receipts at the ports sum up as follows:—New Orleans, 273; Mobile, 40; Savannah, 82; Wilmington, 6; Norfolk, 52; Baltimore, 28; New York, 227; Boston, 99—total, 812. This day last week, 1,093. This day last year, 3,935. We quote:—

	Uplands.	Alabama.	New Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	21	21	21	21
Good ordinary	23⅝	23⅝	23⅞	23⅞
Low middling	25½	25½	25⅝	25⅝
Middling	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	26⅞
Good middling	27¼	27¼	27½	27¾

—The quotations are based on cotton running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade quoted.

FLOUR AND GRAIN.—Receipts—Flour, 7,514 bbls.; wheat, 4,400 bushels; corn, 60,500 do.; corn meal, 100 bbls. and 125 bags; oats, 29,450 bushels. The flour market was dull, decidedly lower and nearly nominal. The sales since our last aggregate about 7,000 bbls., of which 150 bbls. were Southern, and 100 bbls. superfine rye, all at prices within the range of our revised quotations. Corn meal continued in moderate demand, with sales reported of 450 bbls. at $3 30 a $3 50 for Western yellow. We quote:—

No. 2 State	$3 50 a $5 00
Superfine State	5 50 a 6 00
Extra State	6 40 a 6 75
Choice State	7 00 a 7 50
Superfine Western	5 50 a 6 00
Extra Western	6 40 a 6 75
Extra Minnesota	7 00 a 8 50
Round hoop Ohio, shipping brands	6 75 a 7 00
Round hoop Ohio, trade brands	7 25 a 8 00
Family	8 50 a 9 50
St. Louis low extra	7 00 a 7 50
St. Louis straight extra	7 75 a 8 50
St. Louis choice double extra	9 00 a 10 00
St. Louis choice family	10 00 a 11 00
Rye flour	4 50 a 5 00
Southern No. 2	4 00 a 5 00
Southern superfine	5 25 a 6 00
Southern extra	7 00 a 9 50
Southern family	9 50 a 12 50
Corn meal, Western	3 30 a 3 60
Corn meal, Jersey	3 30 a 3 60
Corn meal, Brandywine	3 65 a 3 75
Baltimore	4 00 f. o. b.
Caloric	3 65 a 3 85
Puncheons	16 50 f. o. b.

—Wheat was dull, lower and nominal, closing at about $1 55 a $1 56 for Chicago, $1 58 a $1 59 for Milwaukee, $1 61 a $1 62 for No. 1 do. afloat, $1 65 a $1 73 for red winter, $1 73 a $1 75 for amber. The sales were about 50,000 bushels, at $1 55 a $1 57 for Chicago, $1 59 for Milwaukee and $1 61 for No. 1 do., $1 70 a $1 90 for white and $1 65 a $1 68 for red winter. Corn was steady, with sales of about 172,000 bushels, at 63c. a 65c. for steamer, 65c. a 65½c. for sail, 66c. for high mixed and Western yellow and 76c. a 80c. for Western white. Oats were dull and lower. Sales about 48,000 bushels, at 45c. a 45c. for Western, 47c. a 48c. for white. Barley and rye were dull, and, in the absence of transactions, entirely nominal.

FREIGHTS.—There was a fair business consummated in berth freights, especially for accommodation for grain. Rates remained unchanged. The chartering business was moderate, in good part for vessels for most all purposes, for which about former rates were paid. The engagements were:—To Liverpool, by steam, 60,000 bushels grain at 7¾d. a 7½d., 300 bbls. rosin on private terms; by sail 37,500 bushels grain at 7d. a 7½d., and 250 hhds. tallow at 20s. a 21s. 3d. To London by steam, 7,500 bushels wheat at 8d. To Antwerp, 7,500 bushels rye on private terms, and 500 bbls. rosin at 4s. 3d. The charters comprise:—An Italian bark, 2,500 quarters grain to Cardiff direct, 5s. 3d.; an Italian bark hence to Cronstadt or Odessa, 110 tons of arms at $133, and 1,800 bbls. rosin, 95c.; a German brig, 180 tons, from Wilmington to a Continental port, full cargo spirits turpentine at 5s. or 5s. 3d., according to port; another bark rumored same voyage and rate, without reliable particulars; an American bark, 369 tons, and an American brig, 345 tons, to Cadiz, $35 for light pine staves and proportionate rates for other kinds; an American brig, 420 tons, to Malaga, staves, on private terms; a British bark, 257 tons, from St. Mary's River to River Plata, lumber, $23, and 5 per cent primage.

GUNNIES.—The market continued very quiet. Small jobbing orders were filled at about current prices. We quote:—Calcutta cloth, 14½c. a 15c.; domestic do., 16c. a 16½c. for prompt delivery, and 17c. a 17½c. for futures; bags, 14½c. a 15c. for light to heavy.

HEMP AND JUTE.—The market continued dull and nominal for all kinds of hemp, but former prices were generally current. Manila quoted at 12c., gold. Jute and jute butts were quiet and unchanged. Jute quoted at 4½c. a 6⅛c., gold, and butts at 2⅞c., currency.

HAY AND STRAW.—There have been fair transactions in both shipping and retail qualities of hay at unchanged prices. Straw was generally quiet, but unchanged. We quote:—Shipping hay, $1 15 a $1 20; retail qualities, $1 40 a $1 60; salt, 85c. a $1; clover, 80c. a 90c.; long rye straw, $1 10 a $1 15; short do., 85c. a 90c.; oat, 70c. a 75c., and wheat, 60c. a 65c.

HOPS.—Prime qualities have met with more demand from brewers, and full prices were realized. Old hops have also attracted more attention; quite a number of bales have recently been sold for export; all qualities are held at former prices.

METALS.—The market or copper has been very quiet since our last, and prices are a shade in buyer's favor. The sales foot up about 100,000 lbs. lake at 33½c. a 34c. cash and July. Futures quoted at 34c. a 34½c. for July, August and September. Iron still continued quiet and without quotable change in prices. Sales were reported of 900 tons of Scotch pig and 200 tons of American rails, both on private terms. Tin—Plate tin has been very quiet, but held at former prices. Small sales of Straits were made at 36½c. a 36⅞c., gold, and English at 36c. a 36⅛c., gold—most holders asking 36⅞c. a 37c. for English and 37c. a 37½c. for Straits. Lead remains quiet and steady at 6⅞c. for foreign, 9½c. for bar and 11c. for sheet and pipe.

MOLASSES.—The market still remains dull and nearly, if not quite, nominal for all descriptions. We have only to note sales of 26 hhds. Porto Rico at 55c. We quote:—

	Old Crop.	New Crop.
Cuba—Centrifugal and mixed	19c. a 2½c.	— a —
Clayed	22c. a 25c.	28c. a 32c.
Muscovado, refining	23c. a 30c.	30c. a 33c.
Muscovado, grocery	30c. a 35c.	34c. a 38c.
Porto Rico	25c. a 40c.	30c. a 60c.
English islands	30c. a 40c.	30c. a 40c.
New Orleans	30c. a 45c.	40c. a 90c.

NAVAL STORES.—For spirits turpentine the market was decidedly easier and closed weak, with prospects of still lower prices. The sales to-day have been 50 bbls. at 51c. on the dock; 125 bbls. at 51½c. Rosin continued quiet, with the exception of a moderate trade in the better grades, which commanded about former prices. Sales 200 bbls. No 1 at $4 a $4 50; 50 bbls. pale at $5 50; strained quoted at $3 05 a $3 20. Tar was quiet. Sales were reported of 100 bbls. Wilmington on private terms. Quoted at $2 75 a $3 37½ for Washington and $3 50 for Wilmington.

OILS.—There is very little doing in any description of oils, and prices are more or less nominal. Linseed from crushers' hands sold moderately at 85c. a 86c. We quote:—Crude whale, 72c.; crude sperm, $1 30; crude cotton seed, 50c. a 52c.; Menhaden, 41c. for selected light.

PETROLEUM.—On 'Change to-day the market for refined continued very quiet and was a shade easier. We hear of sales for the remainder of the month of 1,500 bbls. at 22⅝c., quoted at 22⅝c. a 22¾c. for balance of month and first half of July, and 22¾c. for last half of July. Crude, in bulk, was quiet and steady at 12½c. Sales of 500 bbls. at that price. Case oil was dull and nominal at 27½ a 28c. Naphtha remained entirely nominal at about 14c. At the Creek the market was steady but very quiet; quoted at $3 25 a $3 50 on both roads. The Philadelphia market was dull and more or less nominal. Refined quoted at 22⅝c. for balance of month or first half of July and 22⅝c. for last half of do. Later sales 6,000 bbls. in lots of 2,000, for spot and up to July 23, at 22⅛c. a 22⅝c. a 22⅝c. Also 4,000 bbls. high test at 22⅝c. a 22⅞c.

PROVISIONS.—Receipts—Cut meats, 736 packages; lard, 1,342 bbls. and tierces and 39 kegs. The market for mess pork was irregular, but, under a moderate demand, closed steady. The sales aggregate about 2,300 bbls. at $13 20 a $13 30 for July 1, and $13 20 a $13 30 for the month of July. Small lots of mess were jobbed at $13 30. Bacon remained quiet and about steady; quoted at 7¾c. for city long clear and 8c. for do. short cut. We hear of sales of 300 boxes, a special brand, at 7⅞c. for long clear, and 8⅜c. for short do. Dressed hogs were rather in buyers' favor and quiet; quoted at 5⅛c. a 6c. for the range. Beef continued in moderate jobbing demand, but prices were scarcely so firm. Sales, in lots, 75 hhds. and tierces, within the range of our revised quotations. We quote:—Mess, $8 a $10; extra do., $10 a $12; prime mess tierces, $12 a $14, and India mess tierces, $17 a $20. Beef hams were unchanged and quiet, quoted at from $24 a $28. Cut meats—Smoked meats still meet with a fair demand and prices are firmer. Pickled hams are also in moderate request and very firm. The current quotations are:—Smoked hams, 14c. a 14c.; do. shoulders, 8⅛c. a 7c.; pickled hams, 10c. a 12c. for Western, and 12c. a 13c. for city; do. shoulders, 5⅛c. a 5⅜c. Lard—The market for Western was about steady, with a fair trade, entirely for July. Sales 3,600 tierces at 9⅝c. City lard was dull. We hear of sales of 100 tierces at 8⅝c. for ordinary rendered.

RICE.—The market was moderately active and steady. Sales 60 tierces Carolina at 8⅛c. a 8⅜c.; 140 bags Patna at 7⅛c. a 7⅜c.; and 800 bags Rangoon at 6⅛c. a 7⅛c.

SEEDS.—Linseed has been quiet and somewhat weak. Sales are reported since our last of 3,000 bags per "Jaypore" at $2 25 gold per 56 lbs., and 2,000 bags in Boston at $2 20 cash per 56 lbs. Clover and timothy have been quiet, with sales only in small lots at previous figures.

SUGAR.—The market for raw continued quiet and barely steady. Prices were a little weak, but not quotably changed. We have only to note sales of 365 hhds. of refining Cuba at 8⅜c., and 20 hhds. Demerara at 11⅛c. Refined was quiet, and quoted at 11⅛c. a 11⅞c. for A, and 12⅛c. a 13⅛c. for hards. We quote:—Cuba—Refining, inferior to common, 7⅞c. a 8⅛c.; fair to good fair, 8⅛c. a 8⅜c.; good to prime, 9c. a 9⅛c.; grocery, fair to good, 9⅛c. a 9⅜c.; prime to choice, 9⅜c. a 10c.; centrifugal, hhds. and boxes, 9⅜c. a 10⅛c.; molasses, hhds. and boxes, 7⅛c. a 8⅛c.; melado, 4⅛c. a 6⅛c. Havana—Boxes, Dutch standard, Nos. 7 to 9, 8⅛c. a 8⅞c.; do., 10 to 12, 9⅛c. a 9⅜c.; do., 13 to 15, 9⅞c. a 10⅛c.; do., 16 to 18, 11c. a 11⅛c.; do., 19 to 20, 12⅛c. a 12⅜c.; do., white, 11⅛c. a 12⅛c. Porto Rico—Refining, common to prime, 8c. a 9⅛c.; fair to choice grocery, 9⅞c. a 10⅛c. Brazil—Dutch standard, Nos. 8 to 12, 7⅞c. a 9⅛c. Java—Dutch standard, Nos 10 to 12, 9⅛c. a 9⅞c. Manila—Superior and extra superior, 7⅞c. a 8⅛c.

TOBACCO.—There has been a moderate business for the past three days in most all descriptions at about former prices. Sales 100 cases old crop sundries at 16c. a 20c.; 111 cases do. Connecticut, on private terms; 200 cases new crop Connecticut, 25c. a 32⅛c.; 120 cases do. State, 10⅛c. a 11⅛c.; 353 cases do. Pennsylvania, 12⅛c. a 16c.; 100 cases do. Ohio, 10⅛c. a 11c.; 100 cases do. Wisconsin, 8⅛c. a 9⅛c.; 350 hhds. Kentucky, 9c. a 15c., and 300 bales of Havana at 95c. a $1 15.

TALLOW remained quiet. Sales were reported of 100 hhds. of prime at 9 5-16c.

WOOL.—There is very little doing in the wool market, and for most descriptions prices are nominal. Manufacturers are purchasing only as their requirements demand and in small lots. Prices are scarcely so strong, being rather in buyers' favor; still no general change has occurred. The sales have been:—15,000 lbs. scoured fleece, 85c.; 23,000 lbs. do. at 85c. a 93c.; 10,000 lbs. super pulled, 65c.; 1,000 lbs. do. at 75c.; 10,000 lbs. fall clip California, slightly burry, 25c.; 10,000 lbs. do., burry, 22⅛c.; 5,000 lbs. Texas, 48c.; 24,000 lbs. do. at 52⅛c. a 54c.; 6,000 lbs. Georgia, 63c.; 10,000 lbs. lambs', 67c.; 36,000 lbs. Cape, 42c.; 3,000 lbs. do., 40c.; 5,000 lbs. do., 41c.; 6,000 lbs. English noils, 70c.; 3,000 lbs. on private terms; 3,000 lbs. East India wool, 76c.; 70,000 lbs. Australian on private terms; 10,000 lbs. foreign washed on private terms; 20,000 lbs. mestiza, 85c.

WHISKEY.—Receipts, 615 bbls. Market quiet. Sales 50 bbls. at 91c., most sellers asking 91⅛c.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

GALVESTON, June 28, 1872.

Cotton nominal; good ordinary, 20½c. Stock, 2,110 bales. Weekly net receipts, 139. Exports coastwise, 720.

NEW ORLEANS, June 28, 1872.

Cotton—Demand moderate; middlings, 24½c. Net receipts, 278 bales; gross, 278. Sales, 800. Stock 25,727. Weekly net receipts, 818 bales; gross, 820. Exports—to Cronstadt, 450 bales; coastwise, 2,153. Sales, 2,400.

MOBILE, June 28, 1872.

Cotton nominal; middlings, 24½c. Net receipts, 40 bales. Exports coastwise, 413 bales. Sales, 50 bales. Stock, 2,346 bales. Weekly net receipts, 246 bales. Exports—to Great Britain, 539 bales; coastwise, 413 bales. Sales, 700 bales.

SAVANNAH, June 28, 1872.

Cotton quiet; middlings, 21c. Net receipts, 82 bales. Exports coastwise, 103. Sales, 155. Stock, 2,040. Weekly net receipts, 511. Exports coastwise, 1,633. Sales, 405.

CHARLESTON, June 28, 1872.

Cotton dull; middlings nominally 25c. Net receipts, none; gross, 757 bales. Sales, 50. Stock, 7,454. Weekly net receipts, 252; gross, 1,781. Exports coastwise, 1,839. Sales, 50.

LOUISVILLE, June 28, 1872.

Tobacco unchanged; sales, 184 hhds.

OSWEGO, N. Y., June 28, 1872.

Flour dull and unchanged; sales 1,300 bbls. at $8 for No. 1 spring, $9 25 for amber winter, $9 75 for white winter and $10 for double extra. Wheat lower; sales 2,000 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee club at $1 53 and 3,500 do. on private terms. Corn lower; sales 3,000 bushels Illinois at 58c., 800 do. do. at 59½c. and 1,600 do. yellow at 60c. Corn meal—$1 50 for bolted, $1 40 for unbolted, per cwt. Mill feed steady; shorts $16, shipstuffs $18, middlings $20, per ton. Highwines, 88c. a 89c. Canal freights—Wheat 7½c., corn and rye 6½c., to New York; lumber $3 50 to the Hudson, $4 50 to New York. Railroad freights—Flour to Boston, 60c.; to New York, 50c.; to Albany, 42c. Receipts by lake, 31,000 bushels wheat, 9,100 do. corn, 2,912,000 feet lumber. Shipments by canal, 7,500 bushels wheat, 7,100 do. peas, 1,181,000 feet lumber.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 28, 1872.

Lake imports:—Flour, 7,000 bbls.; wheat, 52,000 bushels; corn, 773,000 do.; oats, 150,300 do. Canal shipments—Wheat, 24,631 bushels; corn, 308,007 do.; oats, 42,345 do.; barley, 12,989 do.; rye, 3,200 do. Rail shipments from elevators—Wheat, 11,300 bushels; corn, 53,810 do.; oats, 27,728 do. Canal freights—Wheat, 12c.; corn, 10½c.; oats, 7c. Flour quiet; sales of Western spring at $7 25 a $7 75; bakers', $8 25 a $8 75; amber, $8 75 a $9 25; white, $9 25 a $10. Wheat lower; sales of 15,000 bushels No. 2 Milwaukee spring at $1 40; small lots, $1 42; white Canada, $1 85 a $1 88; quoted, Milwaukee spring No. 2 at $1 40, Chicago spring No. 2 at $1 38 a $1 40, White Canada at $1 79 a $1 80 and red winter at $1 65 a $1 75. Corn dull, but a better inquiry; sales of 15,000 bushels No. 2 at 52½c.; quoted, No. 2 at 52c. a 53c. Oats lower; sales of 30,000 bushels No. 2 Western at 37½c. Barley malt dull; quoted, Western, 65c. a 70c.; Canada, 80c. a 85c.

CHICAGO, June 28, 1872.

Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat opened weak and irregular; closed firmer; No. 2 spring, $1 22 cash, $1 23¼ July, $1 22 August. Corn in fair demand and lower; No. 2 mixed, 41⅛c. a 42c. cash, 42⅛c. a 42⅜c. July, 44⅛c. August. Oats in fair demand and weaker; No. 2 at 28⅛c. cash, 28⅛c. a 29c. July. Rye quiet and firm; No. 2 at 57⅛c. Barley quiet at 50c. a 56c. Pork quiet and firm at $11 50 a $12 55 cash; $12 55 a $12 57½ July. Lard easier at $8 85. Hams in pickle firm at 9½c. a 12c. Bulk meats firmer; shoulders, 4½c. a 4¾c.; short rib middles, 6⅛c. a 6¾c. Whiskey quiet and steady; sales at 86c. Live hogs dull and weak at $3 75 a $4 05. Freights in good demand; wheat to Buffalo, 5⅞c.; corn to Buffalo, 5c. Receipts—6,000 bbls. flour, 28,000 bushels wheat, 285,000 do. corn, 50,000 do. oats, 13,000 hogs. Shipments—5,000 bbls. flour, 34,000 bushels wheat, 296,000 do. corn, 135,000 do. oats, 28,000 do. rye, 12,000 hogs.

COTTON RECEIPTS.

NEW YORK, June 28, 1872.

The total net receipts of cotton since September 1, 1871, were as follows:—

Galveston	173,490	Baltimore	46,756
New Orleans	935,510	Philadelphia	29,711
Mobile	288,314	Boston	44,073
Savannah	453,117	New York	124,168
Charleston	269,346	Providence	9,156
Norfolk	[illegible]	City Point	24,520
Grand total			2,682,314

EUROPEAN MARKETS.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—LONDON, June 28—5 P. M.—Consols closed at 92⅞ for money and 92⅞ for the account. United States 5-20 bonds, 1862's, 91; 1865's, old, 92; 1867's, 91⅞; 10-40's, 89⅞.

FRANKFORT BOURSE.—FRANKFORT, June 28—P. M.—United States 5-20 bonds closed at 96 for the issue of 1862.

PARIS BOURSE.—PARIS, June 28—P. M.—Rentes closed at 53f. 72c.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, June 28—5 P. M.—The cotton market closed quiet and steady. Middling uplands, 11⅛d.; middling Orleans, 11⅛d. a 11⅜d. The sales of the day have been 10,000 bales, including 2,000 for export and speculation. The sales of the week have been 62,000 bales, including 5,000 for export, and 12,000 do. on speculation. The stock in port is 1,001,000 bales, including 339,000 American. The receipts of the week have been 69,000 bales, including 22,000 American. Actual export, 5,000 bales. The stock at sea bound to this port is 282,000 bales, including 57,000 American.

STATEMENT OF THE STOCK OF COTTON ON HAND AT LIVERPOOL—THE SOURCES OF SUPPLY.

LIVERPOOL, June 28, 1872.

Total stock of cotton on hand at this port, of all kinds, by actual count yesterday, 1,011,000 bales, against an estimated stock of 980,000 bales, being an increase of 31,000 bales. Of this amount 339,000 bales are American, against an estimated stock of 334,000 bales, an increase of 5,000 bales:—Brazilian, 191,000, against an estimated stock of 194,000, a decrease of 3,000; East Indian, 368,000, against an estimated stock of 345,000, an increase of 23,000; Smyrna, 10,000, estimated 10,000; Egyptian, 79,000, against an estimated stock of 75,000, an increase of 4,000 bales; West Indian, 24,000, against an estimated stock of 22,000, an increase of 2,000 bales.

TRADE IN MANCHESTER.—LIVERPOOL, June 28.—The market for yarns and fabrics at Manchester is quiet and unchanged.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, June 29—2 P. M.—The market is easier. Wheat, 11s. 5d. a 12s. per cental for red Western spring and 12s. 4d. for red winter. The receipts of wheat at this port for the past three days have been 20,000 quarters, including 7,500 American. Corn, 26s. 9d. per quarter. The weather throughout England to day is fair and favorable to the growing crops.

LONDON PRODUCE MARKET.—LONDON, June 28.—Spirits petroleum, 13d. a 14d. per gallon; refined petroleum, 16d. per gallon. Calcutta linseed, 63s. a 65s. 3d. Sperm oil, £90 per ton. Spirits turpentine, 44s. a 45s. per cwt.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, June 28—Evening.—Spirits turpentine, 41s. 6d. per cwt.

HAVANA MARKET.

HAVANA, June 27, 1872.

The sugar market is quiet in consequence of the interruption of the cable and the non-receipt of advices from the United States and European markets. No. 12 Dutch standard is steady at 11 reals per arrobe.

Exchange firm; on United States, sixty days' sight, in currency, ¾ a 1 per cent discount; short sight, ¾ a 1 per cent premium.

FINANCIAL.

A.—NASHVILLE AND CHATTANOOGA RAILROAD Company.—Interest coupons maturing July 1, 1872, will be paid on presentation on and after July 1, 1872, by V. K. STEVENSON & SON, 11 Pine street, New York.

CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK.
NEW YORK, June 28, 1872.
A dividend of three and one-half per cent (3½ per cent) has this day been declared (free of tax), payable July 5. The transfer books will be closed from the 29th inst. to July 5. C. F. TIMPSON, Cashier.

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA.—THE INTEREST payable July 1 on all classes of stocks and bonds collected promptly. JOHN B. MANNING, No. 5 New st.

CHARTERED BY THE UNITED STATES.
The Freedman's Savings and Trust Company.
Assets over $4,000,000.
A National Savings Bank.
185 Bleecker street, New York.
Interest six per cent.
Deposits payable on demand, with interest due.
Accounts strictly private and confidential.
Interest paid by check, if desired, to depositors residing out of the city.
A specialty made of issuing Compound Interest Certificates payable on demand.
Bank Hours—Daily from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., and on Monday and Saturday nights from 5 to 8 P. M.
Send for circular.
SAMUEL L. HARRIS, Manager.
JOHN J. ZUILLE, Cashier.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK.
1872. July Interest.
The twenty-fourth Interest Dividend, at the rate of six per cent per annum on all sums of $5 and over, which have been on deposit one or more months next previous to July 1, will be paid or credited on and after July 22, at the Bank, 58 Bowery, southwest corner of Canal street.
On deposits made on or before July 10 interest will commence July 1. E. A. QUINTARD, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

ELEVENTH WARD BANK.
NEW YORK, June 26, 1872.
Dividend.—The Board of Directors have declared a semi-annual Dividend of three and one-half per cent, free of tax, payable on and after July 10.
CHARLES E. BROWN, Cashier.

FIFTY-FIFTH DIVIDEND.—BULL'S HEAD BANK, New York, June 26, 1872.—A quarterly dividend of four (4) per cent, free of all taxes, was this day declared out of the net earnings of the last three months, payable on and after the 1st day of July next.
G. W. WILLETT, Cashier.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ACCOUNT, TWO FIRST Mortgages on improved property in Morrisania, $3,000 and $3,500, at liberal discount. These are paying business and ready to make a half address STOCK EXCHANGE, Herald office.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN—ON BOND AND MORTGAGE, IN sums to suit, New York, Brooklyn and Westchester county; Second and Leasehold Mortgages cashed.
HINMAN & SON, 25 Pine street.

NOTICE.—NEW YORK, JUNE 24, 1872.—COUPONS maturing July 1, 1872, on the Bonds of the Norfolk and Petersburg and the South Side Railroad, payable in New York, will be paid at the banking house of Messrs. Duncan, Sherman & Co., less the tax of the State of Virginia, imposed on the market value of the bonds, as of the 1st May, 1872. JAMES E. CUTHBERT, Treasurer.

NO BONUS.—$20,000 TO LOAN ON FIRST CLASS IMproved City Property. None but principals need address E. E., Herald office.

OFFICE OF THE WEST WISCONSIN RAILWAY Company, 74 Broadway, New York, June 25, 1872.—The coupons of the first mortgage land grant bonds of the West Wisconsin Railway Company, due July 1 next, will be paid in gold, free of government tax, on and after that date, at this office. F. E. TROWBRIDGE, Treasurer.

THE NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE AND TEXAS RAILroad Company will pay, at the office, No. 2 Exchange court, the Coupons maturing July 1 upon First Mortgage Bonds of the New Orleans, Mobile and Chattanooga Railroad Company; First Mortgage Bonds of the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad Company, and Second Mortgage Bonds of the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad Company, guaranteed by the State of Louisiana.
JNO. J. HOWELL, Secretary.

WHITNEY GAS CARBONIZING COMPANY'S STOCK for sale; $25 shares at $10 per share. Apply to C. G. HANKS, 54 Wall street.

$10,000 WANTED—ON BOND AND MORTgage, on full Lot, below Seventy-ninth street, between Fifth and Madison avenues, worth at least $22,500. Address box 3,649 Post office.

$25,000 WANTED TO LOAN—ON A BREWERY, first mortgage, in Hudson county, New Jersey. Address A. Z., box 123 Herald office.

THE RED MEN.

Adjournment of the General Council—Address to the President—Protest Against Giving Indian Lands to Railroad Corporations—A 24,000,000 Acre Robbery Organized—The Kiowas Still Troublesome.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 28, 1872.

A report from Okmulgee, Indian Territory, says the General Council of Indians adjourned on the 18th inst., after adopting the following memorial to the President:—

To His Excellency U. S. GRANT, President of the United States:—

Your memorialists, Cherokees, Choctaws, Muscogees, Shawnees, Sacs and Foxes, Senecas and other tribes, owning lands in the Indian Territory, and represented in general council assembled at Okmulgee, in June, 1872, would most respectfully show that the country known as the Indian Territory was set apart for permanent homes for the red people, where they might live in peace with each other and with all men, by an act of Congress approved May 28, 1830; that their right and title to this country were perfected by treaties with the United States by acts of Congress, and patents in fee simple from the United States. (Twelve treaties were cited in the memorial.) That the Cherokees, Choctaws, Muscogees, Chickasaws and Seminoles but a few years since lived east of the Mississippi River, from whence they were expelled by a superior force, and in disregard of their earnest protests. That under the plea of necessity they were transferred to the country they now own, then a wilderness, under solemn guarantees that here at least they might rest their weary feet, rekindle their council fires, build anew their houses, open farms, school their children, worship God, and organize governments of their own; and that these privileges should be secured to them and their children for all time to come, contingent only on their extinction or voluntary abandonment of their domain. Relying upon such solemn guarantees our people settled down in conscious security, and up to 1860 made rapid strides in civilized arts and industry. Half a century had transformed them from half-naked nomads to well-clothed, well-fed, intelligent men and women, with many of the comforts and some approach to the luxury and wealth of commercial nations; they were the undisputed owners of a vast domain, progressive and highly hopeful of the future; but the civil war broke out and involved them against their will in its fearful vortex. During the conflict they were despoiled of everything save the soil beneath their feet. With sons and brothers slain, homes desolated, their herds of cattle driven off and their property destroyed, no wonder they sank down in utter despair. But the treaties negotiated between the United States government and the Cherokees, Creeks, Choctaws, Chickasaws and Seminoles, guaranteeing these nations the right of domain and self-government, rekindled our spirits and hopes, and we are again on the road to prosperity. Good homes, cheerful schools and commodious churches are springing up in many places, farms are being opened up or extended, and grains and fruits cultivated; our herds and flocks are on the increase, and will soon again dot our prairies. Still the truth must be told. Our progress is retarded by the evil omen and dark forebodings of the future. The charters of certain railroads projected through the Indian Territory contain provisions for extensive land grants, contingent upon an extinction of the Indian title. These grants contemplate a spoliation of the Indians to the extent of some twenty-four millions of acres of their best lands. They furnish an incentive to wealthy men to combine into corporations to press upon Congress the perfecting of their titles to these lands to this end. The Oklahama and other bills of a similar purport have been pressed upon Congress under the plea that the Indian stands in the way of advancing civilization. We pray you, Mr. President, to interpose your authority and your humane will in our behalf. The amelioration, the salvation of the Indian race depends upon the security and progress of the Five Nations. Our destiny with theirs is one. We are doomed to stand or fall together. The spot we occupy is sacred to us as our home. We have receded before the approach of the white man until this is the last desirable spot we can occupy. We have spent long years of labor in improving it. It is consecrated to us by years of cruel suffering. We have raised the Indian to his present condition by the example of our industry, and what good we have achieved in reclaiming the wild tribes may be taken as an earnest of the greater good we shall still seek to accomplish. In time we may attain to such skill in commerce and the mechanic arts that we may feel able to cope with our white brother. But to this condition we have not yet arrived. We do not ask for, but on the contrary, we strongly protest against the measure looking to the extinguishment of our nationalities. The lessons of the past should not be forgotten. A mixed occupancy of our land could but result in the ascendancy and aggrandisement of the stronger race and the degradation and ultimate extinction of the weaker. Past experience declares the truth of this. The million of red men who first peopled this Continent are now reduced to a pitiful remnant by contact with a more advanced race. We come to you, Mr. President, as survivors of a once populous people. We plead with you that you will interpose your official position in our behalf. We entreat you to withhold your sanction from all railroad. Territorial or other measures affecting our status as recognized by existing treaties, and that you will approve all measures calculated to inspire a sense of security in the breasts of our people. Of this they stand most in need. With such just and friendly aid their influence for good will reach every red man of the plains. The bugle call will no longer be sounded to assemble your armies for the chastisement of the Indian for his misdeeds; we shall have taught him to live in peace with his race. Humanity, national economy and wise statesmanship pronounce in favor of justice to the Indian race.

J. P. FOLSOM,
Delegate from the Choctaw Nation, Chairman.

The report says matters around Fort Sill are not promising. While the Comanche and Arapahoes give promise of peace, the Kiowas are lawless and comparatively irrestrainable. Their lawlessness cannot be endured much longer. Either they must seek a good road, or the military must be called in to teach them a severe lesson. The subject was debated with earnestness in council. Lone Wolf and Kicking Bird are said to be in favor of peace, but they are unable to restrain their warriors from following the warpath. The plan proposed is for several influential Indians of civilized tribes—War Loopi, Black Beaver, George Washington, Tashowa and one or two more—to seek out the Kiowas and invite them to a peace council with a delegation from the Indian Territory, who will lay before them the evil consequences that will result from their pursuing a life of violence, and also set before them in attractive colors the advantages that will flow from their entering upon the path of peace. The commission will consist of a number of most influential citizens of the Territory and the most sagacious councilors, and the meeting is appointed for July 22.

The Arizona Indians in Conference with Secretary Delano—What They Require from Their Great Father.

WASHINGTON, June 28, 1872.

The Arizona Indians, now in this city, were at the Interior Department to-day in council with Secretary Delano. They were accompanied by General Howard, who explained many of their views to the Secretary. Lists of what they require had been prepared, and they embrace such items as agricultural implements, pistols, powder, horses, &c. The Secretary told them that the Commissioner would see what could be done for them. The speeches of the Indians were, as usual, confined to a statement of their needs, their pleasure at visiting this section of the country and their earnest desire for schoolhouses and facilities for educating their children.

The Secretary, in response to the various speeches, said that their Great Father required their assistance in getting in all the roving Apaches upon the reservations, and they promised to do all in their power to aid the government in accomplishing this. Upon the subject of their removal to the Indian Territory being broached they manifested earnest signs of disapproval, and Miguel, Chief of the Sierra Blanco Apaches, said God gave them the country they now occupy; they were born there, and hoped there to end their days. During the interview it was stated that the Tonto Apaches and Cochises band, roaming in the lower part of Arizona, are the only Indians of that tribe not upon the reservations. The Secretary told the Chiefs that he would take them to see the President on Wednesday next.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE JUBILEE.

A Day of Disappointment to the New England Politicians.

GREELEY NOT PRESENT

The Low Comedy Part Declined by the Hero of the Chopper.

BOSTONIAN BUNCOMBE.

City Fathers and Musical Mongrels Off to Chappaqua to "Learn the Reason Why."

THE DAMPED AUDIENCE.

Rain and Daylight Descending Together Through the Coliseum Roof.

BOSTON, June 28, 1872.

The attendance at the Coliseum this afternoon showed a considerable decrease on that of yesterday. There were, however, a large number of persons present, and if the same rate of attendance can be maintained financial ruin will be averted. A good many of those present to-day were from the outlying districts, and it is predicted that to-morrow the number will be still greater, as the workmen will be able to leave their employment with less inconvenience than on any other day in the week. A report was put in circulation that the Chappaqua Philosopher would appear in the identical white hat which, perhaps, he is to wear in the White House, and there was quite a rush of political soreheads to meet, or rather to see and gaze on the wonderful woodchopper, whose fame has spread through the length and breadth of the land as the foolish woodman who wants to cut down the tree he helped to plant many years ago. As the committee had designedly put in the advertisement that Greeley was expected to be present, the majority who cared anything about his presence looked for the announcement of his arrival somewhat nervously. From time to time these people, who were scattered rather sparsely through the audience, caused a slight commotion by getting up to see if there were any signs of Horace; but they were not destined to behold the benign face under the white hat on this day.

HORACE POLITELY DECLINES THE HONOR.

The fact was the committee here, who don't care a fig for any one or anything but making dollars, wanted Horace as a kind of stalking horse for their huge show. But the old woodchopper was either too busy whittling or too cute, and declined to appear as the low comedian in the Jubilee farce. But these irrepressible Hubbites have by no means given up hopes of drawing Greeley from his tree, where they seem to think he is only playing possum, waiting to be coaxed. In this idea a committee, made up of representatives of the city and of the Jubilee committee, left here to-night to try if they cannot soft-sawder the Philosopher into coming down to exhibit himself for their special benefit. The city fathers here, who are a sort of burlesque on the Knickerbocker government of New Amsterdam, take a lively interest in the success of the show, for the single reason that the credit of the city is pledged for the sums expended on the Coliseum. This is the secret of their pilgrimage to the shrine of Greeley, and I verily believe they would make another to

THE SHRINE OF BEELZEBUB

if they could see their way to making $10,000 by it. Gilmore's benefit will take place to-morrow, and will give us an opportunity of judging how much gratitude the Bostonians entertain for the man who has brought some millions into their pockets, as well as gratified their vanity to an incalculable extent. All the attractions of the Jubilee will be offered as an inducement. The Irish societies, also, will work hard for their countryman, of whom they are enormously proud.

THE JUBILEE CHANGING SHAPE.

The Jubilee, as it was originally conceived, may be said to be at an end. The 20,000 voices are rapidly fading off the programme, while the big organ fulfils the duty of a huge alarm bell to notify the coming of some of the leading artists. All the interest is centred on the bands, which play selections every day. The English Grenadiers took the wind out of the sails of the coming Irish band by playing to-day an extensive selection of Irish airs. The plaintive sweetness of some of the airs and the martial dash and rollicking fun of the others, took the fancy of the audience, and the Grenadiers were rewarded by the hearty applause of the audience.

A "NATURAL" ACCOMPANIMENT.

Madame Leutner experienced a *contretemps* from an unexpected quarter to-day. She had scarcely begun to sing when the sky became overcast and a rain storm burst over the building. The pattering of the rain was so loud and continuous that it required considerable effort on the lady's part to make herself heard. It was provoking both to the audience and the singer, who from time to time cast rapid and not over amiable glances in the direction of Jupiter Pluvius. If the old fellow had been within reach I am strongly of opinion that he would have heard from the sweet warbler in anything but dulcet strains. It never struck me before that Madame Leutner could produce harsh notes, but I now think she might if she tried. On account of the weather her usual song, in answer to the encore, was omitted. In a few moments after the storm burst

THE RAIN FELL PLENTIFULLY WITHIN

the building from the chinks in the roof and through the open windows. Thereupon ensued a scene which would afford an excellent subject for a comic artist. Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades of all sizes, shapes and hues were brought into requisition, groups of gayly dressed ladies collecting under the shadows of one scanty umbrella in the effort to escape a wetting. The principal sufferers were the chorus singers, who, being packed rather closely, could not well escape. After a short time the storm blew over, and the building resumed its wonted aspect.

THE PRUSSIAN BAND

played the overture to Weber's "Jubel," and, by way of acknowledging the applause of the people, they gave the "Star-Spangled Banner."

"FISK'S OWN."

The Ninth regiment band was the feature of the day, but though it was well received and encored its performance contrasted very unfavorably with the foreign bands. There was not the same appreciative delicacy in their execution, the brass being especially comparatively crude, and sometimes of a barbaric loudness. It is to be hoped that these make-believe Britishers won't be asked to put on their red coats any more. Let us have the real Britons, as there are shams enough already about this Hubite show.

THE EVENING CONCERT

was again slightly attended; probably three or four thousand, was the largest number present at any one time. The French band appeared as the chief attraction, and was of course warmly received. It is doubtful if evening concerts are to be continued after the present week. The Sunday entertainment which was promised for next Sabbath has been abandoned on account of declining interest and in deference to the wishes of the singers for a day's rest.

THE SINGERS' REVOLT.

The singers, by the way, came near ending the whole affair yesterday, on account of the ungenerous manner in which they were treated on the night of the grand ball. It seems they expressed a wish to be present as spectators, and their request was refused by the Executive Committee, whereupon the spunky choristers held a meeting and voted almost unanimously to withdraw and leave the Jubilee to its fate. Their action was reported to the manager, and for a few hours matters appeared anything but promising for the future days of the jamboree. Finally a compromise was made, by which the chorus are to have a ball on their own hook, and it is distinctly understood that it shall have all the attractions of the elegant affair of Wednesday night.

BANQUET TO THE BRITISH GRENADIERS.

This evening the members of the British Grenadier Guards band were banqueted at the Revere House by the "Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company." The affair was a very elegant one, and was participated in by about two hundred. Captain Wyman presided, and buncombe jubilee speeches were made by him, Governor Washburn, Mayor Gaston, General Banks and others. Dan Godfrey, the leader, responded for the band in a very happy manner.

Great preparations are being made by the Irish citizens for the reception of the Irish National Band next week. The precise day of its arrival is not yet known.

ANOTHER ATTEMPTED WIFE MURDER IN BROOKLYN.

James McNally, residing at No. 74 Butler street, Brooklyn, was arrested at a late hour last night for committing a felonious assault on his wife. They had some words, when he seized an axe and attempted to split her head open. He inflicted several severe wounds, from which she bled profusely. She was removed to the Long Island College Hospital.

YALE COLLEGE.

The Oratorical Contest for the De Forest Medal—Summer Regatta on Lake Saltonstall—The Contesting Crews and the Winning Boats—A Fine Day and a Lively Race.

NEW HAVEN, June 28, 1872.

The speaking for the De Forest gold medal, valued at one hundred dollars, came off this afternoon at the College chapel. This contest and the excitement attending it is a peculiarity of Yale, completing as it does a long series of literary and oratorical contests which extend throughout the whole course. The honor of winning the De Forest medal, therefore, indicates the same superiority in the literary course of Yale that the valedictory does in scholarship, and fully equals it in the public esteem. Perhaps this placing of scholarship and oratory on an equality is one of the prime recommendations of the course at Yale.

THE SUBJECTS AND THE CONTESTANTS.

The subjects for this contest are announced early in the winter term to the senior class. The six best orations being selected, receive what are called the Townsend premiums, and are delivered for the De Forest medal in the summer. The winners of these premiums for this year are:—

Robert E. Coe, Bloomfield, N. J.
Alexander B. Merriam, Goshen, N. Y.
Henry M. Sanders, New York city.
C. J. H. Ropes, London, England.
John H. Hincks, Bridgeport, Conn.
Frank D. Root, Coventry, Conn.

The subject chosen by the first three gentlemen was "Sir Walter Raleigh;" by the next two, "Gibbon's secondary cause for the rapid growth of the Christian Church;" and, by the last, "Progress of English poetry in the treatment of external nature."

The whole Academical faculty compose the Committee of Award, and immediately at the close of the speaking, retired to Trumbull Gallery for consultation. The winner of the medal was not announced. But while the decision was pending, the crowds of students with their fair friends hurried in carriages and by rail to witness the

SUMMER REGATTA AT LAKE SALTONSTALL.

By special arrangement a train of ten cars left New Haven immediately at the close of the speaking. Arrived at the lake the crowd scattered to the most available points along its romantic shores. The Crow's Nest, two hundred feet above the lake, which commands a view of Long Island Sound for a dozen miles each way and a bird's eye view of the lake below, with the whole course from start to close, was, perhaps, the most desirable position for strangers, but the better view of the crews, attainable along the wooded shore, near the judges' boat and from the so-called regatta point, a quarter of a mile from the start, drew the majority of the crowd to these points. The morning had been wet, and the afternoon quite windy. Towards evening, however, the wind was blowing directly up the lake.

The double scull race was declared off by the withdrawal of one of the two crews.

SINGLE SCULL RACE.

At six o'clock the single sculls came to the line in the following order:—Smith inside, Dunning, Weeks and Potter outside. The start was good, Smith catching the water first and leading up to the point where the boats made the turn. At the turn Smith and Potter were side by side, but on the way down the lake Potter gradually drew ahead and won the race, closely followed by Smith.

Single scull race, two miles, for two prizes; first, $25; second, $10.

TIME.	M.	S.
H. S. Potter, Senior Class	17	57¼
J. W. Smith, Junior Class	18	13
J. A. R. Dunning, Sophomore Class	18	25½

THE IMPORTANT RACE OF THE DAY

was now to come for six-oared shells. The chief interest centred in the so-called University crew and the Scientific. It will be recollected that a real University crew, composed of three from each of these crews, was in training all the winter for the intercollegiate race this summer. But by the action of the smaller colleges at the Convention of the Association of American Colleges Yale was compelled to send in a department crew, so that Yale will really be represented at Springfield this summer by only one-half of its boating talent.

THE CONTESTING CREWS.

University.	*Junior.*
P. Adee (bow),	S. L. Boyce (bow),
G. M. Gunn,	H. D. Allen,
R. I. Cook,	S. Merritt,
W. W. Flagg,	C. A. Russell,
W. McCook,	H. Myer,
J. Day.	H. A. Oaks.
Scientific.	*Sophomore.*
C. T. Smith (bow),	J. A. Post (bow),
C. D. Hill,	T. R. Seimes,
A. Rogers,	H. J. McBirney,
F. Cogswell,	W. R. Richards,
H. H. Buck,	C. F. Cutter,
R. W. Davenport.	F. T. McClintock.

THE RACE.

The University crew made a splendid start, pulling a stroke of forty-eight to the minute, [illegible] a fine course. The Scientific stroke had more power, but they lost considerable in wild steering, so that as the boats went out of sight around the point the University had a lead of several lengths. As the boats returned in sight they were so close together that the lead was doubtful; but some fifty yards from the score the Juniors, who were leading slightly, and the University hit up their stroke to fifty and crossed the line with the University boat overlapping the Juniors by half a length. The first prize, of $70, was awarded, however, to the plucky Juniors on a fifteen seconds handicap.

THE TIME

was as follows—three-mile six-oared race, for two prizes of $70:—

	M.	S.
University crew	19	41
Junior crew	19	48½
Scientific crew	21	00
Freshman crew	20	28

The judges were D. Davenport, Yale, and C. A. Brinsley, Scientific School; starter, W. C. Beecher; timekeepers, F. Wicks and H. Adee. This was the most hotly contested race ever pulled on this lake, and gives considerable confidence to the college and friends of the crews.

LONG BRANCH RACES.

Preparing for the Great Event at the "Branch"—The Pools Last Night—Longfellow and Harry Bassett the Favorites.

LONG BRANCH, June 28, 1872.

The indications are that the Long Branch racing meeting will exceed in numbers and character of contests any reunion in this section of the country. Already there are here representative turfmen from all portions of the Union, the South and West being particularly well noted in the number of its racing gentlemen. Nothing else is heard of but speculations regarding the coming events. The races on the cards to-morrow, of course, come in for a moderate amount of speculative interest; but the great event on Tuesday next—Longfellow and Bassett—monopolizes and absorbs all minor considerations. The Western gentlemen say that "Longfellow must win," and that no horse on top of the turf can beat him, while, on the other hand, Bassett's friends are equally sanguine.

The races to-morrow will be three—the grand final steeple chase, the Trial purse, dash of one mile, and the Jersey Derby, one mile and a half. The pool room at the West End Hotel was crowded early in the evening, and Messrs. McGowan & Underwood had all they could do to attend to the many bids. The first pools sold, which give an excellent idea of the feelings in each race, were as follows:—Steeple chase—Donahue's stable, $60; Milesian, $20; Astronomer, $15; Coffin & Lawrence's stable, $17; Vesuvius, $16; Impecunious, $20.

Dash of one mile—Abdel Koree, $150; Saucebox, $40; Fadladeen, $25; Business, $20; Metella, $15; John Merryman, $14; Logan Bruce, $13; Belle Aiken, $11.

Jersey Derby—McDaniel's entry, $600; Belmont, $355; Harness, $100; Babcock, $100; Swigert, $120; Clay, $35; Harper, $30; McGrath, $15.

The weather is very pleasant and the track in fine order.

MYSTIC PARK RACES.

BOSTON, June 28, 1872.

At the Mystic Park races E. H. Cunningham's ch. g. Mark Twain won the race for horses that never beat 2:45, beating Myra Shaw, Athenian and Rosa Temple. Time, 2:40½—2:39¾—2:44¾.

In the match for $2,000 Dan Mace's br. g. George Palmer beat P. Mance's b. s. William H. Allen in 2:30¼, 2:25½, 2:24¼ and 2:23¼. Allen won the third heat. Palmer was the favorite at two to one all through the race.

SCANDAL IN HIGH LIFE.

A Fast Young Man Arrested on a Charge of Robbing a Widow Lady.

BALTIMORE, June 28, 1872.

James H. Irins, who is charged with robbing a lady at Barnum's Hotel of over five hundred dollars in money and diamonds and other jewelry to the value of several thousand dollars, in May last, arrived in this city from Chicago this afternoon in charge of an officer, under a requisition from the Governor of Maryland on the Governor of Illinois, and was placed in jail. It is stated that a portion of the jewelry has been recovered.

EXECUTIONS IN GEORGIA.

Holzenbake and Lloyd, the Murderers of Colonel Fish, Hung.

MACON, June 28, 1872.

Holzenbake and Lloyd, charged with the murder of Colonel George W. Fish, were hung at Oglethorpe to-day. Holzenbake confessed his guilt, but Lloyd's last words were to the effect that the blood of no man was on his hands.

WONDERFUL ESCAPE FROM DEATH.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 28, 1872.

One of the most wonderful escapes from death ever recorded in the history of railroads occurred near the ill-fated New Hamburg drawbridge, on the Hudson River Railroad, at twenty minutes past ten o'clock last night. Just before that hour James Carter, who works for Mr. Faulkner in the brick yards near New Hamburg, was walking up the track toward that station, and about a mile south of it. Upon his back he carried an empty trunk. Looking ahead he suddenly discovered a train coming south on the same track on which he was walking north. It was close upon him, and he had to hurry to get out of the way. In doing so, and not thinking of any other danger, he jumped aside to the east track, just as the second Pacific express came along bound north. The latter train was five or ten minutes behind time and was running like lightning. The locomotive was the same one which ran into the draw on the memorable 6th of February. The engineer saw the man, and whistled for brakes and shut off steam at the same time, but without success. The engine struck Carter with full force and hurled him and his trunk at least twenty feet into the air and just a trifle ahead of the locomotive, so that when he alighted he fell upon the pilot and the trunk fell upon the platform under the headlight, knocking off the brass signal light. The fireman of the engine crawled out of the window of the cab, and, hurrying along the railing to the front end of the locomotive, found the trunk as stated, and, looking over it and down upon the pilot discovered the man jolting along on the iron bars, head downwards, near the track, but not touching it, and with feet hanging over the heavy beam to which the pilot is attached. His coat had caught in the draw bar, and he was held as securely as if in a vise. To make things doubly sure the fireman seized him and held on with a death grip till the train stopped at New Hamburg station, when Dan Carrol, the night watchman at the station, and the fireman and engineer removed him. He was entirely unconscious, and when the express left the engineer and fireman supposed he was dying. The station folks, as soon as the train departed, hurried to Dr. Downing's residence, a long distance off, who did not arrive till two A. M. Upon examining the body not a bone was found broken nor were any cuts visible. Upon the mustache were spots of blood, but they must have come from the nose, as no abrasions of the skin were found anywhere. As the examination was proceeding Carter suddenly returned to consciousness, and with a half idiotic stare wanted to know how far he was from Hughsonville, his destination. He could not remember anything about being struck by the train, and complained of bruises and pains in his left leg, but no hurts were found there. He was conveyed to the place he wished to go to, Dr. Downing deeming him entirely out of danger. This morning his condition was much improved, but he is very sore. It was certainly a remarkable affair, and the details cannot be exaggerated. All the surroundings were of a fearful character. His clothes were torn in many places, and his hat and one shoe were found by the side of the signal light south of the drawbridge.

ARMY AND NAVY ORDERS.

WASHINGTON, June 28, 1872.

Upon the recommendation of the Commanding General of the Military Division of the Pacific, Fort Hall, in Idaho Territory, is hereby transferred from the Department of Columbia to the Department of California.

Commander R. L. Pythian has been ordered to the command of the Nantasket, Master Richard A. Beck to the Nantasket; Commander C. C. Carpenter from the command of the Nantasket and placed on waiting orders; Master Thomas A. De Blois, from the naval station at Mound City to the Nantasket; Ensign E. A. Field and Midshipman William P. Conway from the Nantasket and placed on waiting orders; Medical Inspector Joseph Wilson from the Lancaster and placed on waiting orders; Surgeon John S. Taylor from the Plymouth and placed on waiting orders; Passed Assistant Surgeon J. B. Parker from the Naval Hospital at New York and ordered to the Nantasket; Assistant Surgeon H. M. Martin from the Nantasket and placed on waiting orders; Passed Assistant Paymaster H. T. Wright from the Nantasket and ordered to settle accounts; Assistant Paymaster William M. Preston from the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing and ordered to the Nantasket.

The Superintendent of the Mounted Recruiting Service is ordered to forward at once all disposable colored recruits to Camp Supply, Indian Territory, for assignment to Companies C and F, Tenth cavalry. One hundred recruits are to be sent from Newport Barracks, Kentucky, to Fort Hays, Kansas, via the Kansas Pacific Railroad, for assignment to the Third infantry; 100 from Fort Columbus, in New York Harbor, to Fort Leavenworth, for assignment to the Fifth infantry, and 100 from Fort Columbus to Kit Carson, Colorado, for assignment [illegible] teenth infantry.

The Board of [illegible] for the purpose of [illegible] a system of general regulations for the administration of the affairs of the army, and now in session in New York, has been directed to be dissolved.

General orders just issued from the War Department direct that in future no issue of rations or supplies will be made from the army stores to Indians, except as allowed and restricted in the following paragraphs of the Revised Regulations:—"When subsistence can be spared from the military supplies, the commanding officer is authorized to allow its issue in small quantities to Indians visiting military posts on the frontiers, or in their respective nations. The return for this issue shall be signed by the Indian agent (when there is one present), and approved by the commanding officer of the post or station. Regular daily or periodical issues of subsistence to Indians, or issues of subsistence in bulk to Indian agents for the use of Indians, are forbidden."

Surgeon John F. Randolph, acting medical director of the Department of the Gulf, will be relieved from duty in that department on the arrival of Surgeon James Simmons, and ordered to Washington to settle his accounts. Surgeon Dallas Bache is ordered to duty in the Department of the East.

Pay Director Thomas H. Looker has been ordered to the Washington Navy Yard. Chaplain Wesley O. Holway to the Boston Navy Yard, and First Assistant Engineer Thomas Cooper to the Naval Academy.

Paymaster W. Goldsborough has been detached from the Washington Navy Yard and ordered to settle accounts. Paymaster Edwin Stewart has been detached from duty as Purchasing Paymaster at the Washington Navy Yard and ordered to settle accounts. Passed Assistant Paymaster A. W. Bacon has been detached from duty in the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing and ordered to temporary duty as purchasing paymaster at the Washington Navy Yard.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Frigate Juniata Ashore on Old Man Shoal.

BOSTON, June 28, 1872.

The United States frigate Juniata recently arrived at Bermuda from the Mediterranean; having run short of coal was compelled to get a fresh supply in the West Indies before proceeding to Boston. She had received the necessary fuel and was proceeding to the latter port, when, at noon on Thursday, during a fog, she struck on Old Man Shoal, having run considerably out of her course. She was floated off with ease and without much injury. A Nantucket pilot was put on board, and at two o'clock the same day, the fog having lifted, she again started north.

SHIPPING NEWS.

Almanac for New York—This Day.

Sun rises	4 30	Moon rises..morn	12 46
Sun sets	7 35	High water..eve	3 31

OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATES OF DEPARTURE FROM NEW YORK FOR THE MONTHS OF JUNE AND JULY.

Steamers.	*Sails.*	*Destination.*	*Office.*
Republic	June 29	Liverpool	19 Broadway.
Washington	June 29	Havre	58 Broadway.
Deutschland	June 29	Bremen	2 Bowling Green
City of Paris	June 29	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
India	June 29	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
Hansa	July 2	Bremen	2 Bowling Green
Manhattan	July 3	Liverpool	29 Broadway.
Trinacria	July 3	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
City of Limerick	July 4	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
Baltic	July 6	Liverpool	19 Broadway.
California	July 9	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
Ville de Paris	July 13	Havre	58 Broadway.

PORT OF NEW YORK, JUNE 28, 1872.

CLEARED.

Steamship Calabria (Br), McMickan, Liverpool via Queenstown—C G Francklyn.
Steamship India (Br), Munro, Glasgow—Henderson Bros.
Steamship Regulator, Freeman, Wilmington, NC—Lorillard Steamship Co.
Ship Arethusa (Br), Lamont, Liverpool—Chas L Wright & Co.
Ship Ethiopian (Br), Faulkner, London—Arkell, Tufts & Co.
Ship Kate Troop (Br), Crocker, Bristol, E—E E Morgan's Sons.
Bark Valkyrien (Nor), Hellborg, Queenstown or Falmouth for orders—Tetens & Bockmann.
Bark Kong Sverre (Nor), Hansen, Granton (Scotland)—Tetens & Bockmann.
Bark Raffaele Ligure (Ital), Consigliero, Dublin—Slocovich & Co.
Bark Athena (NG), Christoffers, Bremen—Theo Ruger & Co.
Bark Reindeer, Withington, Barbados—E Trowbridge's Sons.
Brig Agata (Ital), Cacace, Gloucester, E—Funch, Edye & Co.
Brig Mary (Br), Nickerson, Demarara—Brett, Son & Co.
Brig W A Henry (Br), Taylor, St Kitts—Penniston & Co.
Brig Sarah Crowell (Br), Morris, St Johns, PR—W T Woodruff.
Brig Alta Vela (Br), Allen, Antigua—J F Whitney & Co.
Brig Kasonic (Br), Carson, Dorchester—D R DeWolf & Co.
Brig John Good (Br), Crowell, St John, NB—Boyd & Hincken.
Brig Henry & Louise, Hand, Charleston—Evans, Ball & Co.
Brig Condor (NG), Brorsen, Wilmington, NC—Funch, Edye & Co.
Brig Alphonse (Br), Rosa, Port Johnson—Hewlett & Torrance.
Schr Sarah (Br), Brown, Queenstown or Falmouth—G F Bulley.
Schr S A Paine, Brown, Baracoa—B J Wenberg.
Schr Early Bird, Eldridge, Savannah—J J White.
Schr S Morgan, Van Cleaf, Washington, DC—Slaght & Petty.
Schr A Heaton, Rogers, Baltimore—Bentley, Miller & Co.
Schr Clara E McConville, Eaton, South Amboy—B J Wenberg.
Schr Robert Byron, Sawyer, Bangor—R P Buck & Co.
Schr Hero, Kelly, Salem.
Schr Finback, Eldridge, Boston—B J Wenberg.
Schr Blackstone, Wickson, Providence—H W Jackson & Co.
Schr J M Freeman, Eldridge, Providence—H W Jackson & Co.
Schr James Phelps, Rockwell, New London, &c—H W Jackson & Co.
Schr Nearchus, Young, Orient—Rackett & Bro.
Sloop Celerity, Abrams, New Haven.
Sloop Robt Willetts, Barker, Norwalk.
Steamer Octarora, Reynolds, Baltimore.
Steamer Sarah, Jones, Philadelphia.
Steamer A C Stimers, Warren, Philadelphia.
Steamer Bristol, Wallace, Philadelphia.

ARRIVALS.

REPORTED BY THE HERALD STEAM YACHTS.

Steamship Main (NG), Oterendorp, Bremen, June 15, and Southampton 18th, with mdse and 729 passengers, to Oelrichs & Co. June 20, lat 49 56, lon 9 10 passed German ship Helene, bound west; same day, lat 50 3, lon 14 34, German bark Albert, Wilhelm, bound west; 21st, lat 50, lon 16 50, a Cunard steamship, bound east; a steamship, showing signals H B J P, bound east; 24th, lat 46 40, lon 36 42, bark Mermaid (Br), bound west; 28th, at noon, a Hamburg steamship, bound east.

Steamship California (Br), Craig, from Glasgow June 15, via Moville 16th inst, with mdse and 531 passengers, to Henderson Bros. Had strong westerly winds to the Banks, thence light variable winds, with dense fog.

Steamship Georgia, Holmes, Charleston June 25, with mdse and passengers, to H R Morgan & Co.

Steamship Eastern Queen, Chadwick, Norfolk 27 hours, with mdse and passengers to R & H Chamberlaine.

Steamship Hatteras, Walker, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse and passengers to the Old Dominion Steamship Co.

Ship Nagpore (Br), Trevellick, Calcutta March 2 and Sand Heads 6th, with mdse to Cabot & Bowels. Passed the Cape of Good Hope May 1, St Helena 13th; crossed the Equator May 30, in lon 29 W; had fine weather; April 1, lat 7 40 S, lon 85 39 E, spoke ship Mary Emma, from Bassine for Falmouth, 19 days out; 8th, lat 22 20 S, lon 71 E, signalized bark Sheppard (Br), steering north.

Ship Arkwright, Caulkins, San Francisco Feb 29, with mdse to Sutton & Co; vessel to Snofford Bros & Co. Crossed the Equator in the Pacific in lon 120; passed Cape Horn April 29; when off the Horn experienced very heavy weather, and lost and split sails and done other damage; crossed the Equator in the Atlantic June 3 in lon 39; from thence to port had strong NE winds; June 23, lat 32 30, lon 71, was boarded by whaling brig Starlight, cruising, no oil.

Bark Salus (Br), Poland, Aleppy March 16, with mdse, to Joshua Dow & Co. Experienced light winds and calms for 21 days; crossed the equator in the Indian Ocean in lon 77 E; got the S E trade winds in lat 7 S, lon 75 E; passed the Cape of Good Hope May 3, with strong S E winds and thick fog, St Helena, May 21; crossed the Equator in the Atlantic June 2, in lon 33 30 W; May 17, lat 19 0 S, lon 1 19 W, spoke ship Alexandra (Br), from Gaugan for London, 65 days out; June 13, lat 21 N, lon 54 18 W, bark Maravilla (Sp), from St Marie for Cuba, 13 days out.

Bark Armonia (Ital), Fidele, Glasgow, 64 days, with mdze to Wm Nelson, Jr; took the Southern passage, and had strong W and SW winds.

Bark Concettina (Ital), Moretto, Palermo 79 days, with fruit to Sgobel & Day. Passed Gibraltar May 7; took the Southern passage and had fine weather.

Bark William Croscup (Br), Fitchett, Cienfuegos 22 days, with sugar to Spence, Montague & Co; vessel to Miller & Haughton. Had fine weather; 20th inst, lat 27 lon 79, signalized a German brig from Montego Bay, Ja, for Hamburg, showing signal M C N W, commercial code.

Bark Annie Augusta (of Philadelphia), Creighton, St Jago 21 days, with sugar to E Pavenstedt & Co; vessel to master. Had light winds and calms; has been 5 days north of Hatteras.

Bark S E Kingsbury (of Boston), Perry, Matanzas 13 days, with sugar and molasses to Walsh, Field & Way. Had light winds and calms.

Bark Jonathan Godfrey (of Boston), Howes, Matanzas 11 days, with sugar to F O Matthiessen & Wiechers; vessel to master. Had fine weather.

Bark Marathon (of Boston), Donnell, Sagua, 10 days, with sugar to Rubira & Co.; vessel to Vernon & Brown. Had light winds the entire passage.

Bark M C Dyer, Hopkins, Caibarien, 10 days, with sugar to Galway & Casado—vessel to Bertram Bros. Had light variable winds up to lat 32, from thence light southerly winds.

Brig Elmore (N G) Ahrens, London, 49 days, with mdse to S L Merchant & Co, took northerly passage and had strong westerly winds, has been 24 days W of the Banks.

Brig Santina Ansaldo (Ital), Castello, Glasgow 64 days, with mdse to order. Took the middle passage and had rough weather.

Brig Wild Wave (Br), Brown, Glasgow, 60 days, with mdse to Wm Nelson, Jr. Took the southern passage and had light winds and calms; has been 21 days west of Bermuda; June 16, lat 30, lon 60, spoke schr M G Curren, hence for Barbados.

Brig Goffredo (Ital), Cacace, Havre 47 days, with mdse to Boyd & Hincken. Took the Southern passage and had fine weather; has been 11 days W of Bermuda.

Brig Americus, Bass, Cette 60 days, with wine to M Lienau & Co; vessel to Master. Had strong westerly winds down the Mediterranean; passed Gibraltar May 12 and took the southern passage, and had light variable winds.

Brig Jylland (Dan), Wrensted, Santo 72 days, via Hampton Roads 2 days, with coffee to E Caylus, De Ruyter & Co; vessel to Funch, Edye & Co. Crossed the equator May 11 in lon 37; had variable weather.

Brig Gem (Br), Byrne, Pernambuco 35 days, with sugar to order. Crossed the Equator May 27, in lon 32; had fine weather.

Brig Louisa (Br), Buiford, Trinidad 23 days, with sugar to Latasa & Co; [illegible]

Brig A M Knight (of Yarmouth, Me), Davis, Cienfuegos 18 days, with sugar and molasses, to Rubira & Co; vessel to Brett, Son & Co. Had moderate weather.

Brig Ortolan (of Philadelphia), Leeman, Cienfuegos 16 days, with sugar, to Maitland & Phelps; vessel to Brett, Son & Co. Had fine weather.

Brig Dauntless (of Bangor), Coombs, St Pierre, Mart, 15 days, with sugar to T T & F A Dwight & Co; vessel to Miller & Houghton. Had moderate weather.

Brig Keystone, Barter, Matanzas 14 days, with sugar and melado to G W Elwell & Co. Has been 7 days north of Hatteras, with light winds and calms.

Brig Lily (Br), Lawrence, Caibarien, 8 days, with sugar, to order—vessel to J F Whitney & Co. Had light, variable weather.

Brig Aurora (Br), Graham, Glace Bay, CB, 15 days, with coal to Heney & Parker. Had moderate weather.

Schr Anna Gesine (NG), Schultz, Porto Cabello 15 days, with coffee, to Baring Bros; vessel to master. Had fine weather.

Schr Hirondelle (Br), Sparks, Barbados, 14 days, with sugar and molasses to Gill Bros; vessel to G F Bulley; had variable weather.

Schr Hannah Coomer, King, Port Antonio, Ja, 14 days, with fruit to B J Wenberg.

Schr Willie Martin (of Yarmouth, Me), Noyes, Havana 14 days, via Delaware Breakwater 2 days, with molasses to Lewis Benjamin; vessel to G L Hatch; had fine weather.

Schr J G Craig (of Portland), Connor, Utilla, 12 days, with fruit, to James Douglas; had fine weather.

Schr L A Webb (of Deer Isle), Hatch, San Salvador 9 days, with pineapples to T D Monteil; vessel to B J Wenberg. Had moderate weather.

Schr Storm King (of Provincetown), Nangler, Baracoa, 11 days, with fruit, to E King & Co, vessel to B G Wenberg, had moderate weather; 17th inst, lat 29 lon 73 40, spoke schr Hornet, from Baltimore for Nassau.

Schr William McGee, Woodland, Eleuthera, 8 days, with pine apples to James Douglas. Vessel to B. J. Wenberg.

Schr Eureka, Mayo, Bermuda 9 days, with produce to Darrill & Co.

Schr Sallie M Evans, Tice, Corpus Christi, Texas, 22 days, with hides and wool to H E Sprague; vessel to Evans, Ball & Co.

Schr Mattie Holmes, Cox, Savannah, 5 days, with lumber to Master; is bound to Newberg.

Schr Uriah & Tabitha, Gibson, Norfolk.
Schr W. H. Entan, Wooley, Virginia.
Schr E. R. Bennett, French, Virginia.
Schr L H Hopkins, Predmore, Virginia.
Schr S J Fort, Fort, Georgetown, DC.
Schr Margaret & Lucy, Crossman, Georgetown, DC.
Schr M S Hathaway, Cole, Calais, 10 days, with lumber to Master.

Passed Through Hell Gate.

BOUND SOUTH.

Steamship Neptune, Baker, Boston for New York, with mdse and passengers, to H F Dimock.
Steamship Tillie, Bailey, New London for New York, with mdse and passengers.
Schr Cochaco, Haviland, Rockland for New York, with lime to order.
Schr Saconia, Hall, Providence for New York.
Schr Sarah Maria, Curry, Glen Cove for New York.
Schr Anna F Spafford, Howard, Pawtucket for Philadelphia.
Schr Mary E Cuffs, Gorham, Greenwich for New York, with stone to order.
Schr Susan, Barper, Boston for New York.
Schr Lady Suffolk, Armstrong, Norwalk for New York.
Schr J R Bleecker, Thompson, Hyannis for New York.
Schr Mary Bates, Bates, Norwich for New York.
Schr Charles Rogers, McGar, New Bedford for New York.
Schr Sallie Browne, Norwich for New York.
Steamer Thetis, Gale, Providence for New York, with mdse and passengers.
Steamer Electra, Mott, Providence for New York, with mdse and passengers.

BOUND EAST.

Steamship El Cid, Davis, New York for Norwich.
Bark Jenny Cobb, Packard, Rondout for Salem.
Bark Gertrude, Carlisle, Rondout for Portland.
Schr Dart, Williams, Stamford for New York.
Schr Nellie Bloomfield, Habbie, Stamford for New York.
Schr O C Acker, Mead, Stamford for New York.
Schr Evelyn, Burger, Stamford for New York.
Schr Mary Sealey, Low, Rondout for Portland.
Schr Surf, Abbott, Trenton for Hartford.
Schr Anna B Sipple, Gifford, Rondout for Lynn.
Schr Nellie, Metcalf, Port Johnson for Salem.
Schr J W Hawley, Hawley, Hoboken for Lynn.
Schr Pilot's Bride, Wooster, Hoboken for Salem.
Schr E Waterman, Ackley, Rondout for Providence.
Schr Sarah B Buckley, Buckley, New York for Providence.
Schr Alida, Knowles, Elizabethport for Providence.
Schr Daniel Webster, Ackley, Elizabethport for Providence.
Schr Fannie Hazard, Raymond, Elizabethport for Providence.
Schr Terence, Hay, Elizabethport for Southport.
Schr Helen Stanley, Stanley, New York for Rockland.
Schr Redwing, Davis, New York for Noank.
Schr C & N Rogers, Oldberly, Baltimore for New Haven.
Schr D Nagee, Higgins, Elizabethport for New Haven.
Schr Sarah A Read, Arnold, Philadelphia for Middletown.
Schr Humming Bird, Finlay, New York for St John.
Schr American Banner, Brady, New York for Glencoe.
Schr Louisa, Baker, New York for Newport.
Schr Fred Warren, Hill, New York for Providence.
Schr Sallie Burton, Freeman, Elizabethport for Taunton.
Schr Mary L Hall, Smith, New Brunswick for Providence.
Schr Leonora, Fisher, New York for Noank.
Schr Alice B. Allen, New York for Boston.
Schr Diadem, London, Elizabethport for Providence.
Schr Adeline Hamilton, Lewis, Elizabeth for Salem.
Schr Baltic Sea, Orcutt, New York for Providence.
Schr Louisa Leach, Sherry, Elizabeth for Salem.
Schr Josie Luke, Port Johnson for Rockport.
Schr S E Jones, Handy, Jersey City for New Bedford.
Schr New Regulus, Hallock, Elizabeth for Providence.
Schr John Randolph, Robbins, New York for Wareham.
Schr Niantomar, Parker, New York for Fishing Banks.
Schr John Warren, McGarr, Elizabeth for Providence.
Schr H B Warford, Sprague, New York for New Haven.
Schr Mary Frazier, Smith, Elizabeth for Providence.
Schr M & Webster, Wentworth, Weehawken for Lynn.
Schr John E McVee, Wescott, New Brunswick for Norwich.
Schr Joseph Whitmore, Elizabeth for New Haven.
Schr American Eagle, McFarland, New York for Boston.
Schr Henry Cole, Morgan, Port Johnson for Providence.
Schr Maria, Wallace, Rondout for Boston.
Schr Silas Brainard, Hamilton, Elizabeth for Providence.
Schr Geo Sheppard, Mathews, Weehawken for Lynn.
Schr Croton, Wall, New York for Portsmouth.
Schr Henry Miller, Miller, New York for Bridgeport.
Schr Joseph E Potts, Davis, Elizabethport for Fall River.
Schr Silver Heels, Newman, Albany for Providence.
Schr J. M. Baldwin, Harris, Philadelphia for Providence.
Schr Anna Fry, Smith, New York for Pembroke, Me.
Schr Lothair (three-masted), Flnewelling, New York for St John, NB.
Schr Hellen, Perry, Elizabethport for Providence.
Schr Alert, Jones, New York for New London.
Schr Josephine, Phinney, New York for Narragansett Pier.
Schr Mary Langdon, Phinney, New York for Salem.
Schr Iris, Griffen, New York for New London.
Schr Tabitha & Hanna, Gill, Hoboken for Norwich.
Schr Angeline, Robinson, New York for Salem.
Schr Belle of the Bay, Snow, New York for Gloucester.
Schr Ellen Louisa, Bishop, Elizabethport for New Bedford.
Schr W W Brainard, Lockwood, Elizabethport for New Bedford.
Schr Woodward, Smith, New York for New London.
Schr S S Smith, Snow, Hoboken for Wareham.
Schr Active, Edgett, New York for St Johns, NB.
Schr Allie M Lewis, Lewis, New York for Gloucester.
Schr Potter & Hooper, Goldsmith, Haverstraw for Newport.
Schr Bayles, Wilcox, New York for New London.
Schr Alice Oaks, New York.
Schr Kate Lilley, Hutchings, New York for Portland.
Schr Carlos D. Mott, New York for New London.
Schr Laura Robinson, Robinson, Elizabeth for Boston.
Schr Henry A Demming, Knowles, Elizabeth for Providence.
Schr Flash, West, New York for Noank.
Schr Resolute, Kelly, Elizabeth for East Cambridge.
Schr Copia, West, Newbrunswick for Fall River.
Schr I and S Terry, Elizabeth for Pawtuckett.
Schr Joe Hall, Scott, Amboy for Middletown.
Schr Bonny Ives, Whittaker, port Johnson for Boston.
Schr Julia Swann, Knapp, New York for Oyster Bay.
Schr E. Moon, Ashbury, New York for Cow Bay.
Schr Eddie T. Treat, Roberts, New York for Boston.
Schr Henry May, Rackett, New York for Providence.
Schr Emily Wells, Henry, Wehawken for Providence.
Schr Alknomook, Brown, New York for Noank.
Schr Angil and Emma, Baker, New York for Noank.
Schr Francis L Smith, Upton, Port Johnson for Rockland.
Schr L A Burlingamme, Burlingamme, Rondout for Lynn.
Schr Loon, Waples, Port Johnson for Boston.
Schr Kioka, Vandusen, Port Johnson for Boston or Saulsbury.
Schr Sedona, Wall, Port Johnson for Boston.
Schr Sylvester Hale, Coleman, Albany for Taunton.
Schr Scotia, Bayles, New York for New London.
Schr Mist, Smith, Elizabethport for Norwich.
Schr John Crockford, Hatch, New York for Providence.
Schr Lizzie A Bennett, Thompson, Trenton for Hartford.
Schr. S. P. Hall, Chipman, Savannah, 5 days with lumber, to F. F. Russel. Vessel to R. P. Buck & Co.
Schr. Paran, Robinson, Machias, 8 days with lumber, to Chase, Talbot & Co.
Schr Wave, Hubbard, Trenton for Hartford.
Schr Curtis Godwin, Lewis, New Brunswick for Hartford.
Schr Agnes Rippley, Muller, Amboy for Hartford.
Schr Julia, Berry, Weehawken for Boston.
Schr Harriet Fuller, Willard, Elizabeth for Portland.
Schr Mountain Laurel, Craig, Weehawken for Boston.
Schr Eliza Jane, Fox, Elizabeth for Fall River.
Schr Monitor, Chase, Elizabeth for Fall River.
Schr Isaac H Borden, Beaney, Poughkeepsie for Fall River.
Schr H V Duryea, Carpenter, New York for Glencove.
Schr Mary Alice, Wood, New York for Providence.
Schr Susan & Mary, Kenyon, Hoboken for Providence.
Schr Circle, Hulse, New York for Providence.
Schr Jane, Dunham, Elizabethport for Stonington.
Steamer Electra, Mott, New York for Providence.

BELOW.

Bark Flor del Mar, Jordan, 18 days from Cienfuegos, with sugar to master.

Wind at sunset SW, light.

Marine Disasters.

STEAMSHIP HIBERNIAN (Br), Watts, from Montreal for Liverpool, was aground June 25, in Lake St Peter. A tug was immediately despatched to her relief, and it was thought that she would be got off without damage to vessel or cargo.

STEAMSHIP (not ship), ADALIA (Br), is the vessel ashore at St Paul's Island. Her cargo was being saved. One account says the vessel will be a total wreck.

BARK DORCHESTER, Ryder, at Boston 27th from Trapani, reports 24th, noon, in a thick fog, got ashore on Cape Cod, as before reported. Was got afloat 26th, after throwing over part of cargo, and was towed to Boston. The vessel sustained only slight damage.

BARK KAREN (Dan), Takelsen, Liverpool for Halifax, NS, reported as ashore on Point Pleasant rocks, came off June 25 little damaged, and arrived up at Halifax.

BARK ANGIE AMSBURY—Havana, June 27—The British bark Angie Amsbury, with a cargo of coal, is ashore on Cayo Romano.

SCHR MARY ZEPHYR, from San Francisco June 18, reports that on the evening of the 18th, when about off Bolinas, she struck a large log which stove a hole in her port bow, causing the water to flow in rapidly. She squared away for San Francisco, and arrived off Fort Point at 10 AM. By this time the vessel was full of water, and shortly after capsized, when the crew left her in a yawl. During the night the schooner drifted into Horseshoe Bay, on the rocks, and received some slight damage to the hull. She was finally righted by the tug Neptune and towed to the city by her and the Waterwitch and put on the mud flats near Eureka Dock.

SCHR GEORGE & EMILY, of Yarmouth, Me, which was dismasted in Plymouth bay, Mass, in the late gale, has arrived up, and is now undergoing full repairs at Nelson's wharf.

STEAMER EMPEROR—The wreck of the English steamer Emperor, which struck upon McClintock's ledge a few weeks since and sunk, has been sold to Chas H Sanford for $2000, and towed bottom up into Stockton harbor, where an effort will be made to right her.

HALIFAX, NS, June 28—Steamship Gaspe, from Picton for St John's, NF, which went ashore near St Pierre on the 20th inst, is a total loss. The greater portion of the cargo is partially insured. The steamship Alhambria took her passengers and mails to St Johns, which place she leaves to-night for Picton with the return mails, &c, of St Pierre.

A Gloucester fishing schooner, from Newfoundland, which put into this port with a case of smallpox on board, [illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO, June 27—Steamship California, recently ashore in the Gulf of Georgia, has been got off.

Miscellaneous.

We are indebted to the purser of the steamship Georgia, from Charleston, for his attentions.

SHIP VENUS (Br), before reported sold at auction at Savannah, by order of the United States Marshal, was taken into the dry dock 24th, where she will be thoroughly repaired.

BRIG JAMES CROSBY, Baldwin, from Wilmington, NC, for Cardenas, before reported put into Tybee, had been 22 days out. The captain and the entire crew had been down with swamp fever, from which one of the sailors died. The captain has recovered, and the remainder of the crew are doing tolerably well.

SCHR GALENA, which arrived at New Bedford on Tuesday evening from St Michaels, Western Islands, with 111 passengers, has been seized by the custom house authorities for overcrowding. Under the ocean passenger act her size would admit of her carrying less than 70 passengers.

SCHR IRVING, of New Bedford, 106 tons (late whaler), has been sold to John Farnum, of New Bedford, on private terms. She is to be employed as a packet between New Bedford and the Cape de Verds, under command of her owner, Capt Farnham.

NEW VESSELS—During the past six months there have been enrolled in Cape Ann district 10 fishing schooners and 1 steamer, whose aggregate tonnage is 676 70 tons. Last year, during a corresponding period, there were 16 schooners and 3 steamers enrolled, an aggregate of 1148.01 tons. The 10 schooners enrolled this season are all owned in Gloucester and the steamer in Rockport.—Cape Ann Advertiser.

SHIPBUILDING—A fine schooner for Westerly parties is under construction at Geo Greenman's shipyard, Westerly, and is rapidly approaching completion. She is being constructed from best live oak timber and first class materials, and bids fair to be one of the best vessels ever constructed at that yard.

LAUNCHED—At Bath, June 28, a three-masted schooner of about 300 tons from the yard of Goss & Sawyer. She is named the J H French, is owned by Col J H French and R C Sturgis & Co, of Boston, and will be commanded by Capt Hutchins.

At Rockland, from the yard of Snow, Farwell & Co, evening of June 20, schr Belle Brown, of 147.93 tons, owned follows—Snow, Farwell & Co, 45.54; Horace S Perry, C R Mallard, George F Kaler, Oscar A Crockett, George A Brown, Benj F Haskell and M A Davis each 2.64; David H Smith, 3.64, and J C Libby & Sons, 1.04. This schr is built in the most complete manner and furnished with everything desirable in the way of sails, rigging and tackle. She will be commanded by Capt Ezekiel R Nash. She was launched evening of 20th and sailed next morning for Vinalhaven to load.

Notice to Mariners.

DESTRUCTION OF A LIGHTHOUSE.

The lighthouse on Hart's Island was totally destroyed by fire night of 27th inst. The cause is not known.

A DANGEROUS WRECK.

On the 27th of April, 1872, at 10 AM, on my outward passage from Boston, in lat 36 44 N, lon 49 56 W, I fell in with a bark water-logged and abandoned, maintopmast gone, other spars standing, rudder and bulwarks washed away, but her hatches and decks were whole; she floats light on the water, and from appearances will keep afloat for some time. I consider her a dangerous wreck, as she lays in the fair way of vessels from our Northern ports intending to cross the Equator or for the WCA; as her spars are black and sails all blown away she could be seen but a very short distance in the night. She has the appearance of being a steamer when first seen in the daytime. She was painted black outside, bulwarks and houses white; boat lashed on port side midship house; one anchor had a wood stock and one was of iron and the chains were bent; did not look as though she had been long in this situation; could see no man on any part of her.

W. H. PEAK,
Master brig Arthur Eggleso, at Goree, Africa.

MARINE SURVEYS IN THE PACIFIC.

The following memoranda from the log of the United States steamer Narragansett's surveys in the Pacific will prove interesting:—

March 11, proceeded to Leone, on the south side of Tutuila, made a plan of the harbor, and returned to Pango Pango on the following day. Having finished the survey, and made a chart of the bay of Pango Pango and the coral reef outside, we left on the 17th of March, intending to go to the Phoenix, Gilbert and Marshall groups. On March 18, being in the vicinity of the islands marked Bernardo, or Isles of Danger, of the Hydrographic office chart, 1868, hove to and searched for the island lat 11 32 S, lon 166 38 W, but could see nothing of it, although within two or three miles of the assigned position, and beautiful, clear weather. March 19, passed directly over the assigned position of Danger reef or rock, lat 10 47 S, lon 166 24 W, but saw nothing of it, and no sign of land; had light winds from northward and eastward. March 27, examined the location assigned to the Corinthian Shoal, as said to exist in lat 3 56 S, lon 170 15 W, with only a small portion above water. Spent the entire day and night sounding over the position, but could get no bottom with 100 fathoms, and saw no sign of land. March 28, passed Phoenix Island, and made a running survey thereof; also passed close to the assigned position of a guano island in lat 3 42 S, lon 170 50 W, but found no signs of such an island; evidently Phoenix Island is referred to. Islands marked as existing in the following position, namely, lat 2 44 30 S, lon 171 14 30 W; lat 2 50 S, lon 171 35 30 W, and lat 2 51 30 S, lon 171 W, have no existence in said positions, having examined all these localities in beautiful, clear weather. March 28, arrived at Enderbury Island, made a plan thereof, and remained there till the 29th; left at 1 AM that day, and at 10 AM sighted Mary or Canton Island, lat 2 42 S, lon 171 42 W, the existence of which is generally doubted. It is identical with Mary Balcout Island, Swallow Island, or Mary Island of different charts, its first name being derived from the fact that the whale ship Canton was lost on it in 1854; made a running survey along the NNW, W and SW coast; pleasant weather and moderate breeze from eastward; island marked as existing in lat 2 45 S, lon 172 23 W, does not exist.

Whalemen.

☞ See port arrivals.

Schr Lizzie B Simmons, of Provincetown, has been purchased by New York parties, and is fitting out at New London for a whale and sealing voyage.

Arrived at Bermuda June 17, bark Charles Marchant, Edgartown, from a cruise, with 235 bbls sp oil—put in for repairs to foremast, which had been struck by lightning, as before reported.

Spoken.

Ship Ocean Pearl (Br), England, from Pensacola for Liverpool, June 25, lat 37 09, lon 68 40.

Brig Surf (Br), Hill, 7 days from New York for Barbados, June 21, off east end of Bermuda.

Foreign Ports.

ANTWERP, June 13—In port barks Linda, Badaro; Lydia, Scovill, and Brasto, Nielsen, for New York immediately, and others.

BERMUDA, June 17—Arrived, brig Ida H Hall, Phinney, Annapolis, NS.

In port 18th, bark Eliza Bearse (Br), Vesey, for New York 22d; Torrid Zone (Br), George, for do do

BARBADOS, June 10—In port, schrs Alice, for Boston; Edith May, for New York; G W Bennett, for do; Israel Snow, for do.

CAIBARIEN, June 19—In port, barks Norma and Edward for New York in 4 days.

HAVANA, June 18—Sailed, bark J G Norwood, Harkness, Philadelphia.

Cleared 21st, brig Amable Antonio (Span), Vila, Pensacola.

HALIFAX, June 26—Arrived, Toronto, Wetmore, New York.

Sailed 26th, schr Glad Tidings, Long, New York.

Sailed 28th, bark C A Littlefield, Pictou.

LIVERPOOL, June 28—Arrived, steamship Wyoming, Whineray, New York; ship Glenhaven (Br), Fanshaw, do.

MARTINIQUE, June 12—Sailed, bark E F Harriman, for Cienfuegos.

MATANZAS, June 21—Arrived, bark Staatsraad Broch, (Nor), Nicolaysen, Galveston; brigs Harry, Sedgley, Baltimore; Hattie E Wheeler, Bacon, New York; schr Angie Amesbury, Jones, St Thomas.

Sailed 20th, schr W L Burroughs, Norton, Havana; 21st, brig Francis Lowey, Lewey, New Orleans; schr John Bird, Sleeper, north of Hatteras; 22d, bark Mary E Libby, Libby, Clyde; brig Union T (Br), Tufts, Portland; G M Reynolds (Br), Young, New York.

MIRAMICHI, June 22—Arrived, ship St Louis (Br), Pearce, New York.

PADANG, April 30—In port ship Rainbow, Thayer, for New York (ldg 6000 picuis coffee).

SINGAPORE, June 8—Sailed, bark Evening Star (Br), Le Boeuf, New York.

SAGUA, June 18—In port bark Volant, for Havana to load for New York.

VICTORIA, VI, June 18—Arrived, ship Pudsey Dawson (Br), Coole, San Francisco.

American Ports.

ALEXANDRIA, June 27—Arrived, schr Mattie D Franklin, Boston.

Sailed—Schr Belle Crowell, Boston.

BOSTON, June 27—Below, a bark and a brig, bound in.

Cleared—Barks Pohoho, A B Thompson, Port Caledonia, CB; Frank Marion, Dillon, New Orleans; brig Anna Mitchell (Br), Sanders, Surinam; schrs Wave Crest, Winchenbach, Philadelphia; Charles E Raymond, Kelley, do; Z L Adams, Robbins, do. Also cleared, bark Isabel (Argen), Newhall, St John, NB; schrs Annie Tibbetts, Burtis, Philadelphia; James Martin, Baker, do.

Nothing sailed. Wind ENE to E, light. The vessels before reported outward bound remained at anchor in the Roads at sunset.

28th—Arrived, bark Chas F Perry, Algoa Bay; brig Thos Campbell, Porto Rico.

Also arrived 28th, steamship Blackstone, Baltimore; bark M B Almon, Caibarien. Below, U S frigate Juniata, from Brazil.

BALTIMORE, June 27—Arrived, bark Antioch, Linnell, Sagua la Grande; brigs C F Eaton (Br), Ellwood, Cardenas; Leona (Br), O'Neal, Matanzas; Potomac (Br), Wilson, Demerara; J B Brown, Bain, Matanzas; Dirigo, Coffin, Boston; schrs Wm Wilson, Miller, Jr, Sagua; Ella Amsden, Brooks, Boston; H W Foster, Rich, do; John T Manson, Manson, New London.

Cleared—Steamer Wm Crane, Howes, Boston via Norfolk; bark Forest Queen (Br), McCalmont, Belfast, I; brig Rocky Glen, Dorr, Norfolk; Mary Knowlton, Lothrop, Boston; Susie J Strout, Hammond, do; schrs Ella H Barnes, Avery, New Haven; Anthony Kelley, Nelson, Plymouth, Mass; Brandywine, Adam, Fall River; E Nickerson, Nickerson, Boston; Jos Fish, Hupper, Providence; Addie Blaisdell, Garfield, Boston; O A Buck, Saugerties, NY.

Sailed—Brig Storm King, St Thomas.

BATH, June 25—Arrived, schr Susan Sherman, Baltimore.

Sailed 27th, schrs Oliver Jameson, Jameson, Washington, DC; C C Bearse, Hodgdon, Philadelphia; Gen Howard, Johnson, Bridgeport.

BANGOR, June 25—Cleared, brig Orion, Harper, Pernambuco; schrs Willard, Brown, and Watson, Wells, Philadelphia; Flora, Pendleton, New York.

BELFAST, June 19—Arrived, schrs Idella Small, Robbins, New York; 20th, Empire, Ferguson, and Earl, Cunningham, Ellsworth for Rondout; 23d, Fannie & Edith, do for do.

Sailed 25th, schrs Annie L McKeen (new), McKeen, Jacksonville; Empire, Ferguson; Earl, Cunningham; Fannie & Edith, Ryder, and Orion, Osborn, Rondout.

CHARLESTON, June 28—Sailed, bark Jennie Armstrong (Br), Brown, Liverpool; brigs Georgia, St Jago; Lewis Clark, New Haven.

CALAIS, June 13—Arrived, brig W R Sawyer, Sawyer, New Haven.

Cleared 14th, schr John Boynton, Hill, New York; 15th, brig Robin, Strout, do; schrs Lewis Walsh, Kelly, Philadelphia; Mary J Ward, Ward, and Mahaska, Gay, New Haven; Fanny Pike, Robbins, New York; 17th, M S Hathaway, Cole, and James Warren, Drisko, do; 18th, brig Wm R Sawyer, Sawyer, Bridgeport; schrs Quoddy, Fanning, New York; 19th, Acklam, Albee, New Haven; 20th, Geo B Somes, Pray, Philadelphia.

ELLSWORTH, June 27—Sailed, schr Mary F Cushman, Wells, New York.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 28—Passed in for Baltimore, brig Tally Ho, from Matanzas.

Passed out—Brig Florinda, for Queenstown.

Sailed—Brig O Blanchard, New York.

INDIANOLA, June 15—Cleared, schr Wenonah, Kimball, Pensacola.

17th—Cleared, schr Eliza A Anderson, Clark, Pensacola.

KEY WEST, June 15—Arrived, schr Alaska, Vitzelio, Havana.

Cleared 15th, schrs Lucretia, Cozzens, New York; 17th, Sarah Gage, Appleman, Havana; 18th, Chief, Rodriguez, Havana; 20th, Asa Eldridge, Babbit, Havana.

NEW ORLEANS, June 22—Arrived, ship Thos Harward, Strickland, Briton Ferry; barks Polymnia, Thomas, Bordeaux; Australia, Jangel, Antwerp; brig Gilmore Meredith, Ayres, New York; schr F V Turner, Graves, Ruatan.

24th—Arrived, schr Henrietta, Nicholson, Ruatan Island.

Cleared—Steamship Yazoo, Barrett, Philadelphia via Havana; ship Charlotte, Austin, Genoa; barks Ilex (Nor), Saleeath, do; Comtesse Duchatel (Fr), Dupont, Bordeaux; brig Corwena (Br), Evans, Glasgow; schr Oakridge (Br), Towbister, Laguna, Mex.

SOUTHWEST PASS, June 24, 12 M—Sailed, ship Sciota.

6 PM—Sailed, ship Pocahontas; bark Moneta.

NORFOLK, June 26—Arrived, steamship Eastern Queen, Chadwick, New York; Resolute, McCarty; B & U Baker, Baker, and Sapphire, Stoddard, Havana.

NEW BEDFORD, June 27—Sailed, schrs Fair Wind, Bowman; Saratoga, Weeks; Clyde, Gurney; D L Sturgis, Chase, and M Holmes, New York.

NEWPORT, June 25, PM—Arrived, schrs Catherine Thorn, [illegible] New York; Artist, Forrester, Somerset for do; R S Dean, Macomber, Taunton for New York.

Sailed—Schrs Chas L Lovering, Hathaway, Emma White; Ida, Deering; John Lozier, Lincoln; John W Bell, Pierce, and Jonas C Chew, Child, Taunton for New York; Harriet Gardner, Miller, Fall River for do; Delphi, Allen, do for do; Sarah W Blake, Blake, Dighton for do; Iris, Long, Harwich for do; Chas Carroll, Chase, Boston for Albany; Margaret Jane, Kennedy, Providence for Haverstraw.

27th, 8 AM—No arrivals.

27th, 4 PM—Arrived, steamtug Elsie, New York for Boston, put in for water.

PORT BLAKELY, June 20—Arrived, bark Martha Rideout, Ford, San Francisco.

PORT MADISON, June 18—Arrived, bark Tidal Wave, Reynolds, San Francisco.

Sailed—Bark Oakland, Batchelder, San Francisco.

PHILADELPHIA, June 28—Arrived, brigs Mary (Br), Hughes, Cardenas; Geo E Dale, Pierce, Bangor; schrs A H Henderson, Henderson, Windsor, NS; Lucy K Cogswell, Lee, Newburyport; Lark, Guptill, Calais; E H Furber, Cobb, Boston; J P Bradshaw, Todd, Virginia; Julia E Pratt, Nickerson, Boston; Lottie, Taylor, Boston; Cherub, Fletcher, Bangor; Helen Hoe, Nickerson, Portland; E S Hooper, Burnett, Jacksonville; Cicero, Cookson, Bangor; Helene, Phinney, Providence; Glenwood, Dickinson, New York; S L Russell, Smith, Cambridgeport; Cohasset, Gobb, New Haven; S E Morris, Harris, Portsmouth; John F Chaffee, Fox, Hartford; Clara Davidson, Gifford, Salem; Althea, Smith, do; W G Bartlett, Bartlett, Boston; W Wilson, Snuks, Salem; A H Edwards, Corson; J Maxfield, Service; J E Sinnickson, Dickinson and J M Vance, Burge, Boston.

Cleared—Brigs Nereus (Br), Kerr, Port Spain; Sally Brown, Matthews, Portsmouth; schrs Helene, Phinney, Boston; James Parker, Kelly, Harwich; Glenwood, Dickinson, Mystic; E Sinnickson, Dickerson, Somerset; J E Marshall, Seavey, Boston.

LEWES, Del, June 27, PM—A bark is now passing in. The brig Adelaide Richard is discharging cargo on the pier.

PORTLAND, June 26—Arrived, bark J S Winslow, Davis, Cardenas.

Cleared—Schr Wm Arthur, Hutchinson, New York.

PORTSMOUTH, June 27—Arrived, steamship Rattlesnake, Pierce, Philadelphia.

PLYMOUTH, June 19—Arrived, schrs Charter Oak, Poole, Elizabethport; 21st, Memento, Nickerson, do; 22d, Jesse R Atwood, Atwood, New Haven.

Sailed 20th, schrs Ann B Jacobs, Jones, New York; 25th, Jesse R Atwood, Atwood, New Haven.

PROVIDENCE, June 27—Arrived, schr Allen Middleton, Jr, Davis, Philadelphia.

Sailed—Schrs Belle Halliday, Potter, Georgetown, DC; John Stroup, Crawford, Philadelphia; Billow, Eldridge, and Gust, Martin, Trenton; Eliza J Raynor, Mitchell, and James M Bayles, Arnold, New York; Ontario, Sprague, do, or Calais; Samuel N Smith, Connery, New York, or Gardiner, Me.

RICHMOND, June 26—Arrived, steamship Wyanoke, Couch, New York; schrs J H Lockwood, Garrett; Baltimore, New York; Fred Gray, Calais; J S Gilmer.

ROCKLAND, June 22—Arrived, schrs Cedabedec, Knowlton, James River, Va; 23d, Oregon, Miller, New York; 25th, E L Gregory, Thorndike, do.

Sailed 21st, brig L W Snow, Hall, Winthrop, NY; schrs Leonessa, Myers; Hyne, Hall, and Equal, Flye, New York; 25th, C L Hix, Hix; Venelia, Allen, and Belle Brown (new), Nash, New York.

SEABECK, June 17—Sailed, bark Oregon, Henry, San Francisco.

18th—Arrived, ship Isaac Jeans, Boyling, San Francisco; bark Gen Cobb, Delaney, do.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 19—Arrived barks Alexander McNeil, Lawton, Coronel; Onward, Nyberg, Utsalady.

Cleared—Ship Sardis, Follensbee, Honolulu.

Sailed—Ship Elizabeth Kimball, Keller, Port Gamble; barks Milan, Snow, do; Scotland, Wylie, Seattle.

20th—Arrived, ship Sardis, Patten, Hong Kong.

Sailed—Steamship Moboongo, Wakeman, Honolulu; ship Sardis, Follansbee, Honolulu; bark Eureka, Knacke, Humboldt; schr Greyhound, Emerson, Tahiti.

28th—Arrived, bark Jean Pierre (Fr), Legasse, Bordeaux.

SAVANNAH, June 28—Cleared, schr Thos Fish, Satilla River.

Sailed—Schrs Irene E Messervey, Providence; Prescott Hazeltine, Jacksonville.

SALEM, June 25—Arrived, brig Robin, Strout, Calais for New York.

VINEYARD HAVEN, June 27—Arrived, schr L J Holway, Hoboken for Boston.

Sailed—All before reported, excepting brig Isis, schrs Marcus, Hunter, Eowina, C E Paige, S J Gilmore and L J Holway.

29th—Arrived, schrs W Fisher, New Orleans for Boston; Gertie Lewis, Baltimore for Portland; Ada Deane, Philadelphia for Nantucket; Veto, Thomaston for New York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ANNOUNCEMENT.—THE UNIVERSITY MEDICINES.

These Valuable Preparations form a Regular System for the principal diseases—each disease having its appropriate remedy—thus differing materially from the Patent one "cure alls" for all maladies. No person of intelligence can for a moment believe that one remedy can cure all diseases.

For full description of these celebrated remedies see the FAVORITE ILLUSTRATED UNIVERSITY ALMANAC AND BUSINESS BOOK FOR 1872.

Free on application at the principal office, NOS. 6 AND 8 UNIVERSITY PLACE, New York city, and Agencies.

Down-town Agencies:—HUDNUT'S, Herald Building, 218 Broadway, New York. WELLS & WOODEN, 84 Fulton street.

Up-town Agencies.—A. M. CONKLIN, Corner Broadway and Thirty-fourth street, New York. Thirty-third street and Second avenue, New York. WILLIAM C. STEWART, Corner 125th street and Third avenue, Harlem.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES LEGALLY OBTAINED FROM Courts of different States, legal everywhere; desertion, &c., sufficient cause; no publicity required; no charge until divorce granted. Advice free. M. HOUSE, Attorney, 130 Broadway.

A.—HERALD BRANCH OFFICE, BROOKLYN, corner of Fulton avenue and Boerum street. Open from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES LEGALLY OBTAINED FROM the courts of different States. No publicity. Advice free. Notary Public and Commissioner for every State. F. I. KING, Counsellor-at-Law, 363 Broadway.

BARGAINS IN TEAS, COFFEES, GROCERIES AND Provisions; warranted to suit the palates and the pockets of the million. THOMAS R. AGNEW, 260 Greenwich street, New York.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

BOARDERS WANTED.

1 VERY LARGE HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOM and two large hall Rooms to let, with Board, at 217 West Fourteenth street; house and location strictly first class; reference.

1 LARGE SECOND STORY FRONT ROOM, HANDsomely furnished, to rent, with Board; also Room on fourth floor, at summer prices; one or two Day Boarders taken, at 37 East Twentieth street.

1.—FIRST CLASS BOARD AND HANDSOME FURnished Rooms at private brown stone residence, No. 162 Second avenue; excellent neighborhood; prices reduced for the summer; table boarders accommodated.

$1 50 PER DAY FOR BOARD—WITH SINGLE Room, at Dupont House, 166 Hudson street; by the week, $6 and upwards; also Lodgings from 50c. Watchman all night.

$2 50 PER DAY—WITH FIRST CLASS BOARD; rooms magnificently furnished, large and commodious, at ROBINSON'S Hotel, 18 East Sixteenth street, between Broadway and Fifth avenue.

5TH AVENUE, 164, NEAR TWENTY-FIRST STREET.—Handsomely furnished front Rooms on the first story to let; bath and gas; also other Rooms; Breakfast if desired. References.

5TH AVENUE, NO. 63, WADSWORTH HOUSE.—Desirable Rooms, with or without Board.

5TH AVENUE, NO. 313.—LARGE FRONT ROOMS, bath, &c., from $5 to $25 per week; Board if required. Also newly furnished Rooms at 27 East Twenty-fourth street; private family.

$6 TO $10 PER WEEK.—GENTLEMEN OR GENtleman and wife can obtain Board, with Rooms, one large front Room, at 29 East Washington place, between Broadway and the square.

$7 WEEKLY.—A WELL FURNISHED FRONT ROOM (southern exposure), pantry and bath adjoining; privilege of basement, in small private family; also single Room. 351 West Thirty-fifth street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues.

10 EAST THIRTY-THIRD STREET.—VERY DESIRAble third floor front and hall Rooms; also Rooms on fourth floor to rent, with Board.

14TH STREET.—ROOMS TO LET, SINGLY OR EN suite, with Board; house and location unusually desirable; liberal arrangements will be made for the summer; references. 156 West Fourteenth street.

15 WEST TWENTY-FOURTH STREET.—DESIRABLE furnished Suit of Rooms, on second floor; also single Rooms, with or without Board.

17TH STREET, FOUR DOORS EAST OF SECOND avenue, opposite Stuyvesant square.—Handsomely furnished Rooms to rent, with first class Board, at summer prices.

17 WEST TWENTY-SIXTH STREET, NEAR MADISON square.—Nicely furnished Apartments, in a private house, for gentlemen or small family, with use of Parlor, Kitchen, &c.; fine location, high stoop, house cool and airy.

24 WEST THIRTIETH STREET.—PARLOR AND Bedroom adjoining; also single Rooms, with or without Board; all nicely furnished; adjoining Gilsey House.

27 WEST THIRTY-EIGHTH STREET.—PLEASANT Rooms, singly or en suite, with Board, very low for the summer; satisfactory reference required.

28 MACDOUGAL STREET, NEAR PRINCE.—LARGE and small Rooms to let, with or without Board. Rooms suitable for light housekeeping. Also a House to let, partly furnished.

32 STUYVESANT STREET.—TO LET, A BACK PARlor to gentlemen or gentleman and wife, with Board; terms moderate.

35 LAFAYETTE PLACE, OPPOSITE ASTOR LIbrary.—Handsome suit of Rooms on parlor floor for a family or gentlemen; private table if desired; other Rooms also; reference required.

36 EAST THIRTY-SECOND STREET, NEAR MADIson avenue.—Large handsome Room on second floor to let, with Board; large Room on fourth floor; transient boarders taken.

41 WEST TWENTY-SIXTH STREET.—SUMMER Boarding in New York city; house nearly new; location first class; terms very moderate; permanent or transient guests accommodated.

46 EAST TWENTY-FIRST STREET.—TO LET, SECond and Third Floors, handsomely furnished, to families or single gentlemen, with or without Board; private table if desired.

46 SOUTH WASHINGTON SQUARE, FOURTH street.—Notice.—Permanent or transient parties arriving in the city can find large Rooms, with Board, at greatly reduced rates.

47 WEST TWENTY-NINTH STREET.—LARGE AND elegantly furnished Rooms on first and third floor, with first class Board; hot and cold baths; moderate terms.

55 WEST TWELFTH STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH AND Sixth avenues, nicely furnished Room to let, with Board, in a German family; terms moderate; references.

64 SULLIVAN STREET, CORNER BROOME.—To let, furnished, a few nice Bedrooms for gentlemen, with or without Board; also two Rooms for housekeeping. Apply all the week.

66 WEST NINETEENTH STREET.—A HANDSOMEly furnished Second Floor to let, en suite or singly; also handsome Rooms on third and fourth floors, front, with good Board, at reasonable rates.

84 MACDOUGAL STREET (ST. CLEMENT'S PLACE).—To let, front Room on second floor, also Room and hall Room on third floor, with good Board; home comforts, good table. References.

104 EAST FIFTEENTH STREET, NEAR FOURTH avenue.—A few young ladies can be furnished with Board.

126 EAST TWENTY-SEVENTH STREET.—A BACK Parlor, well furnished, to let, with first class Board; also a suit of Rooms on second floor; front and large Rooms on third floor; terms low.

238 EAST THIRTY-EIGHTH STREET, NEAR SECond avenue.—To let, furnished, a large Room on third floor, $4 per week; Board if desired.

303 WEST ELEVENTH STREET, CORNER OF Hudson street.—A nicely furnished back Parlor, with gas and bath, to let to a gentleman and wife, with or without Board.

308 WEST THIRTY-FOURTH STREET.—VERY DEsirable Rooms, with or without Board, are offered at low prices for the summer; family private; brown stone house; location unsurpassed.

BOARDERS WANTED—ROOMS LARGE AND AIRY; house first class; excellent board, milk, vegetables, &c.; terms reasonable; convenient to depot; good stabling. Address E. C. W., New Brunswick, N. J.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOM, WITH ALL THE comforts of a home, on second floor, for gentleman and wife; Board for the lady. For full particulars address Mrs. A. B., Herald office.

HARLEM.—BOARD AT 127 EAST 128TH STREET, near Fourth avenue, for two or three gentlemen; an airy and pleasant location, unsurpassed for accessibility by steamboats and cars.

HARLEM.—CITY AND COUNTRY COMBINED.—Nicely furnished Rooms, with good Board, at No. 1 127th street, corner Fifth avenue; cars and boat convenient; terms moderate; beautiful, healthy location.

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD, TO LET IN A first class house on Madison avenue, near the Park; references exchanged. Address N., box 166 Herald Uptown Branch office.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

A GENTLEMAN WISHES A PLEASANT ROOM, with Breakfast, in a private family, below Fourteenth street; boarding houses need not reply. Address, with terms, LEX, box 109 Herald office.

BOARD WANTED—FOR AN ELDERLY LADY, IN A quiet family of adults, where there are no other boarders; Ninth ward preferred; terms must be moderate. Address ELDERLY LADY, Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

BOARD WANTED—WITH SOME KIND, AFFECTIONate person, for a child eight weeks old. Terms must be reasonable. Address A. Y. J., Herald office.

TWO YOUNG GENTLEMEN DESIRE BOARD—BEtween Twentieth and Fiftieth streets, west; terms must be moderate. Address, with particulars, W. C., Herald office.

WANTED—PERMANENT BOARD, FOR A YOUNG man, in a plain Christian family, on east side, between Bond and Fourteenth streets. Address R. G. B., station A.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG MEN, A LARGE ROOM, in private family, furnished or not, with Board for one. Address, with terms and particulars, J., box 213 Herald office.

WANTED—PERMANENT BOARD FOR GENTLEman and wife, between Fourteenth and Forty-second streets and Lexington and Sixth avenues; terms not to exceed $20 per week. Address J. H. W., No. 6 Murray street, New York.

BROOKLYN BOARD.

BOARDING ON THE HEIGHTS—107 HENRY STREET, Brooklyn, between Wall and Fulton ferries; house first class, newly furnished; generous table and very low charges during the summer months.

HOTELS.

ANGELL'S TURKISH BATHS—LEXINGTON AVENUE and Twenty-fifth street, coolest rooms in New York, for gentlemen or families; transient or permanent; with or without meals; house and baths open all night.

HOTEL DEVOS, 174 BLEECKER STREET, NEAR Broadway.—European plan. Lodging, 50c. to $1; Rooms, by the week, from $2 to $3; Rooms and Board, $1 50 to $2 per day.

LELAND'S ST. JULIEN HOTEL, NEAR BROADWAY, No. 4 Washington place.—Large, cool Rooms, $7 a week; Board, with wine, $10 a week; family Rooms on first floor, $21.

NEW ENGLAND HOTEL, 30 BOWERY, CORNER OF Bayard street.—200 light Rooms, neatly furnished, 50 cents or 60 cents per night; $3 to $4 per week. For gentlemen only.

ST. GERMAIN—FIFTH AVENUE, TWENTY-SECOND street, Broadway: American plan; $3 50 per day; families and transient guests; finest location; rooms all front; baths attached; elegantly furnished.

COUNTRY BOARD.

A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY WILL RECEIVE A few boarders on moderate terms; the rooms are airy and pleasant, two of them large and communicating. Address box 62 Post office, Babylon, L. I.

A FEW PERSONS MAY BE NICELY ACCOMMOdated, 25 miles from the city; bathing, lawn, fruit, &c., in abundance; modern conveniences; convenient of access and quiet; no small children. For full particulars address HUNT, Herald office.

A FEW FAMILIES CAN BE ACCOMMODATED WITH first class Board, large, airy and pleasant Rooms, in one of the finest locations in New Jersey; shade, fine drives, &c.; half hour ride by Hackensack Railroad from the city. For particulars address H. A. P., Herald office.

BOARD AT CORNWALL, N. Y.—LARGE, AIRY Rooms. Inquire at 129 East Tenth street, New York.

BOARD IN RYE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY—Healthful location; reference to former city boarders. Address box 67 Post office, Rye.

COUNTRY BOARD.

BOARD AT CORNWALL, ORANGE COUNTY—A good house, fine scenery and mountain air. Inquire of G. W. VAN SICLEN, 133 Nassau street, or JOHN PARR, 647 Eighth avenue.

BOARD—AT A LARGE FARM HOUSE, ON GREAT South Bay, 68 miles by Long Island Railroad; good surf and still water bathing, sailing, gunning, &c. Apply to Mr. MACKENZIE, 339 Broadway, or to J. H. BISHOP, Centre Moriches, L. I.

BOARD IN A PRIVATE FAMILY—BEAUTIFUL LOcation, near the Hudson River; large house; large, airy rooms; extensive grounds and shade; 2½ miles south of Peekskill; terms moderate. Address box 45 Post office, Peekskill.

BOARD BY THE SEASIDE—BATHING, BOATING, fishing. Apply 167 West Eighteenth street.

BOARD ON THE HUDSON—45 MINUTES FROM CITY; delightful location; good accommodations at reasonable rates; excellent stabling. Address R. S. MOORE, Brookside House, Hastings-on-Hudson.

BOARD WANTED—IN A BOARDING HOUSE OR cheerful farm house, within about an hour and a half of Wall street, for a gentleman, wife, nursing child and young girl; mountain air and scenery desired; shade indispensable; terms not to exceed $25. Address P., box 2,302 New York Post office.

BOARD WANTED—BY A FAMILY OF FIVE OR SIX persons in a hotel or boarding house in Babylon, Islip, or any other pleasant place about that distance from Brooklyn. Address H., Brooklyn Branch Herald office.

BOARD WANTED—FOR LADY, TWO CHILDREN AND nurse, at a farm house within a few hours' ride of New York. Address, stating terms, which must be moderate, and giving full particulars, D. C. T., Herald office.

BOARD WANTED—AT A FARM HOUSE, FOR THE summer, where there are plenty of shade trees and within walking distance of depot, for a lady and two children, 5 and 3 years old; where there are few boarders preferred; board not to exceed $15 per week. Address, stating particulars, W. N. Z., Herald office.

COUNTRY BOARD—AT LUCKHARDT'S HOTEL, NEW ROCHELLE BREWERY, 5 minutes' walk from depot; pleasant surroundings, gardens, grove of 14 acres, with shady walks, pavilions and summer houses. Apply to A. LUCKHARDT, New Rochelle.

COUNTRY BOARD.—FINE, AIRY ROOMS, PLEASANT grounds, well shaded; in the immediate vicinity of railroad depot, and two daily landings of the Mary Powell. Address box 27 Post office, Hyde Park.

COUNTRY BOARD.—A FEW BOARDERS CAN BE accommodated at a farm house at Upper Aquebogue, near Riverhead, L. I. Terms $5 per week. Airy rooms, good table and bathing. For particulars apply to G. B. YOUNG, 233 Fulton street, Brooklyn.

COUNTRY BOARD—AT A FARM HOUSE, TWO miles from Unionville station, Orange county; milk, fruit and vegetables, and all the comforts of a first class farm house. Inquire of S. N. HOYT, 141 Chambers street, New York.

COUNTRY BOARD—AT WEST NEW BRIGHTON, S. I., 45 minutes from the city. Apply to W. R. WEMPLE, Real Estate Agent, 69 Liberty street, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD—AT CHAPPAQUA, WESTCHESter county; farm 30 acres; well shaded, high ground; house large and airy; four minutes' walk from depot of Harlem Railroad. Photograph and full particulars by calling on gentleman from Chappaqua, 271 Broadway, room 11.

COUNTRY BOARD.—FIVE LARGE, AIRY ROOMS TO let, with Board, at a farm house on the Hudson; bathing, boating, fishing; milk, vegetables and poultry; also stabling for horses; 20 minutes from Peekskill village and depot; two hours from New York; one mile from steamboat landing. For further particulars address box 259 Peekskill Post office, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD AT COOKSBURG—FINE MOUNtain scenery, pure air. Address J. BATES, Cooksburg, N. Y.; or JOSEPH WINSTON, 81 Second avenue, N. Y. Terms moderate.

COUNTRY BOARD FOR THE SUMMER—AT PEEKSkill, N. Y.; situation elevated, healthy and convenient to depot and steamboat; house well shaded; rooms large and airy; table first class; references given and required. Address Post office, Box 150, Peekskill, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—WITHIN ONE HOUR of City Hall, for gentleman, wife and two children (one 5, the other 2 years) and nurse; near the water preferred. Address, stating terms and location, T. H. C., box 582 Post office, New York.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR A LADY AND child four years old, on the Hudson; good Board and cool, pleasant room required. Address, stating terms and particulars, F. W., Box 3,226 New York Post office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—ON THE BEACH; A Long Island farm house, with good fare, preferred; terms for self, wife and son 3½ years old, not over $60 per month; deduction to be made at fair rate when husband is in city. Address DESIRABLE, Herald office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR GENTLEMAN, wife, nurses, three children, one three, another five years; near seaside preferred. Address, stating terms, location, accommodations and full particulars, H., box 283 New York Post office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—BY A SINGLE GENtleman, where he can have all the comforts of a home; in New Jersey, and not over one hour from this city. Address, with particulars, L. C., Herald office.

FAMILIES CAN FIND COUNTRY BOARD ON A large farm, 30 miles from New York, 40 minutes from depot; healthy, shady; wide piazza; mountain air. Address B., Sing Sing.

FRENCH COUNTRY HOME.—BOARDERS RECEIVED for the summer months in a French Protestant family, living in a romantic and fashionable place, one hour from the city. Address F. H., Post office, Summit, N. J.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS CAN BE HAD ON reasonable terms at beautiful farm residence near Elizabeth, N. J.; pleasant surroundings. Particulars at MOODY'S office, 153 Broadway.

LONG ISLAND HOUSE, CENTRE MORICHES, L. I.—People visiting the country can here have good accommodations; ocean and still water bathing, fishing, shooting, &c.; terms very reasonable. For further information apply to SAMUEL BUDD, 1,091 Broadway, New York, or address S. S. TERRY, Proprietor, Centre Moriches.

SUMMER BOARD AT AMENIA SEMINARY, AMENIA, N. Y.—Direct run by Harlem cars; plenty of room; extensive grounds, containing an acre of shaded lawn and two springs of the finest water; farm attached for milk and vegetables; send for description; refers to guests of last year. S. T. FROST.

SUMMER BOARD WANTED—ON A FARM (OR WITH a private family), near the beach, at Far Rockaway, for gentleman, wife, sister, two children (1 and 2 years old) and nurse; plain, wholesome food and plenty of pure, fresh milk. State terms, which must be reasonable. Address box 2,943 New York Post office.

SUMMER BOARD, ASTORIA, L. I.—NICELY FURnished Rooms, with German Board, in Camelia street, second door, left hand, from old steamboat landing.

SUMMER BOARD.—AT VALLEY STATION, CORNwall, Orange county. Mrs. L. S. WRIGHT has pleasant Rooms and good accommodations, convenient to the Erie Railway and 1½ hour from New York; references exchanged.

WANTED—BOARD AT A FARM HOUSE NEAR THE salt water for two ladies, two children and nurse, where there is bathing, plenty of milk, fresh vegetables and shady grounds. Address D. BURTIS, Jr., 27 South street, New York.

SUMMER RESORTS.

A.—ST. MARK'S HOTEL, NEW BRIGHTON, STATEN Island.—Two Suits of two Rooms each, just vacated. Apply by letter or in person to DE CAMP & COLE, proprietors.

ATLANTIC HOTEL, BATH, L. I.—NICE SINGLE AND double Rooms at moderate prices; fine sea bathing. Steam cars from Greenwood pass the house.

AT STATEN ISLAND—A GERMAN FAMILY OFFER delightfully cool Rooms, first class Board, shady playgrounds, private bath house. Address box 6,195 Post office, New York, or inquire at Braniff's livery stable, Quarantine Landing.

A. D. FAILING, SEASIDE HOUSE, ROCKAWAY Beach, the most beautiful situation on the coast—Splendid shade; elegant drives; good boating and fishing; still and surf bathing. Steamer Metamora leaves daily, Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn, 9; Christopher street, 9½; Pier 4 North River 10 o'clock.

A.—BELMONT HALL, NEW BRIGHTON, STATEN Island, fronts the bay; just added another cottage, with rooms en suite and singly; fine bathing; thirty minutes from Dey street; near landing.

A FEW VACANCIES AT WAWEPEX HOTEL, LONG Island; two hours by steamer D. R. Martin; landing on premises; board from $19; fine groves; salt bathing. No. 7 Murray street, room No. 9.

BATH HOTEL, BATH, L. I.—THE REGULAR WEEKly Hop at the above hotel will take place on Saturday, June 29, at 8 o'clock P. M. AUGUSTUS FUNK & CO., of Irving Hall, New York, Proprietors.

BOARD AT DEAL BEACH.—A GENTLEMAN HAVING a new cottage, with eight large, airy bedrooms, would like a few boarders for the summer who prefer a quiet home to hotel life; terms $12 per week; stages meet every train at Long Branch depot. For particulars address J. K. SHOEMAKER, Long Branch depot.

BOARD AT GREENFIELD HILL, CONN.—TERMS $8 per week; stabling for horses. For particulars address as above, box 38.

CHESTNUT GROVE HOUSE, THIRD LANDING, Clifton, Staten Island.—Beautiful, cool and shady grounds; Board at reasonable rates. Refers to R. Baxter, 29 Barclay street, for full particulars.

CLARENDON HOTEL,
Long Branch, N. J., now open.
ALEX. R. SAMUELS, SAML. K. SPENCER, Proprietors.

CLIFFWOOD SPRINGS, SEA SHORE, OPPOSITE KEYport, N. J.—Best accommodations, $10 to $15; shade, boats, horses, good table, cool rooms; references and photographs. TIBBETTS & ESMOND, 263 Broadway.

CROFT HOUSE, HIGHLANDS, GARRISONS STATION, opposite West Point, now open; mountain air; good table, comfortable rooms; conveniences at depot; excellent accommodation for horses. E. H. POWELL, Garrisons, N. Y.

COLEMAN HOUSE, FAR ROCKAWAY, L. I.—FIRST class accommodations, pleasant Rooms, with view of the Ocean House, and play ground for children; well shaded; also accommodations for horses. JOHN J. COLEMAN, Proprietor.

DUNBARTON HOUSE, NEAR LONG BRANCH—Specially arranged for families; spacious grounds, shady and retired; no bar; stages run to beach and cars. Post office address, Long Branch.

FAIRFIELD HOUSE, FAIRFIELD, CONN.,—IS NOW open for the summer season. The Royal Victoria Hotel, Nassau, N. P., Bahamas, will open for the winter season November 1. LEWIS F. CLEVELAND, Proprietor. JAMES LIDGERWOOD Agent, 758 Broadway.

FOSS HOTEL, FAR ROCKAWAY, L. I.—IS NOW open for the season for the reception of guests. FOSS, Proprietor.

GAYNOR'S BEACH HOTEL, FAR ROCKAWAY, L. I., has been refitted with gas and all modern improvements, and is now open for guests; can be reached by Long Island Railroad, Thirty-fourth street ferry, East River.

HEMPSTEAD HOUSE, AT GREENPORT, L. I. SUFfolk county, N. Y., is open for summer boarders. Access by Long Island Railroad, or steamer Escort, at pier No. 4 E. R. Apply to T. HEMPSTEAD, as above.

SUMMER RESORTS.

LARKIN HOUSE, WATCH HILL, R. I.—SITUATED ON a beautiful eminence commanding an unsurpassed sea view; good bathing, sailing and fishing; terms reasonable; conveyance by steamboat from both Stonington and Westerly; passengers from New York by Stonington steamer from pier 33 North River, at 5 P. M., can reach Watch Hill in time for breakfast next morning. D. F. LARKIN & CO.

MANSION HOUSE, LONG BRANCH, N. J., IS NOW open. SAMUEL LAIRD, Proprietor.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, SOUTH ORANGE, MONTROSE station, N. J., one hour from Barclay street, via Morris and Essex Railroad.—Favorable arrangements can be made for the summer season at this popular hotel, which for comfort and convenience has no equal in the vicinity of New York; 34 trains daily. C. HITZELBERGER, Proprietor.

OCEAN HOTEL,
late Continental,
Long Branch.
Superior accommodations for families and gentlemen. Apartments can be engaged at Sturtevant House, New York, and Clarendon, Saratoga.
CHARLES & WARREN LELAND, Managers.

ON THE SOUND.—SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS; six acres of shaded lawn, boating, fishing and bathing; stabling. Inquire at Premium Point Homestead, New Rochelle.

PALISADES MOUNTAIN HOUSE, 11 MILES FROM City Hall.—This new and elegant Hotel, on the west bank of the Hudson, is now open for the reception of guests. The completeness of its appointments, the salubrity of the air, the grandeur of the views and the facility of communication with the city are unsurpassed by any place in the country. It is under the management of Sylvanus T. Cozzens, hitherto the proprietor of Cozzens' West Point Hotel. Communication from New York by steamers Adelphi and Alexis, at 4 and 5 P. M., foot of Harrison street; by Yonkers train to Inwood, connecting with ferry, or by the Northern Railroad of New Jersey, through Englewood, connecting with stages. For terms apply to the undersigned, at the Hotel, or by letter to Englewood, N. J. CHARLES E. MURRAY.

PAVILION HOTEL, KEYPORT, N. J.—NOW OPEN for summer boarders; 1½ hour by boat from foot of Barclay street, at 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. W. J. POOLE, Proprietor.

ROUND HILL HOTEL—AT NORTHAMPTON, MASS., a most delightful summer resort, entirely surrounded by shade trees; elegant drives; always cool; no mosquitoes; reasonable charges. For particulars, &c., address IRAD FULLER, Superintendent, or CORNELIUS BANTA, Northampton, Mass.

SOUTHSIDE HOTEL, AMITYVILLE, L. I., ON GREAT South Bay, 1½ hour by Southside Railroad, open for guests; good fishing and boating. Mrs. E. C. KING & SON, Proprietors.

SUMMER RESORT.—UP THE HUDSON, AT CLAVERack.—Board from $7 to $12 per week; beautiful grounds, shady walks and croquet grounds; splendid rides; Catskill scenery. C. HENRY ABBOTT, formerly of White Mountain House, N. H.

SUMMER BOARD ON CATSKILL MOUNTAINS.—Maple Grove House, Palenville, Greene county, N. Y. PHILO PECK, proprietor. A delightful summer resort, within a few hours of New York, by steamboat or railroad. For terms address as above, or apply at 110 William street, New York.

UNITED STATES HOTEL, LONG BRANCH, IS NOW open. P. LAIRD, Proprietor. E. H. CRITTENDEN, Manager.

UNITED STATES HOTEL, FAR ROCKAWAY, L. I., has been newly refitted and renovated with all modern improvements, is now open for guests. MICHAEL MULRY, Proprietor.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

BROADWAY STORE TO LET—OR PART OF IT, near Fourteenth street. Apply at 841.

OFFICES TO LET—AT FROM $60 TO $2,000 PER ANnum. SPOFFORD BROTHERS & CO., 29 Broadway.

TO LET—AN OFFICE OR STORE, NO. 34 CHURCH street, near Barclay.

TO LET—THE SPLENDID OFFICE 308 BOWERY, corner of First street. Inquire at Mrs. LOWE'S Intelligence office, 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker street.

TO LET—A LIGHT FIRST FLOOR LOFT, WITH Counters and upright Glass Cases for sale. Apply to L. J. LEVEY & CO., 41 Maiden lane.

TO LET—PART OF A CLOTHING STORE, TO A MAN understanding the furnishing goods business; a good trade already established; possession immediately. Apply at 61 Fulton street, New York.

TO RENT—THE LARGE (102X25) BUILDING 107 Seventh avenue, well fitted for mechanical or other purposes. Apply on the premises.

THE SECOND FLOOR, 26X80, COOL AND LIGHT, with gas and water; also the Basement Stable, 14 stalls, newly fitted, with water and gas; 1,293 Broadway, corner Thirty-fifth street; together or separate. Apply on premises to PETER S. WANDEL.

DWELLING HOUSES TO LET.

Furnished.

A PARTY GOING TO EUROPE WILL RENT, AT A nominal sum, till October, furnished, three story House, delightfully located, near Fifth avenue and Central Park; arrangements for future if desired. Apply to A. JOURNEAY, 43½ Lispenard street.

FIRST CLASS MADISON AVENUE HOUSE, FULLY and beautifully furnished, to lease for three or five years to party buying the furniture, at $300 per month; worth furnished $500 per month; will sell furniture for $8,000 cash, or at an appraisement, 75 per cent. Address H. S. WATERS, box 104 Herald office.

Unfurnished.

A FOUR STORY BROWN STONE HOUSE, 52 EAST Forty-ninth street, to let; rent low to a desirable tenant; possession at once. G. A. KISSAM, No. 6 Pine street. H. R. DREW, 155 Fifth avenue.

A [illegible] BRICK HOUSE TO LET IN F TERRACE, Twenty-sixth street, near Ninth avenue; gas and water in; rent $40 per month. J. CORBIT, 253 Ninth avenue.

I HAVE TO LET, UNFURNISHED, WITH IMMEDIATE possession, a splendid four story House; three rooms deep on each floor, all light and airy, in good order; all improvements; well located for first class boarding or other business purposes. Fifteenth street, near Irving place. Others from $900 up. B. FLANAGAN, Real Estate Broker, 401 Fourth avenue, corner Twenty-eighth street.

TO LET—105 GREENWICH AVENUE; THREE STORY and basement high stoop; good locality; $100 per month. Inquire on premises or of T. J. GIBBONS, 113 Bleecker street.

TO LET CHEAP—TO A NICE FAMILY, A COTTAGE in Harlem, surrounded with trees and grounds; rent $50 per month. Apply at 603 Hudson street, New York.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO LET.

A LADY, LIVING ALONE, HAS TWO NEATLY FURnished front Rooms to rent, to a gentleman and wife. Apply at 453 Sixth avenue. Ring second bell.

A FURNISHED FRONT AND BACK BASEMENT TO let, for housekeeping, to a gentleman and wife. Apply at 204 East Twenty-first street, near Third avenue.

A COOL, DELIGHTFUL, LARGE FURNISHED Room, $4 50 weekly; gas, bath and kitchen. Apply at 162 East Thirty-second street, near Lexington avenue.

A.—TWO OR THREE PLAINLY FURNISHED ROOMS, second floor, $6 or $5 per week, for housekeeping; good location for light business. 1,273 Broadway, next corner of Thirty-fourth street.

FINE FURNISHED ROOMS—DOUBLE OR SINGLE, with breakfast, if desired; terms moderate. 152 Waverley place, near Sixth avenue.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—ALL modern improvements; terms moderate. Apply at 52 Sixth avenue. No bill on the house.

LODGING, LIGHT HOUSEKEEPING, OFFICE OR other business; six beautiful Rooms, suitable for either; cool, clean, newly furnished; fine location; good references required. 737 Broadway, room 9.

NEAR FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL—ONE OR TWO Rooms to let at 1,147 Broadway; large square Room, upper floor, furnished, suitable for two, $5; single Rooms, $2 to $3.

ROOMS TO LET, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, near Central Park. Inquire at 112 East 111th street.

TO LET—A LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, WITHOUT board, to one or two gentlemen willing to room together; will be found neat and pleasant, with use of gas if necessary; no other boarders in the house; family private. Apply at 526 Grand street. Terms moderate.

TO LET—NICE FURNISHED ROOMS IN THE PRIvate house 317 East Twenty-sixth street.

TO LET—NEATLY FURNISHED AND AIRY BEDrooms; private family. 464 Pearl street, opposite City Hall place.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED—AN ELEgant Second Floor; also other Rooms; house large and elegant. 77 Clinton place, one door from Fifth avenue.

$4 TO $6 PER WEEK FOR HANDSOMELY FURnished Parlor and Bedroom, for single gentleman or man and wife; modern improvements. No. 115 East Thirty-first street.

7 WEST TWENTY-FOURTH STREET, OPPOSITE Fifth Avenue Hotel—Elegantly furnished Rooms for gentlemen and transient guests; central location; terms moderate.

13 BOND STREET, OPPOSITE GRAND CENTRAL Hotel—Furnished Rooms for gentlemen only; a suit for two at $10 per week; two large Rooms for three, $12; family private.

39 ST. MARK'S PLACE, TWO DOORS FROM SECOND avenue.—A small private family will let two nicely furnished Rooms to gentlemen only; references required.

52 THIRTY-SECOND STREET, CORNER OF BROADway.—Parlors, single and double Rooms, with all the modern improvements; some fronting on Broadway and some on Thirty-second street, for gentlemen only.

100 EAST BROADWAY.—A HANDSOMELY FURnished Parlor Floor for one or two gentlemen; also a furnished attic Room.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO LET.

A FRENCH FLAT OF SIX ROOMS COMPLETE, WITH every convenience; moderate rent. Apply to JANITOR, 113 East Thirty-first street.

A NICE FLOOR OF FOUR ROOMS TO LET—IN 456 West Thirty-third street, rent $21; also other Floors and parts of Floors. J. CORBIT.

A HANDSOME SECOND FLOOR, IN PRIVATE house with owner, five rooms; all improvements, including heater; rent $28, to a very small family. 463 East Fifty-eighth street.

APARTMENTS TO LET—IN HOUSES NOS. 74, 76 AND 78 Crosby street, near Spring, of two to five rooms each; rents from $14 to $30; gas and water; these houses have been thoroughly overhauled and painted equal to new, and will be let to none but respectable families. Apply on the premises.

CHEAP—A FLOOR OF FIVE ROOMS, $25; ALSO A first Floor and Basement, $35; both in good neighborhoods. WALTER W. MONTAGUE, Eighth avenue and Twenty-first street.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO LET.

FLOORS ON BROADWAY, NEAR 32D ST.—IN COMplete order; all conveniences; range, hot and cold water, bath room, water closet, gas, &c. A. C. LOOMIS, 1,254 Broadway.

FRENCH FLATS—NEW MODERN IMPROVEMENTS, on first floors, 142 and 144 East Fourteenth street, to small first class families, for $60, $25 less per month than they brought last year. Apply to the janitors.

HANDSOME SITTING AND BEDROOMS, WITH bath, hot and cold water, all conveniences for housekeeping; near Park; terms moderate. 222 W[illegible]-second street, two doors from Broadway.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR, CONSISTING OF FOUR rooms of the three story brick house 206 Mulberry street, with gas, use of bath and stationary wash tubs. Inquire in office 183 Elizabeth street.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR OF BROWN STONE HOUSE 405 East Fifty-second street; 7 rooms, bath, water closet; all improvements. Inquire on the premises

TO LET—A LARGE, HANDSOME FLOOR, 7 ROOMS, including bathroom. Ring bell No. 4. Inquire for a few days at 516 Third avenue, near Thirty-fourth street.

TO LET—THIRD FLOOR, 5 ROOMS, IN GOOD ORDER throughout and in first class house, with hot and cold water; rent $28. Inquire on premises, 412 West Fortieth street.

TO LET—THE SECOND FLOOR OF 243 EAST FORtieth street; all modern improvements and owner living in house; references exchanged.

TO LET—SECOND STORY, SIX ROOMS, OF HOUSE 316 West Thirtieth street. Inquire on the premises.

TO LET—SPLENDID AIRY FLOOR IN A PRIVATE brown stone house for housekeeping, and a large elegant front Parlor for a doctor; rent very low. 331 East Fourteenth street.

TO LET—TO A SMALL FAMILY, FOUR ROOMS IN house 287 Bleecker street; rent $28 per month.

TO LET—IN THE BEAUTIFUL NEW BROWN STONE House, elegant surroundings, 460 West Fifty first street, Parlors and Basements; floors 7 rooms, chandeliers, modern; Second Floor, 5 large rooms, bath; rent moderate to right party.

TO LET—APARTMENTS OF TWO OR FOUR ROOMS, in the house just put in order 139 Elizabeth street; rent low. Apply to A. M. FANNING, 23 East Fourth st.

TO LET—THE THIRD FLOOR IN THE HOUSE 216 West Thirtieth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.

TO LET—COMFORTABLE FLOORS, FOUR ROOMS, $17 to $20; nice buildings; good location. 302 to 308 Twelfth. 301 to 309 Eleventh street, near Second avenue.

TO LET—A THIRD FLOOR OF FOUR ROOMS, IN brown stone house 361 East Forty-ninth street; gas, bath, hot and cold water and the use of stationary washtubs; rooms in perfect order; rent $22.

PROPOSALS.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS,
NEW YORK COUNTY COURT HOUSE,
NEW YORK, June 15, 1872.

The Committee on Fuel of the Board of Supervisors invite proposals for furnishing the Courts and offices of the county with the following, say:—

1,300 tons best quality white ash broken Coal, of 2,240 pounds to the ton.

115 tons best quality white ash range Coal, of 2,240 pounds to the ton.

40 cords (of 128 cubic feet) of best quality Virginia pine Wood, cut and split for use.

140 cords (of 128 cubic feet) of best quality Virginia pine Wood, not less than 3½ feet in length.

5 tons (of 2,240 pounds) Cannel Coal.

The same to be delivered at such times and places as the committee may direct, without charge for delivery. The contract for supplying said coal and wood to be binding until the 1st day of June, 1873. The committee reserve the right to reject any or all such proposals. Proposals will be received at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors on or before noon of the 29th of June, instant. Separate proposals will be received for the coal and for the wood.

JOHN FALCONER, SOLOMON MEHRBACH, WILLIAM JOYCE, SAML. B. H. VANCE, Committee on Fuel.

PROPOSALS FOR MAIL STEAMSHIP SERVICE BEtween San Francisco, Japan and China.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, June 5, 1872.

In accordance with the provisions of sections 3 and 6 of the act of Congress approved June 1, 1872, entitled "An act making appropriations for the service of the Post Office Department for the year ending June 30, 1873," which sections are in the words and figures following, viz.:—

SECTION 3. * * * "And the Postmaster General is hereby authorized to contract with the lowest bidder, within three months after the passage of this act, after sixty days' notice, for a term of ten years from and after the 1st day of October, 1873, for the conveyance of an additional monthly mail on the said route, at a compensation not to exceed the rate per voyage now paid under the existing contracts, and upon the same conditions and limitations as prescribed by existing acts of Congress in reference thereto, and the respective contracts made in pursuance thereof; and the contractors under the provisions of this section shall be required to carry the United States mails during the existence of their contracts, without additional charge, on all the steamers they may run upon said line, or any part of it, or any branch or extension thereof; provided that all steamships hereafter accepted for said service shall be of not less than four thousand tons register each, and shall be built of iron, and with their engines and machinery shall be wholly of American construction, and shall be so constructed as to be readily adapted to the armed naval service of the United States in case of war, and before acceptance the officers by whom they are inspected shall report to the Secretary of the Navy and the Postmaster General whether this condition has been complied with; provided that in all cases the officers of the ships employed in the service herein provided for shall be citizens of the United States, and that persons of foreign birth, who have according to law declared their intention to become citizens of the United States, may be employed as though they were citizens within the meaning of this section, or of any act or acts specified in the act of June 25, 1864; and the government of the United States shall have the right in case of war to take for the use of the United States any of the steamers of said line, and in such case pay a reasonable compensation therefor: Provided, The price paid shall in no case exceed the original cost of the vessel so taken, and this provision shall extend to and be applicable to the steamers of the Brazilian line hereinafter provided for."

"SEC. 6.—That if the contract for the increase of the mail service between San Francisco and China and Japan to a semi-monthly service shall be made with the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, or shall be performed in the said company's ships or the ships of its successors in interest, the moneys payable under such contract shall be paid while the said company or its successors in interest shall maintain and run the line of steamships for the transportation of freight and passengers at present run between New York and San Francisco, via the Isthmus of Panama, by the said Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and no longer: Provided, That said requirement shall in all respects apply to any party contracting for the mail service between San Francisco and China and Japan, as well as to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company."

PROPOSALS

will be received at the Post Office Department, in the city of Washington, until 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday, the 12th day of August, 1872, for conveying the mails of the United States, by means of an additional monthly line of first class American sea-going steamships of not less than four thousand tons register each, and of sufficient number to perform twelve round trips per annum, between the port of San Francisco and the port of Hong Kong (China), touching at Yokohama (Japan), with a regular branch line running in connection with the main line between Yokohama and Shanghai (China), for a contract term of ten years from and after the 1st day of October, 1873.

Each bid should name the time proposed to be occupied in performing the passages each way, including stoppages at intermediate ports; and also the length of the stoppages at each of the intermediate ports. Schedules of sailing days, stating the proposed days and hours of departure from each port, as well as the proposed days and hours of arrival, should also accompany each bid. The departures must be so arranged as to alternate at equal and regular intervals with those of the present monthly line during its continuance, forming a regular semi-monthly service in connection therewith; such schedules, however, to be subject to the approval of the Postmaster General, and to adjustment or alteration by his order, from time to time, as the interests of the postal service may require.

The steamships offered for the service must be American-built steamships of the first class, in all respects conforming to the requirements of the laws authorizing the service, and before acceptance they will be subject to inspection and survey by an experienced naval constructor to be detailed for that purpose by the Secretary of the Navy.

Proposals must conform in all particulars to the provisions and requirements of the acts of Congress approved February 17, 1865, and February 18, 1867, and of sections 3 and 6 of the above cited act of June 1, 1872, and must be properly guaranteed with satisfactory testimonials that the bidder or bidders and their guarantors are men of property and abundantly able to make good their tender and guarantee.

The bidder or bidders must be an American citizen or citizens.

The bidder's name and residence and the name of each member of the firm, when a partnership offers, should be distinctly stated. If made by a corporation the bid must be accompanied by a duly authenticated copy of the charter or articles of incorporation and a list of officers and directors.

All bids exceeding the sum of $5,000 must be accompanied by a certified check or draft, payable to the order of the Postmaster General, upon some solvent national bank, of less than 5 per centum of the amount of one year's pay proposed in such bid or bids, such check or draft to be subject to all the conditions and provisions of existing laws in respect to forfeiture.

Any assignment or transfer of an ocean mail contract is expressly forbidden by law. Such assignments or transfers are null and void, and the Postmaster General is required to determine any contract in case of its being underlet or assigned.

Proposals should be sent under seal to "The Superintendent of Foreign Mails," with the words "Mail Proposals," "Japan and China route," written on the face of the address, and they should be despatched in time to be received at this Department on or before 3 o'clock P. M. of Monday, the 12th day of August next, which will be the last day for receiving proposals under this advertisement.

JNO. A. J. CRESWELL, Postmaster General.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ABSOLUTE OR LIMITED DIVORCES MAY BE OBtained on application to GEORGE WHITE, Attorney-at-Law, 17 Wall street, New York.

BLASTING ROCKS DONE BY CONTRACT BY A NEW process, cheap, safe and effective, to engineers and contractors; land and water war defences. EDWIN GOMEZ, Engineer and contractor, 26 Third street, near Bowery.

GEORGE F. FAEST, LITHOGRAPHER AND JOB Printer, 83 and 85 Maiden lane.—For all kinds of Printing, send for our estimates before ordering elsewhere.

JANES & KIRTLAND,
Nos. 6, 8, 10 and 12 Reade street.
Fountains, Vases and Garden Ornaments
of every description at wholesale and retail.
Iron Stable Fittings,
Roof Crestings, Gates, Gate Posts and Fencing.
Beebe's Kitchen Ranges.

DENTISTRY.

BURT & DODGE, Dentists, have removed to 32 East Twenty-eighth street.

CARD.—ARTIFICIAL TEETH INSERTED BY A NEW method, without clasps or plate. Nitrous gas medico-scientifically administered. Drs. BERHARD, Jr., & ABRASTIA, 216 West Forty-third street, near Broadway.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN; 15 YEARS; benumbing application; beautiful Teeth, $1; set, $10; Plumpers for hollow cheeks a specialty; sets repaired. J. JAY VILLERS, 165 Grand, near Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. ADAMS.
Mr. EDWIN BOOTH........Proprietor and Manager.
LAST WEEK of the Season.
LAST SIX NIGHTS of
MR. EDWIN ADAMS.
LAST SIX performances of
ENOCH ARDEN.
LAST ENOCH ARDEN MATINEE
on SATURDAY, at 1½ o'clock.
Seats secured at the theatre; also at Ditson & Co.'s Music Store, 711 Broadway.

OLYMPIC THEATRE. ADMISSION, 50 CENTS.
2 Performances SATURDAY, June 29.
JOHNNY ALLEN,
supported by LITTLE MAC, ALICE HARRISON and CO., in the Sensation Drama of
SCHNEIDER,
with new Songs, Dances and Specialities.
New Novelties for next week. The European artists, Miles. SARTORI and MARIANO, in Operatic Solos and the famed CAT DUET.

LINA EDWIN'S THEATRE.
STILL SUCCESSFUL.
GEORGIA MINSTRELS,
EVERY EVENING.
MATINEE WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE.
SATURDAY NIGHT.
LAST NIGHT OF THE VARIETY SEASON.
GRAND BENEFIT
to
BILLY PASTOR.
AN IMMENSE VOLUNTEER LIST.
The greatest array of talent ever seen in New York.
Langlois Brothers, T. L. Donnelly, Eugene Blitz, Pete Cannon, Nell Rogers, Cannon Brothers, Lucy Evans, Mary Melbourne, Arab Gymnasts, Indian Jugglers, Mlle. Carey, &c.
THE BEST BILL OF THE YEAR
A real, rattling evening of Genius, Fun and Humor.
THIS SATURDAY NIGHT.

TERRACE GARDEN—FIFTY-EIGHTH STREET, BEtween Lexington and Third avenues.
Proprietor........JOHN KOCH
AD NEUENDORFF'S
GRAND POPULAR GARDEN CONCERT,
THIS AND EVERY EVENING AT 8 O'CLOCK.

"MUSICAL TREASURE," FOR OUR SUMMER USE.—A choice collection of vocal and piano music, containing over 100 of the most popular selections of the day—songs, ballads, duets, glees (secular and sacred), dance music, rondos, marches, four-hand pieces, &c.; worth $40 if bought separately; price $2 50. Sold everywhere. Published by DITSON & CO., 711 Broadway.

"GO LIVELY," GALOP; "HUNTER'S JOY," "PARIS Balloon Post," Herman, 35 cents each; "Dolly Varden," "Mandolinata," 40 cents; "German Hearts," waltzes, 75c. Mailed postpaid.
FREDERICK BLUME, 27 Union square, Broadway.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN WILL CLOSE.—The Forty-seventh Annual Exhibition, now open (daytime only), will close July 4, when all works will be returned to the owners.

COPARTNERSHIPS.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned under the firm name of Doscher & Co. has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, by the withdrawal therefrom of Albert Schierenbeck. The affairs of the copartnership will be settled by the remaining partners, John H. Doscher and C. R. Kichener.
ALBERT SCHIERENBECK,
JOHN H. DOSCHER,
CARL R. KICHENER.
JUNE 19, 1872.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

A GENTLEMAN HAVING AN IMPORTANT MANUfacturing business wishes to extend the same to Europe. A party desiring to live abroad for two or three years, and who has a few thousand dollars to invest, may address box 2,767 New York Post office.

A YOUNG MAN, HAVING $1,000 TO INVEST IMMEdiately on good security, may obtain a lucrative and responsible position, with the privilege of becoming a partner, in a respectable, paying business. Address ELDAERT, Herald office.

AN INTEREST IN AN OLD ESTABLISHED OFFICE business can be purchased for a few hundred dollars; a good chance for the right party; reference given. Apply at 39 Nassau street, room 33.

A PARTY WISHES TO PURCHASE A GROCERY Business near New York, doing at least $50,000 a year; Long Island, Staten Island or New Jersey. Apply to GRIGGS, CARLETON & CO., 98 Broadway.

A PARTNER WANTED—OR FOR SALE, A WHOLEsale and retail Drug Store, down town, in a leading thoroughfare; moderate capital required; specialties principal feature. Address WHOLESALE DRUGGIST, Herald office.

BUSINESS FOR SALE CHEAP.—STOCK, FIXTURES and Lease of a first class Custom Tailor Store 256 Eighth avenue, near Twenty-third street, opposite Grand Opera House; established over 11 years; satisfactory reasons given for selling out.

FOR SALE—A LUMBER YARD, IN A FIRST RATE location. Inquire of E. BLAKISTON, 254 Greenwich street, New York.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—THE LEASE AND FIXtures of an old established uptown Lumber Yard; also Stock, on easy terms; will take good Property (Real Estate) in part payment. Address C. H. S., box 218 Herald office.

PARTNER WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN WITH $2,000 would like to go into an established business; manufacturing of wholesale preferred. Address B. B., Herald office.

PARTNER WANTED—IN MEAT, FRUIT AND VEGEtable market, on account of having two places. Apply at 142 Grand street, Williamsburg.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.—FOR SALE, THE STOCK and Fixtures of a first class Dry Goods Store, doing a large business, in Newark, N. J.; store fitted up in modern style, with three years' lease on same; stock at present small.—For particulars address [illegible], Newark, N. J.

WANTED, A PARTNER.—A BROOKLYN BUILDER wants a partner to engage in house building; a good contract on hand; from $2,000 to $5,000 capital will be necessary. Address H. D. and D. H., box 271 Brooklyn, E. D., Greenpoint. Give name and where an interview may be had.

WANTED—A RESPONSIBLE PARTY, TO ESTABLISH an agency in New York city for the sale of Stockton's Porcelain Teeth, the best in the world; a rare chance to enter into a profitable and permanent business. Address STOCKTON DENTAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, 625 Arch street, Philadelphia.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE BUSINESS MAN, TO PURchase an interest in and take the business management of an established newspaper and job printing office. Address INDEPENDENT, 817 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE PARTNER, WITH CAPITAL, in a strictly commission business, where the consignments will yield handsome profits, and no risk to the capital invested. Address C. M. B., 53 New street, office No. 1.

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH $3,000 TO START THE best shirt trade in Brooklyn; the advertiser has a very extensive acquaintance and is a practical cutter. Address TRADE, Brooklyn Post office.

$1,000 TO $5,000.—ANY PERSON DESIRING A good investment, which will surely realize a large fortune in a short time, should call and examine my various inventions, which will speak for themselves. Office hours 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. H. LOEWENBERG, No. 4 Bayard street.

$2,500 CAPITAL TO INVEST IN AN ESTABlished, substantial business, by an active business man. Address H. SALISBURY, box 147 Herald office.

$5,000 WANTED—IN A SAFE AND VERY PROFITable business; unlimited demand for goods; investigation earnestly solicited; the best references will be given. JOHNSON, 43 Dey street.

$25,000.—A FIRM DOING A PROFITABLE business in steam engines and elevators wish a partner with above amount; can refer to those who are using them. GRIGGS, CARLETON & CO., 98 Broadway.

PIANOFORTES.

AT HAINES BROS.'S, No. 27 Union square.
Those desiring a first-class piano should not purchase before calling at our sales rooms. Elegant pianos, unrivalled in tone and finish, at prices to please. Every piano warranted as represented. N. B.—A few pianos in from rent will be sold at great bargains.

A SPLENDID 7¼ OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANOforte, elegant carved legs, every improvement, first class make, recently purchased new for $555 cash; will sell for $280. Call for three days, from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M., at 1,275 Broadway, two doors from Thirty-fourth street, one flight up.

A MAGNIFICENT ROSEWOOD PIANOFORTE FOR sale (property family leaving city).—Made order, fully guaranteed, used 5 months, cost $900, for $275; Parlor Suit, Bookcase, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Mattresses, Dining Furniture. 36 West 15th st., near 5th av.

A LARGE STOCK OF PIANOS, BEST MAKERS, TO rent or sell cheap; rent allowed on purchase. Call at M. M. MERRELL'S, No. 8 Union square (165 Fourth av.).

A SPLENDID 7 OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANOFORTE, with carved legs, agraffe treble, overstrung bass; Stool and Cover; used a short time; only $220. PEEK & SON, 127 Bleecker street.

A BARGAIN.—SEVEN OCTAVE ELEGANT PIANO; must be sold this week: $175. 854 Sixth avenue, one stair up.

AT BLUME'S—ELEGANT ROSEWOOD "KNABE" Piano; carved legs; agraffe arrangement, overstrung; latest improvements. Second hand Pianos, $175, $225, $275; great bargains. FREDERICK BLUME, 27 Union square, Broadway.

A BEAUTIFUL PIANO ONLY $80; A WEBER 7¼ octave Pianoforte, richly carved legs, overstrung bass; every improvement; cheap for cash. J. BIDDLE, 13 Waverley place, near Broadway.

A LADY WILL SELL FOR LESS THAN $100 HANDsome, large 7 octave Pianoforte, including Stool; modern improvements; French action; perfect order; sweet, powerful tone. 28 Third street.

A.—FOR SALE, FURNITURE, PIANOFORTES, CARpets, Mirrors, Paintings, Bronzes, Bookcase, 800 volumes Books, 18 Bedroom Suits, $25 upwards; complete Bedding and Furniture, &c., contained in private residence 120 West Twenty-third street, in lots, for half cost.

FISCHER'S NEW SCALE PIANOS—THE MOST REliable pianos made; fully warranted. 425 West Twenty-eighth street, near Ninth avenue. Some splendid second hand Pianos sold very cheap.

PIANOS, MELODEONS AND ORGANS OF NEW AND most beautiful style, of best makers, at lower prices for cash or monthly instalments, or for rent, at WATERS', 481 Broadway, than can be found elsewhere.

SPLENDID NEW AND SECOND HAND PIANOS cheap.—Monthly payments taken until paid for; pianos to rent for the city or country. T. S. BERRY & CO., 709 Broadway.

$175 FOR A HANDSOME CARVED LEGS SEVEN octave four round corners, sweet tone Piano, in excellent order; fully warranted. 425 West Twenty-eighth street, near Ninth avenue.

FIREWORKS.

J. G. & I. EDGE'S
first premium
Fireworks.
Only depot
No. 14 Dey street, New York.

AMUSEMENTS.

WOOD'S MUSEUM. WOOD'S.
MATINEE AT 2. LAST MATINEE AT 2. EVENING AT 8.
LAST APPEARANCES
of the eminent Artist, Mr.
DOMINICK MURRAY,
DOMINICK MURRAY,
who will appear (BOTH AFTERNOON AND EVENING) in the Drama written by himself and C. W. Barry, of
ESCAPED FROM SING SING,
ESCAPED FROM SING SING,
in which Mr. Murray assumes five different roles.
PROLOGUE—THE FALL FROM THE BALCONY.
ACT I—FEARFUL LEAP OF BRISTOL BILL.
ACT II—DEFEAT OF THE GANG.
ACT III—THE ESCAPE AND DEATH.
LAST TIMES TO-DAY AT 2 AND 8 P. M.
MONDAY, July 1, the new Sensation Drama,
WON OUT.
BOBBY NEWCOMB, C. GIBBONS, L. CHEEVER AND B. KENNEDY.

BOWERY THEATRE.
WM. B. FRELIGH........Manager
SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 29,
CARPENTER OF ROUEN.
NICK OF THE WOODS.
LAST NIGHT OF MR. WM. H. WHALLEY,
when he will appear in
2
of his best impersonations.
A grand UNCLE TOM'S CABIN MATINEE
SATURDAY, AT 2 O'CLOCK.
MONDAY, July 1, Miss KATE RAYMOND and Mr. O. B. COLLINS, with their highly trained steed, will appear in MAZEPPA.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE.
Closing nights of the engagement of
MRS. JAMES A. OATES.
THIS AND EVERY EVENING DURING THE WEEK
the favorite extravaganza,
THE FAIR ONE WITH THE BLONDE WIG.
During the Play
THE BROTHERS LANGLOIS,
THE WONDERFUL EGYPTIAN JUGGLERS,
will introduce their unique and marvellous performances.
Wednesday, July 3, THE ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY will open in the English version of Offenbach's Opera Bouffe, THE GRAND DUCHESS. Miss Emma Howson, Mr. Henri Drayton and other favorites in the cast.

THEATRE COMIQUE, 514 BROADWAY.
JOSH HART........Lessee and Manager.
LAST MATINEE OF CHICAGO TO-DAY.
LAST PERFORMANCE OF CHICAGO TO-NIGHT.
LAST CHICAGO MATINEE TO-DAY.
LAST TIME OF CHICAGO TO-NIGHT. LAST TIME OF CHICAGO TO-NIGHT.
Last Night of Chicago. Last Matinee of Chicago to-day.
C—H—I—C—A—G—O.
LAST TWO PERFORMANCES.
MATINEE TO-DAY. EVENING AT 8.
MONDAY, JULY 1, An entire change of bill and reappearance of Mr. JOHN HART, in the new drama, THE SOUTH AFTER THE WAR.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE.
THIS AFTERNOON,
at 2½ o'clock,
POSITIVELY LAST MATINEE
performance of
Mrs. JAMES A. OATES.
THE FAIR ONE WITH THE BLONDE WHIG.
Admission, 50 cents; reserved seats, $1.

WALLACK'S.
LAST NIGHT LAST NIGHT
OF
THE HIT OF THE SEASON, ON THE JURY!
AN EMOTIONAL AND SENSATIONAL PLAY,
OF THE VERY HIGHEST ORDER!
BEAUTIFUL SCENERY!
STARTLING AND REALISTIC EFFECTS.
WONDERFULLY POWERFUL CAST,
ON MONDAY, JULY 1,
for the first time,
THE LAST TRUMP CARD!
with a powerful distribution of characters.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN. THEODORE THOMAS.
Proprietor........J. KOCH
THEODORE THOMAS'
UNRIVALLED SUMMER NIGHTS' CONCERTS.
THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING, June 29, at 8 o'clock.
1. Overture, "Desert Flower" ....Wallace
2. La Belle Amazone ....Loeschhorn
3. Waltz, "Village Swallows" ....Strauss
4. Selections from "L'Africaine" ....Meyerbeer
5. Overture, "Athalia" ....Mendelssohn
6. Serenade, for flute and French horn ....Titl
Messrs. Weimer and Schmitz.
7. Waltz, "Wine, Women and Song" ....Strauss
8. Selections from "The Flying Dutchman" ....Wagner
9. Overture, "Semiramis" ....Rossini
10. Paraphrase, "Loreley" ....Nesvadba
11. Waltz, "Wiener Bonbons" ....Strauss
12. March, "Campaign" ....Schreiber

DR. KAHN'S MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, 745 BROADway, opposite Astor place.—This magnificent collection contains over 100,000 specimens of Natural and artificial Anatomical Preparations, comprising every portion of the human frame. Lectures daily on "Nervous Exhaustion," "Marriage," "Its Obligations and Impediments." Applicants furnished with a pocket edition copy of these valuable lectures, post free, for 25 cents, by addressing Secretary Dr. Kahn's Museum, 745 Broadway, New York. Open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. Admis- [illegible]

NEW YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, 618 BROADway, between Houston and Bleecker streets.—Every one should visit this wonderful museum. It is full of everything people should see and understand. Lectures daily on "The Philosophy of Marriage." Those parties unable to attend these important lectures can have them forwarded, post free, on receipt of 25 cents, by addressing SECRETARY NEW YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, 618 Broadway, New York.

PAVILLON,
658 Broadway, near Fourth street.
THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock,
105TH GRAND CONCERT
of the celebrated Pavillon
Lady Orchestra.
Admission, 25c. PAUL FALK.

METROPOLITAN
THEATRICAL AND
SHOW PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,
HERALD BUILDING,
BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF THEATRICAL,
MINSTREL AND VARIETY CUTS CONSTANTLY
ON HAND.

MUSICAL.

CARD.—PRIVATE INSTRUCTION, PIANO, VIOLIN, Organ, Guitar, Singing, Harmony, day and evening. 92 Clinton place (Eighth street); established 1854; circulars mailed free. J. JAY WATSON, Musical Director.

GUITAR, SINGING, PIANO, ORGAN, VIOLIN, HARmony—Lessons private; 92 Clinton place (Eighth street). "Student's Journal" and circulars mailed free. Address J. JAY WATSON, Musical Director, or call.

SOMETHING NEW FOR 1872—BEAUTIFUL SONG and Chorus, entitled "Oh, Say, Art Thou Dreaming of Me?" Words by Mrs. M. A. Kidder. Music by M. Winfield Seeley. For sale at the Music Stores.

BILLIARDS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW AND SECOND hand Billiard Tables; also Balls, Cues, Cloth and everything appertaining to the business; Tables taken on storage. GEORGE E. PHELAN, No. 7 Barclay street, formerly of the firm of Phelan & Collender.

A GREAT REDUCTION.—BEST SEASONED IVORY Billiard Balls, 2⅜ inch, $15; Adhesive Cue Leathers, $2; best plain Leathers, $1 50 per 100, and all other Billiard Goods at lowest prices. The largest and best stock of Billiard Goods in the country, with weekly shipments from Europe. H. W. COLLENDER, 738 Broadway, Manufacturer of the Standard American Billiard Tables.

A FIRST-CLASS BILLIARD TABLE FOR SALE. Inquire at saloon 369 Third avenue.

NONPAREIL BILLIARD TABLES, WITH THE celebrated catgut cushions; also other new designs. Prices varying from $100 upwards. Trimmings, &c., at lowest prices. KAVANAGH & DECKER, corner Canal and Centre streets.

THE BEST NEW AND SECOND-HAND BILLIARD Tables in the city for sale at SHARP'S warerooms, 133 Bleecker street. Prices from $150 to $300 cash.

POLITICAL.

POLITICAL PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION done at short notice by the Metropolitan Printing Establishment, corner of Broadway and Ann street, New York.

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Married.

ARENTS—WALTER.—On Thursday, June 27, by Rev. S. H. Tyng, Jr., GEORGE ARENTS to ANNIE A. WALTER, daughter of the late James R. Walter, all of New York.

BARROWS—SLATER.—In the Fifth avenue Presbyterian church, on Thursday, June 27, by the Rev. Dr. Taylor, of Broadway Tabernacle, HENRY M. BARROWS to Miss ADELAIDE SLATER, daughter of Richard Slater, Esq., of this city.

BURNS—HUYCK.—On Wednesday, June 26, at the church on Schodack landing, by the Rev. I. L. Kip, JOHN E. BURNS, of New York, to HANNIE HUYCK, of the former place. No cards.

CLEGG—EDGAR.—At Trinity church, New York, on Thursday, June 27, by Rev. W. W. Holley, CHARLES A. CLEGG, of Dayton, Ohio, to MARY SEGUINE, daughter of Dr. D. A. Edgar, of Staten Island.

PICKETT—HARVEY.—On Wednesday, June 26, at the residence of the bride, by the Rev. F. W. Ware, WILLIAM T. PICKETT to Miss MARY D. HARVEY, both of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Utica papers please copy.

GRAVES—MEAD.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, June 27, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Joseph M. Greene, B. F. GRAVES, of New York, to MARGARETTA, second daughter of George B. Mead, Esq.

HALL—DURYEA.—At Newark, N. J., on Thursday, June 27, by Rev. E. P. Terhune, D. D., Miss AMY J. HALL, daughter of A. A. Hall, Esq., of Newark, to Dr. JOHN L. DURYEA, of Champlain, N.Y.

MORRAN—STEERS.—On Thursday, June 27, by the Rev. John Cotton Smith, D.D., EDWARD H. MORRAN, eldest son of Rev. E. R. Morran, D. D., to LILY SUSANNA STEERS, second daughter of Abraham Steers, Esq., of New York.

MOREHEAD—DEVOE.—On Thursday, June 27, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev.

NewspaperARCHIVE®